M'kenzie's Edition.

THE

SEASONS,

BY:

JAMES THOMSON;

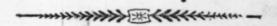
TO WHICH IS PREFIXED,

HIS LIFE,

BY

DOCTOR JOHNSON.

A NEW EDITION, WITH SUPERB CUTS.

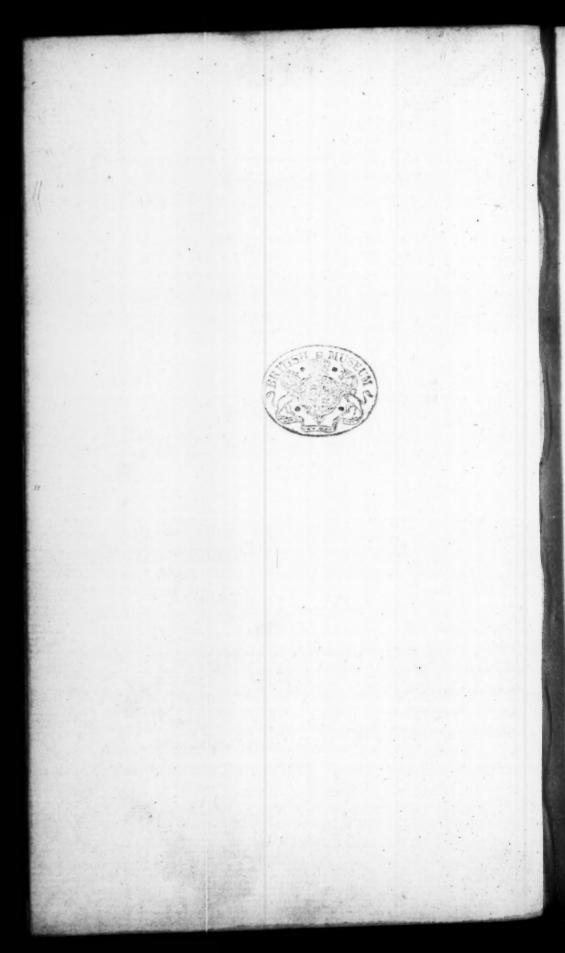


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1793.





THE

LIFE

OF

JAMES THOMSON.



JAMES THOMSON, the son of a minister well esteemed for his piety and diligence, was born September 7, 1700, at Ednam, in the shire of Roxburgh, of which his father was pastor. His mother, whose name was Hume, inherited as co-heiress a portion of a small estate. The revenue of a parish in Scotland is seldom large; and it was probably in commiseration of the difficulty with which Mr. Thomson supported his samily, having nine children, that Mr. Ricarton, a neighbouring minister, discovering in James uncommon promises of suture excellence, undertook to superintend his education, and provide him books.

He was taught the common rudiments of learning at the school of Jedburgh, a place which he delights to recollect in his poem of Autumn; but was not considered by his master as superior to common boys, though in those early days he amused his patron and his friends with poetical compositions; with which however he so little pleased himself, that on every new-year's day he threw into the fire all the productions of the foregoing year.

From school he was removed to Edinburgh, where he had not resided two years when his father died, and lest all his children to the care of their mother, who raised upon her little estate what money a mortgage could afford, and, removing with her family to Edinburgh, lived to see her son rising into eminence.

THE design of Thomson's friends was to breed him a minister. He lived at Edinburgh, as at school, without distinction or expectation, till, at the usual time, he performed a probationary exercise by explaining a psalm. His diction was so poetically splendid, that Mr. Hamilton, the professor of divinity, reproved him for speaking language unintelligible to a popular audience, and he censured one of his expressions as indecent, if not profane.

This rebuke is reported to have repressed his thoughts of an ecclesiastical character, and he probably cultivated with new diligence his blossoms of poetry, which however were in some danger of a blast; for, submitting his productions to some who thought themselves qualified to criticise, he heard of nothing but faults; but, finding other judges more savourable, he did not suffer himself to sink into despondence.

He easily discovered that the only stage on which a poet could appear, with any hope of advantage, was London; a place too wide for the operation of petty competition and private malignity, where merit might soon become conspicuous, and would find friends, as soon as it became reputable, to befriend it. A lady, who was acquainted with his mother, advised him to the journey, and promised some countenance or assistance, which at last he never received; however he justified his adventure by her encouragement, and came to seek in London patronage and same.

At his arrival he found his way to Mr, Mallet; then tutor to the fons of the duke of Montrose. He had recommendations to several persons of consequence, which he had tied up carefully in his handkerchies; but as he passed along the street, with the gaping curiosity of a new-comer, his attention was upon every thing rather than his pocket, and his magazine of credentials was stolen from him.

His first want was of a pair of shoes. For the supply of all his necessities, his whole fund was his

Winter, which for a time could find no purchaser; till, at last Mr. Millan was persuaded to buy it at a low price; and this low price he had for some time reason to regret; but, by accident, Mr. Whatley, a man not wholly unknown among authors, happening to turn his eye upon it, was so delighted that he ran from place to place celebrating its excellence. Thomson obtained likewise the notice of Aaron Hill, whom, being friendless and indigent, and glad of kindness, he courted with every expression of servile adulation.

WINTER was dedicated to Sir Spencer Compton, but attracted no regard from him to the author; till Aaron Hill awakened his attention by some verses addressed to Thomson, and published in one of the newspapers, which censured the great for their neglect of ingenious men. Thomson then received a present of twenty guineas, of which he gives this account to Mr. Hill:

- " I hinted to you in my last, that on Saturday morning I was with Sir Spencer Compton. A certain
- " gentleman, without my defire, spoke to him concern-
- " ing me; his answer was, that I had never come near
- " him. Then the gentleman put the question, If he
- " defired that I should wait on him? he returned, he
- " did. On this, the gentleman gave me an introducto" ry letter to him. He received me in what they com-
- " monly call a civil manner; asked me some common-
- " place questions, and made me a present of twenty

" guineas. I am very ready to own that the prefent

" was larger than my performance deserved; and shall

" ascribe it to his generosity, or any other cause, rather

" than the merit of the address."

THE poem, which, being of a new kind, few would venture at first to like, by degrees gained upon the public; and one edition was very speedily succeeded by another.

THOMSON'S credit was now high, and every day brought him new friends; among others Dr. Rundle, a man afterwards unfortunately famous, fought his acquaintance, and found his qualities such, that he recommended him to the lord chancellor Talbot.

WINTER was accompanied in many editions, not only with a preface and a dedication, but with poetical praises by Mr. Hill, Mr. Mallet (then Malloch), and Mira, the sictitious name of a lady once too well known. Why the dedications are, to Winter and the other seasons, contrarily to custom, left out in the collected works, the reader may enquire.

THE next year (1727) he distinguished himself by three publications; of Summer, in pursuance of his plan; of a Poem on the Death of Sir Isaac Newton, which he was enabled to perform as an exact philosopher by the instruction of Mr Gray; and of Britannia, a

kind of poetical invective against the ministry, whom the nation then thought not forward enough in resenting the depredations of the Spaniards. By this piece he declared himself an adherent to the opposition, and had therefore no favour to expect from the Court.

THOMSON, having being some time entertained in the family of the lord Binning, was desirous of testifying his gratitude by making him the patron of his Summer; but the same kindness which had first disposed lord Binning to encourage him, determined him to refuse the dedication, which was by his advice addressed to Mr. Doddington; a man who had more power to advance the reputation and fortune of a poet.

Spring was published next year, with a dedication to the counters of Hertford; whose practice it was to invite every Summer some Poet into the country, to hear her verses, and assist her studies. This honour was one Summer conferred on Thomson, who took more delight in carousing with lord Hertford and his friends than assisting her ladyship's poetical operations, and therefore he never received another summons.

AUTUMN, the feason to which the Spring and Summer are preparatory, still remained unsung, and was delayed till he published (1730) his works collected.

He produced in 1727 the tragedy of Sophonisha, which raised such expectation, that every rehearsal was dignissed with a splendid audience, collected to anticipate the delight that was preparing for the public. It was observed however that nobody was much asserted, and that the company rose as from a moral lecture.

It had upon the stage no unusual degree of success. Slight accidents will operate upon the taste of pleasures. There was a feeble line in the play;

O, Sophonisba, Sophonisba, O!

This gave occasion to a waggish parody;

O, Jemmy Thomson, Jemmy Thomson, O!

which for a while was echoed through the town.

I have been told by Savage, that of the Prologue to Sophonisha the first part was written by Pope, who could not be persuaded to finish it, and that the concluding lines were added by Mallet.

THOMSON was not long afterwards, by the influence of Dr. Rundle, fent to travel with Mr. Charles Talbot, the eldest son of the chancellor. He was yet young enough to receive new impressions, to have his opinions

rectified, and his views enlarged; nor can he be supposed to have wanted that curiosity which is inseparable from an active and comprehensive mind. He may therefore now be supposed to have revelled in all the joys of intellectual luxury; he was every day feasted with instructive novelties; he lived splendidly without expence, and might expect when he returned home a certain establishment.

At this time a long course of opposition to Sir Robert Walpole had filled the nation with clamours for liberty, of which no man felt the want, and with care for liberty, which was not in danger. Thomson, in his travels on the continent, found or fancied so many evils arising from the tyranny of other governments, that he resolved to write a very long poem, in five parts, upon Liberty.

WHILE he was bufy on the first book, Mr. Talbot died; and Thomson who had been rewarded for his attendance by the place of secretary of the Briefs, pays in the initial lines a decent tribute to his memory.

Upon this great poem two years were spent, and the author congratulated himself upon it as his noblest work; but an author and his reader are not always of a mind. Liberty called in vain upon her votaries to read her praises and reward her encomiast: her praises were

condemned to harbour spiders, and to gather dust; none of Thomson's performances were so little regarded.

THE judgment of the public was not erroneous; the recurrence of the fame images must tire in time; an enumeration of examples to prove a position which nobody denied, as it was from the beginning superfluous, must quickly grow disgusting.

The poem of Liberty does not now appear in its original state; but when the author's works were collected, after his death, was shortened by Sir George Lyttelton, with a liberty which, as it has a manifest tendency to lessen the considence of society, and to confound the characters of authors, by making one man write by the judgment of another, cannot be justified by any supposed propriety of the alteration, or kindness of the friend.—I wish it had been exhibited in the collection as its author less time.

THOMSON now lived in ease and plenty, and seems for a while to have suspended his poetry; but he was soon called back to labour by the death of the Chancellor, for his place then became vacant; and though the Lord Hardwicke delayed for some time to give it away, Thomson's, bashfulness, or pride, or some other motive perhaps not more laudable, withheld him from soliciting; and the new Chancellor would not give him what he would not ask.

He now relapsed to his former indigence; but the prince of Wales was at that time struggling for popularity, and by the influence of Mr. Lytteston professed himself the patron of wit: to him Thomson was introduced, and being gaily interrogated about the state of his affairs, said, that they were in a more poetical possure than formerly; and had a pension allowed him of one hundred pounds a year.

Being now obliged to write, he produced (1738) the tragedy of Agamemnon, which was much shortened in the representation. It had the sate which most commonly attends mythological stories, and was only endured, but not savoured. It struggled with such dissiculty through the first night, that Thomson, coming late to his friends with whom he was to sup, excused his delay by telling them how the sweat of his distress had so disordered his wig, that he could not come till he had been resitted by a barber.

He so interested himself in his own drama, that, if I remember right, as he sat in the upper gallery he accompanied the players by audible recitation, till a friendly hint frighted him to silence. Pope countenanced Agamemnon, by coming to it the first night.

ABOUT this time the act was passed for licensing plays, of which the first operation was the prohibition of Guslavus Vasa, a tragedy of Mr. Brooke, whom

the public recompensed by a very liberal subscription; the next was refusal of Edward and Eleonora, offered by Thomson. It is hard to discover why either play should have been obstructed. Thomson likewise endeavoured to repair his loss by a subscription, of which I cannot now tell the success.

WHEN the public murmured at the unkind treatment of Thomson, one of the ministerial writers remarked, that he had taken a Liberty which was not agreeable to Britannia in any Season.

He was foon after employed, in conjunction with Mr. Mallet, to write the masque of Alfred, which was acted before the Prince at Cliefden-house.

His next work (1745) was Tancred and Sigismunda, the most successful of all his tragedies; for it still keeps its turn upon the stage. He seems not to be, either by the bent of nature or habits of study, much qualified for tragedy. It does not appear that he had much sense of the pathetick, and his diffusive and descriptive stile produced declamation rather than dialogue.

His friend Mr. Lyttelton was now in power, and conferred upon him the office of surveyor-general of the Leeward Islands; from which when his deputy was paid, he received about three hundred pounds a year.

THE last piece that he lived to publish was the Castle of Indolence, which was many years under his hand, but was at last fininished with great accuracy. The first canto opens a scene of lazy luxury, that fills the imagination.

He was now at ease, but was not long to enjoy it; for, by taking cold on the water between London and Kew, he caught a disorder, which, with some careless exasperation, ended in a sever that put an end to his life, August 27, 1748. He was buried in the church of Richmond, without an inscription; but a monument has been erected to his memory in Westminster-abbey.

Thomson was of a stature above the middle fize, and more fat than bard befeems, of a dull countenance, and a gross, unanimated, uninviting appearance; filent in mingled company, but chearful among felect friends, and by his friends very tenderly and warmly beloved.

HE left behind him the tragedy of Coriolanus, which was, by the zeal of his patron Sir George Lyttelton, brought upon the stage for the benefit of his family, and recommended by a Prologue, which Quin, who had long lived with Thomson in fond intimacy, spoke in such a manner as shewed him to be, on that occasion no actor. The commencement of this benevolence is very honourable to Quin; who is reported to have delivered Thomson, then known to him only for his ge-

nius, from an arrest, by a very considerable present; and its continuance is honourable to both; for friendship is not always the sequel of obligation. By this tragedy a considerable sum was raised, of which part discharged his debts, and the rest was remitted to his sisters, whom, however removed from them by place or condition, he regarded with great tenderness, as will appear by the following Letter, which I communicate with much pleasure, as it gives me at once an opportunity of recording the fraternal kindness of Thomson, and resecting on the friendly assistance of Mr. Boswell, from whom I received it.

" Hagly in Worcestershire, "October the 4th, 1747.

" My dear Sister,

"I thought you had known me better than to inter"pret my silence into a decay of affection, especially
as your behaviour has always been such as rather to
increase than diminish it. Don't imagine, because I
am a bad correspondent, that I can ever prove an
unkind friend and brother. I must do myself the
justice to tell you, that my affections are naturally
very fixed and constant; and if I had ever reason of
complaint against you (of which by the bye I have
not the least shadow), I am conscious of so many
desects in myself, as dispose me to be not a little
charitable and forgiving.

" IT gives me the truest heart-felt satisfaction to hear 46 you have a good kind husband, and are in easy con-46 tented circumstances; but were they otherwife, that " would only awaken and heighten my tenderness " towards you. As our good and tender-hearted pa-" rents did not live to receive any material testimonies of that highest human gratitude I owed them (than " which nothing could have given me equal pleafure), " the only return I can make them now is by kindness " to those they left behind them: would to God poor Lizy had lived longer, to have been a farther wit-" ness of the truth of what I say, and that I might " have had the pleasure of seeing once more a sister, who so truly deserved my esteem and love. But she is happy, while we must toil a little longer here be-16 low: let us however do it chearfully and gratefully, " fupported by the hope of meeting yet again on a fafer of shore, where to recollect the storms and difficulties of life will not perhaps be inconsistent with that of blifsful state. You did right to call your daughter by her name; for you must needs have had a parti-66 cular tender friendship for one another, endeared as " you were by nature by having past the affectionate " years of your youth together; and by that great " foftner and engager of hearts, mutual hardship. "That it was in my power to ease it a little, I account " one of the most exquisite pleasures of my life.-But " enough of this melancholy though not unpleafing .. ftrain.

" I esteem you for your sensible and disinterested " advice to Mr. Bell, as you will fee by my Letter to " him: as I approve intirely of his marrying again, "you may readily ask me why I don't marry at all. " My circumstances have hitherto been so variable and " uncertain in this fluctuating world as induce to keep " me from engaging in fuch a state: and now, though " they are more fettled, and of late (which you will " be glad to hear) confiderably improved, I begin to " think myself too far advanced in life for fuch youth-" ful undertakings, not to mention fome other petty " reasons that are apt to startle the delicacy of difficult " old batchelors, I am, however, not a little fuspicious that was I to pay a visit to Scotland (of which " I have fome thoughts of doing foon) I might possi-" bly be tempted to think of a thing not eafily repaired, " if done amis. I have always been of opinion that " none make better wives than the ladies of Scotland; " and yet, who more forfaken than they, while the " gentlemen are continually running abroad all the " world over? Some of them, it is true, are wife " enough to return for a wife. You fee I am begin-" ning to make interest already with the Scots ladies .-" But no more of this infectious subject .-- Pray let " me hear from you now-and-then; and though I am of not a regular correspondent, yet perhaps I may mend " in that respect. Remember me kindly to your hus-

" band, and believe me to be,

" Your affectionate brother,

(Signed) " JAMES THOMSON."

Addressed " To Mrs. Thomson in Lanark."

THE benevolence of Thomson was fervid, but not active; he would give, on all occasions, what assistance his purse would supply; but the offices of intervention or solicitation he could not conquer his sluggishness sufficiently to perform. The affairs of others, however, were not more neglected than his own. He had often felt the inconveniences of idleness, but he never cured it; and was so conscious of his own character, that he talked of writing an Eastern Tale of the Man who loved to be in Distress.

Among his peculiarities was a very unskilful and inarticulate manner of pronouncing any lofty or solemn composition. He was once reading to Doddington, who, being himself a reader eminently elegant, was so much provoked by his odd utterance, that he snatched the paper from his hand, and told him that he did not understand his own verses.

THE biographer of Thomson has remarked, that an author's Life is best read in his works: his observation Savage who lived much with was not well-timed. Thomson, once told me, how he heard a lady remarking, that she could gather from his works three parts of his character, that he was a great Lover, a great Savimmer, and rigoroufly abstinent; but, faid Savage, he knows not any love but that of the fex; he was perhaps never in cold water in his life; and he indulges himself in all the luxury that comes within his reach. Yet Savage always spoke with the most eager praise of his focial qualities, his warmth and constancy of friendship, and his adherence to his first acquaintance when the advancement of his reputation had left them behind him.

As a writer, he is entitled to one praise of the high-est kind; his mode of thinking, and of expressing his thoughts, is original. His blank verse is no more the blank verse of Milton, or of any other poet, than the rhymes of Prior are the rhymes of Cowley. His numbers, his pauses, his diction, are of his own growth, without transcription, without imitation. He thinks in a peculiar train, and he thinks always as a man of genius; he looks round on Nature and on Life, with the eye which Nature bestows only on a poet; the eye that distinguishes, in every thing presented to its view, whatever there is on which imagination can delight to be detained, and with a mind that at once comprehends

the vast, and attends to the minute. The reader of the Seasons wonders that he never saw before what Thomson shews him, and that he never yet has felt what Thomson impresses.

His is one of the works in which blank verse seems properly used; Thomson's wide expansion of general views, and his enumeration of circumstantial varieties, would have been obstructed and embarassed by the frequent intersections of the sense, which are the necessary effects of rhyme.

His descriptions of extended scenes and general effects bring before us the whole magnificence of Nature, whether pleasing or dreadful. The gaiety of Spring, the splendour of Summer, the tranquillity of Autumn, and the horror of Winter, take in their turns possession of the mind. The poet leads us through the appearances of things as they are successively varied by the vicissitudes of the year, and imparts to us so much of his own enthusiasm, that our thoughts expand with his imagery, and kindle with his sentiments. Nor is the naturalist without his part in the entertainment; for he is assisted to recollect and to combine, to arrange his discoveries, and to amplify the sphere of his contemplation.

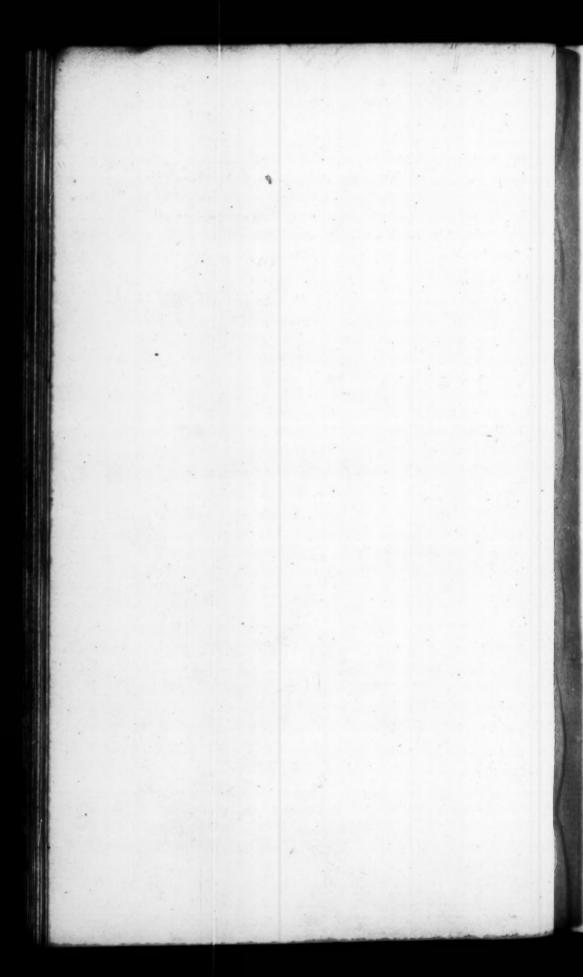
THE great defect of the Seasons is want of method; but for this I know not that there was any remedy.

Of many appearances substisting all at once, no rule can be given why one should be mentioned before another; yet the memory wants the help of order, and the curiosity is not excited by suspense or expectation.

His diction is in the highest degree florid and luxuriant, such as may be faid to be to his images and thoughts both their lustre and their shade; such as invests them with splendour, through which perhaps they are not always easily discerned. It is too exuberant, and sometimes may be charged with filling the ear more than the mind.

THESE Poems, with which I was acquainted at their first appearance, I have since found altered and enlarged by subsequent revisals, as the author supposed his judgment to grow more exact, and as books or conversation extended his knowledge and opened his prospects. They are, I think, improved in general; yet I know not whether they have not lost part of what Temple calls their race; a word which, applied to wines, in its primitive sense, means the flavour of the soil.

LIBERTY, when it first appeared, I tried to read, and soon desisted. I have never tried again, and there sore will not hazard either praise or censure.



S P R I N G. 1728.



The ARGUMENT.

The subject proposed. Inscribed to the Countess of Herr-FORD. The Season is described as it assess the various parts of Nature, ascending from the lower to the higher; with digressions arising from the subject. Its influence on inanimate Matter, on Vegetables, on brute Animals, and, last, on Man; concluding with a dissussive from the wild and irregular passion of Love, opposed to that of a pure and happy kind.

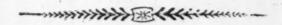


SPRING.



The LOVERS DREAM.

Carrie Morderice 1800



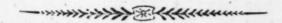
SPRING.



" Et nunc omnis ager, nunc omnis parturit arbos,

" Nunc frondent fylæ, nunc formofisimus annus "

VIRG.



COME, gentle Spring, ethereal Mildness, come, And from the bosom of you dropping cloud, While music wakes around, veil'd in a shower Of shadowing roses, on our plains descend.

O HERTFORD, fitted or to shine in courts
With unaffected grace, or walk the plain
With innocence and meditation join'd
In soft assemblage, listen to my song,
Which thy own Season paints; when Nature all
Is blooming and benevolent, like thee.

And fee where furly WINTER passes off, Far to the north, and calls his ruffian blafts: His blafts obey, and quit the howling hill, The shatter'd forest, and the ravag'd vale; While fofter gales succeed, at whose kind touch, Diffolving fnows in livid torrents loft, The mountains lift their green heads to the sky.

As yet the trembling year is unconfirm'd, And WINTER oft at eve resumes the breeze,

Deform the day delightless: so that scarce

The plovers when to fcatter o'er the heath, And fing their wild notes to the liftening waste.

Chills the pale morn, and bids his driving fleets 20 The bittern knows his time, with bill ingulpht, To shake the sounding marsh; or from the shore

25

15

AT last from Aries rolls the bounteous fun, And the bright Bull receives him. Then no more Th' expansive atmosphere is cramp'd with cold; But, full of life and vivifying foul, Lifts the light clouds fublime, and spreads them thin, 30 Fleecy and white, o'er all-furrounding heaven.

FORTH fly the tepid airs; and unconfin'd. Unbinding earth, the moving foftness strays, Joyous, th' impatient husbandman perceives Relenting Nature, and his lufty steers

35

Drives from their stalls, to where the well-us'd plough,
Lies in the furrow, loosen'd from the frost.
There, unrefusing, to the harness'd yoke
They lend their shoulder, and begin their toil,
Chear'd by the simple song and soaring lark.
Meanwhile incumbent o'er the shining share,
The master leans, removes th' obstructing clay,
Winds the whole work, and sidelong lays the glebe.

WHITE, thro' the neighbouring field, the fower stalks, With measur'd step; and liberal throws the grain 45 Into the faithful bosom of the ground:

The harrow follows harsh, and shuts the scene.

BE gracious, HEAVEN! for now laborious Man Has done his part. Ye fostering breezes, blow! Ye foftening dews, ye tender showers, descend! 50 And temper all, thou world-reviving fun, Into the perfect year! Nor ye who live In luxury and eafe, in pomp and pride, Think these lost themes unworthy of your ear: Such themes as these the rural MARO sung 55 To wide-imperial ROME, in the full height Of elegance and tafte, by GREECE refin'd. In ancient times, the facred plough employ'd The kings, and awful fathers of mankind: And fome, with whom compar'd, your infect tribes 60 Are but the beings of a fummer's day, Have held the scale of empire, rul'd the storm Of mighty war; then, with unwearied hand,

Disdaining little delicacies, seiz'd The plough, and greatly independent liv'd.

65

80

85

YE generous BRITONS, venerate the plough;
And o'er your hills, and long withdrawing vales,
Let Autumn fpread his treasures to the sun,
Luxuriant and unbounded: as the sea,
Far thro' his azure turbulent domain,
Your empire owns, and from a thousand shores
Wasts all the pomp of life into your ports;
So with superior boon may your rich soil,
Exuberant, Nature's better blessings pour
O'er every land, the naked nations clothe,
And be th' exhaustless granary of a world!

Nor only thro' the lenient air this change,
Delicious, breathes; the penetrative fun,
His force deep-darting to the dark retreat
Of vegetation, fets the steaming Power
At large, to wander o'er the vernant Earth,
In various hues; but chiefly thee, gay Green!
Thou smiling Nature's universal robe!
United light and shade! where the sight dwells
With growing strength, and ever-new delight.

From the moist meadow to the wither'd hill, Led by the breeze, the vivid verdure runs, And swells, and deepens, to the cherish'd eye. The hawthorn whitens; and the juicy groves Put forth their buds, unfolding by degrees, 90 Till the whole leafy forest stands display'd, In full luxuriance to the fighing gales; Where the deer rustle thro' the twining brake; And the birds fing conceal'd. At once, array'd In all the colours of the flushing year, 95 By Nature's fwift and fecret-working hand, The garden glows, and fills the liberal air With lavish fragrance; while the promis'd fruit Lies yet a little embryo, unperceiv'd, Within its crimfon folds. Now from the town 100 Buried in fmoke, and fleep, and noifome damps, Oft let me wander o'er the dewy fields, Where freshness breathes, and dash the trembling drops From the bent bush, as thro' the verdant maze Of fweet-briar hedges I purfue my walk; 105 Or taste the smell of dairy; or ascend Some eminence, Augusta, in thy plains, And see the country, far diffus'd around, One boundless blush, one white-empurpled shower Of mingled bloffoms; where the raptur'd eye 110 Hurries from joy to joy, and, hid beneath The fair profusion, yellow Autumn spies.

IF, brush'd from Russian wilds, a cutting gale
Rise not, and scatter from his humid wings
The clammy mildew; or, dry-blowing, breathe
Untimely frost; before whose baleful blast,
'The full-blown Spring thro' all her foliage shrinks,

Joyless and dead, a wide-dejected waste. For oft, engender'd by the hazy north, 120 Myriads on myriads, infect armies waft Keen in the poison'd breeze; and wasteful eat, Thro' buds and bark, into the blacken'd core, Their eager way. A feeble race! yet oft The facred fons of vengeance! on whose course Corrofive famine waits, and kills the year. 125 To check this plague the skilful farmer chaff, And blazing straw, before his orchard burns; Till, all involv'd in smoke, the latent foe From every cranny fuffocated falls: Or scatters o'er the blooms the pungent dust 130 Of pepper, fatal to the frosty tribe: Or, when th' envenom'd leaf begins to curl, With sprinkled water drowns them in their nest: Nor, while they pick them up with bufy bill, The little trooping birds unwifely scares. 135

BE patient, swains; these cruel-seeming winds Blow not in vain. Far hence they keep repress'd Those deepening clouds on clouds, surcharg'd with rain, That, o'er the vast Atlantic hither borne, In endless train, would quench the summer-blaze, 140 And, chearless, drown the crude unripen'd year.

THE north-east spends his rage; he now shut up Within his iron cave, th' effusive south
Warms the wide air, and o'er the void of heaven

Breathes the big clouds with vernal showers distent. 145 At first a dusky wreath they seem to rise, Scarce staining æther; but by fwift degrees, In heaps on heaps, the doubling vapour fails Along the loaded sky, and mingled deep Sits on th' horizon round a fettled gloom: 150 Not fuch as wintry-florms on mortals shed, Oppressing life; but lovely, gentle, kind, And full of every hope and every joy, The wish of Nature. Gradual finks the breeze Into a perfect calm; that not a breath 155 Is heard to quiver thro' the clofing woods, Or rustling turn the many twinkling leaves Of aspin tall. Th' uncurling floods, diffus'd In glaffy breadth, feem'd thro' delufive lapfe Forgetful of their courfe. 'Tis filence all, 160 Herds and flocks And pleasing expectation. Drop the dry fprig, and mute-imploring eye The falling verdure. Hush'd in short suspense, The plumy people streak their wings with oil, To throw the lucid moisture trickling off; 165 And wait th' approaching fign to strike, at once, Into the general choir. Even mountains, vales, And forests seem, impatient, to demand The promis'd fweetness. Man superior walks Amid the glad creation, musing praise, 170 And looking lively gratitude. At last, The clouds confign their treasures to the fields; And, foftly shaking on the dimpled pool

Prelusive drops, let all their moisture flow,
In large effusion, o'er the freshen'd world.

The stealing shower is scarce to patter heard,
By such as wander thro' the forest walks,
Beneath th' umbrageous multitude of leaves.
But who can hold the shade, while Heaven descends
In universal bounty, shedding herbs,
And fruits, and flowers, on Nature's ample lap?

Swift fancy fir'd anticipates their growth;
And, while the milky nutriment distils,
Beholds the kindling country colour round.

Thus all day long the full-distended clouds Indulge their genial stores, and well-shower'd earth Is deep enrich'd with vegetable life; Till, in the western sky, the downward sun Looks out, effulgent, from amid the flush Of broken clouds, gay-shifting to his beam. 190 The rapid radiance instantaneous strikes Th' illumin'd mountain, thro' the forest streams, Shakes on the floods, and in a yellow mist, Far fmoaking o'er th' interminable plain, In twinkling myriads lights the dewy gems. 195 Moist, bright, and green, the landscape laughs around. Full swell the woods; their every music wakes, Mix'd in wild concert with the warbling brooks Increas'd, the distant bleatings of the hills, And hollow lows responsive from the vales, 200 Whence blending all the fweeten'd zephyr fprings.

Mean time refracted from you eastern cloud, Bestriding earth, the grand ethereal bow Shoots up immense; and every hue unfolds, In fair proportion running from the red, 205 To where the violet fades into the fky. Here, awful NEWTON, the diffolving clouds Form, fronting on the fun, thy showery prism; And to the fage-instructed eye unfold The various twine of light, by thee disclos'd 210 From the white mingling maze. Not fo the boy; He wondering views the bright enchantment bend, Delightful, o'er the radiant fields, and runs To catch the falling glory; but amaz'd Beholds th' amufive arch before him fly, 215 Then vanish quite away. Still night succeeds, A foften'd shade, and saturated earth Awaits the morning-beam, to give to light, Rais'd thro' ten thousand different plastic tubes, The balmy treasures of the former day. 220

THEN fpring the living herbs, profusely wild,
O'er all the deep-green earth, beyond the power
Of botanist to number up their tribes:
Whether he steals along the lonely dale,
In silent fearch; or thro' the forest, rank
225
With what the dull incurious weeds account,
Bursts his blind way; or climbs the mountain rock,
Fir'd by the nodding verdure of its brow.
With such a liberal hand has Nature slung

Their feeds abroad, blown them about in winds, 230 Innumerous mix'd them with the nurfing mold, The moistening current, and prolific rain.

But who their virtues can declare? who pierce,
With vision pure, into these secret stores
Of health, and life, and joy? the food of Man,
While yet he liv'd in innocence, and told
A length of golden years, unsless'd in blood,
A stranger to the savage arts of life,
Death, rapine, carnage, surfeit, and disease,
The lord, and not the tyrant of the world.

THE first fresh dawn then wak'd the gladden'd race Of uncorrupted Man, nor blush'd to see The fluggard fleep beneath its facred beam: For their light flumbers gently fum'd away; And up they rose as vigorous as the sun, 245 Or to the culture of the willing glebe, Or to the chearful tendance of the flock. Meantime the fong went round; and dance and fport, Wisdom and friendly talk, successive, stole Their hours away; while in the rofy vale 250 Love breath'd his infant fighs, from anguish free, And full replete with blifs; fave the fweet pain, That, inly thrilling, but exalts it more. Nor yet injurious act, nor furly deed, Was known among those happy fons of Heaven; 255 For reason and benevolence were law. Harmonious Nature too look'd fmiling on,

30

Clear shone the skies, cool'd with eternal gales,
And balmy spirit all. The youthful sun
Shot his best rays, and still the gracious clouds
Drop'd fatness down; as o'er the swelling mead,
The herds and slocks, commixing, play'd secure.
This when, emergent from the gloomy wood,
The glaring lion saw, his horrid heart
Was meeken'd, and he join'd his sullen joy.

265
For music held the whole in perfect peace:
Soft sigh'd the slute; the tender voice was heard,
Warbling the varied heart; the woodlands round
Apply'd their quire; and winds and waters slow'd
In consonance. Such were those prime of days.

270

Bur now those white unblemish'd manners, whence The fabling poets took their golden age, Are found no more amid these iron times, These dregs of life! Now the distemper'd mind Has lost that concord of harmonious powers, 275 Which forms the foul of happiness; and all Is off the poife within: the passions all Have burst their bounds; and reason, half extinct, Or impotent, or elfe approving, fees The foul diforder. Senfelefs, and deform'd, 280 Convulsive anger storms at large; or pale, And filent, fettles into fell revenge. Base envy withers at another's joy, And hates that excellence it cannot reach. Desponding fear, of feeble fancies full, 285

Weak and unmanly, loofens every power, Even love itself is bitterness of soul, A pensive anguish pining at the heart; Or, funk to fordid interest, feels po more That noble wish, that never-cloy'd desire, 290 Which, felfish joy disdaining, seeks alone To bless the dearest object of its flame. Hope fickens with extravagance; and grief, Of life impatient, into madness swells; Or in dead filence wastes the weeping hours. 295 These, and a thousand mixt emotions more, From ever-changing views of good and ill, Form'd infinitely various, vex the mind With endless storm: whence, deeply rankling, grows The partial thought, a liftless unconcern, 300 Cold, and averting from our neighbour's good; Then dark difgust, and hatred, winding wiles, Coward deceit, and ruffian violence; At last, extinct each social feeling, fell And joyless inhumanity pervades, 305 And petrifies the heart. Nature disturb'd Is deem'd, vindictive, to have chang'd her courfe.

Hence, in old dusky time, a deluge came:
When the deep-cleft disparting orb, that arch'd
The central waters round, impetuous rush'd,
With universal burst, into the gulph,
And o'er the high-pil'd hills of fractur'd earth
Wide-dash'd the waves, in undulation vast;

Till, from the center to the streaming clouds, A shoreless ocean tumbled round the globe.

315

THE Seasons since have, with severer sway, Oppress'd a broken world: the Winter keen Shook forth his waste of snows; and Summer shot His pestilential heats. Great Spring, before, 319 Green'd all the year; and fruits and blossoms blush'd, In focial sweetness, on the felf-same bough. Pure was the temperate air; an even calm Perpetual reign'd, fave what the zephyrs bland Breath'd o'er the blue expanse: for then nor storms Were taught to blow, nor hurricanes to rage; 325 Sound flept the waters; no fulphureous glooms Swell'd in the fky, and fent the lightning forth; While fickly damps, and cold autumnal fogs, Hung not, relaxing, on the springs of life. But now, of turbid elements the sport, 330 From clear to cloudy tost, from hot to cold, And dry to moift, with inward-eating change, Our drooping days are dwindled down to nought, Their period finish'd ere 'tis well begun.

And yet the wholesome herb neglected dies; 335
Tho' with a pure exhilarating soul
Of nutriment and health, and vital powers,
Beyond the search of art, 'tis copious blest.
For, with hot ravine sir'd, ensanguin'd Man
Is now become the lion of the plain, 340

And worse. The wolf, who from the nightly fold Fierce drags the bleating prey, ne'er drunk her milk, Nor wore her warming fleece: nor has the steer, At whose strong chest the deadly tyger hangs 344 E'er plough'd for him. They too are temper'd high, With hunger stung and wild necessity, Nor lodges pity in their shaggy breast. But Man, whom Nature form'd of milder clay, With every kind emotion in his heart, And taught alone to weep; while from her lap 350 She pours ten thousand delicacies, herbs, And fruits, as numerous as the drops of rain, Or beams that gave them birth: shall he, fair form! Who wears fweet smiles, and looks erect on Heaven. E'er stoop to mingle with the prowling herd, 355 And dip his tongue in gore? the beast of prey, Blood-stain'd, deserves to bleed: but you, ye flocks, What have you done; ye peaceful people, what, To merit death? you, who have given us milk In luscious streams, and lent us your own coat 360 Against the Winter's cold? and the plain ox, That harmless, honest, guileless animal, In what has he offended? he, whose toil, Patient and ever ready, clothes the land With all the pomp of harvest: shall he bleed, 365 And struggling groan beneath the cruel hands, Even of the clown he feeds? and that, perhaps, To fwell the riot of th' autumnal feast, Won by his labour? thus the feeling heart

17

Would tenderly fuggest: but 'tis enough, 370
In this late age, adventurous, to have touch'd
Light on the numbers of the Samian sage.
High Heaven forbids the bold presumptuous strain,
Whose wisest will has fix'd us in a state
That must not yet to pure persection rise. 375

Now when the first foul torrent of the brooks, Swell'd with the vernal rains, is ebb'd away, And, whitening, down their mosfy-tinctur'd stream Descends the billowy foam: now is the time, 380 While yet the dark-brown water aids the guile, To tempt the trout. The well-diffembled fly, The rod fine-tapering with elastic spring, Snatch'd from the hoary steed the floating line, And all thy slender wat'ry stores prepare. But let not on thy hook the tortur'd worm, 385 Convulsive, twist in agonizing folds; Which, by rapacious hunger fwallow'd deep, Gives, as you tear it from the bleeding breast Of the weak helpless uncomplaining wretch, Harsh pain, and horror to the tender hand. 390

When with his lively ray the potent fun
Has pierc'd the streams, and rous'd the finny race,
Then issuing chearful, to thy sport repair;
Chief should the western breezes curling play,
And light o'er æther bear the shadowy clouds.

High to their sount, this day, amid the hills

C

And woodlands warbling round, trace up the brooks ; The next, pursue their rocky-channel'd maze, Down to the river, in whose ample wave Their little Naiads love to sport at large. 400 Just in the dubious point, where with the pool Is mix'd the trembling stream, or where it boils Around the stone, or from the hollow'd bank, Reverted plays in undulating flow, There throw, nice-judging, the delusive fly; And as you lead it round in artful curve, With eye attentive mark the springing game. Strait as above the surface of the flood They wanton rife, or urg'd by hunger leap, Then fix, with gentle twitch, the barbed hook: Some lightly toffing to the graffy bank, And to the shelving shore, slow-dragging some, With various hand proportion'd to their force. If yet too young, and eafily deceiv'd, A worthless prey scarce bends your pliant rod, 415 Him, piteous of his youth, and the short space He has enjoy'd the vital light of Heaven, Soft disengage, and back into the stream The speckled captive throw. But should you lure From his dark haunt, beneath the tangled roots 420 Of pendent trees, the monarch of the brook, Behoves you then to ply your finest art. Long time he, following cautious scans the fly; And oft attempts to feize it, but as oft The dimpled water speaks his jealous fear. 425

At last, while haply o'er the shaded sun Paffes a cloud, he desperate takes the death, With fullen plunge. At once he darts along, Deep-struck, and runs out all the lengthen'd line: Then feeks the farthest ooze, the sheltering weed, 430 The cavern'd bank, his old fecure abode; And flies aloft, and flounces round the pool, Indignant of the guile. With yielding hand, That feels him still, yet to his furious course Gives way, you, now retiring, following now 435 Across the stream, exhaust his idle rage : Till floating broad upon his breathless side, And to his fate abandon'd, to the shore You gaily drag your unrelifting prize. 439

Thus pass the temperate hours: but when the sun Shakes from his noon-day throne the scattering clouds, Ev'n shooting listless languor thro' the deeps; Then seek the bank where slowering elders crowd, Where scatter'd wild the hily of the vale Its balmy essence breathes, where cowships hang 445 The dewy head, where purple violets lurk, With all the lowly children of the shade:

Or lie reclin'd beneath you spreading ash, Hung o'er the steep; whence, borne on liquid wing, The sounding culver shoots; or where the hawk, 450 High, in the beetling cliff, his aëry builds.

There let the classic page thy fancy lead
Thro' rural scenes such as the Mantuan swain

Paints in the matchless harmony of song.

Or catch thyself the landskip, gliding swift

Athwart imagination's vivid eye:

Or by the vocal woods and waters lull'd,

And lost in lonely musing, in the dream,

Confus'd, of careless solitude, where mix

Ten thousand wandering images of things,

Soothe every gust of passion into peace,

All but the swellings of the soften'd heart,

That waken, not disturb, the tranquil mind.

Behold you breathing prospect bids the Muse
Throw all her beauty forth. But who can paint 465
Like Nature? can imagination boast,
Amid its gay creation, hues like hers?
Or can it mix them with that matchless skill,
And lose them in each other, as appears
In every bud that blows? If fancy then
Unequal fails beneath the pleasing task,
Ah, what shall language do? Ah, where find words
Ting'd with so many colours; and whose power,
To life approaching, may perfume my lays
With that fine oil, those aromatic gales

475
That inexhaustive flow continual round?

YET, the fuccessless, will the toil delight.

Come then, ye virgins, and ye youths, whose hearts

Have felt the raptures of refining love;

And thou, AMANDA, come, pride of my song! 480

Form'd by the graces, loveliness itself!

Come with those downcast eyes, sedate and sweet,
Those looks demure, that deeply pierce the soul,
Where, with the light of thoughtful reason mix'd,
Shines lively fancy and the seeling heart:
O come! and while the rosy-sooted May
Steals blushing on, together let us tread
The morning dews, and gather in their prime
Fresh-blooming slowers, to grace thy braided hair,
And thy lov'd bosom that improves their sweets.

SEE where the winding vale its lavish stores, Irriguous, fpreads. See, how the lily drinks The latent rill, scarce oozing thro' the grass, Of growth luxuriant; or the humid bank, In fair profusion, decks. Long let us walk, 495 Where the breeze blows from yon extended field Of bloffom'd beans. Arabia cannot boaft A fuller gale of joy, than, liberal, thence Breathes thro' the fense, and takes the ravish'd soul. Nor is the mead unworthy of thy foot, 500 Full of fresh verdure, and unnumber'd flowers, The negligence of Nature, wide, and wild; Where, undifguis'd by mimic Art, she spreads Unbounded beauty to the roving eye. Here their delicious task the fervent bees, 505 In fwarming millions, tend: around, athwart, Thro' the foft air, the bufy nations fly, Cling to the bud, and, with inferted tube,

Suck its pure effence, its ethereal foul:

And oft, with bolder wing, they foaring dare

The purple heath, or where the wild thyme grows,

And yellow load them with the lufcious spoil.

AT length the finish'd garden to the view Its vistas opens, and its alleys green. Snatch'd thro' the verdant maze, the hurried eye 515 Distracted wanders; now the bowery walk Of covert close, where scarce a speck of day Falls on the lengthen'd gloom, protracted sweeps: Now meets the bending sky; the river now Dimpling along, the breezy ruffled lake, 520 The forest darkening round, the glittering spire, Th' ethereal mountain, and the distant main. But why fo far excursive? when at hand, Along these blushing borders, bright with dew, And in you mingled wilderness of flowers, 525 Fair-handed Spring unbosoms every grace; Throws out the fnow-drop, and the crocus first; The daify, primrofe, violet darkly blue, And polyanthus of unnumber'd dyes; The yellow wall-flower, stain'd with iron-brown; 1530 And lavish stock that scents the garden round: From the foft wing of vernal breezes shed. Anemonies; auriculas, enrich'd With flining meal o'er all their velvet leaves: And full ranunculas of glowing red. 535 Then comes the tulip-race, where Beauty plays

Her idle freaks; from family diffus'd To family, as flies the father-duft, The varied colours run; and while they break On the charm'd eye, th' exulting florist marks, 540 With fecret pride, the wonders of his hand. No gradual bloom is wanting; from the bud, First-born of Spring, to Summer's musky tribes: Nor hyacinths, of purest virgin white, Low-bent, and blushing inward; nor jonquils, 545 Of potent fragrance; nor Narcissus fair, As o'er the fabled fountain hanging still; Nor broad carnations, nor gay-spotted pinks; Nor, shower'd from every bush, the damask rose. Infinite numbers, delicacies, fmells, 550 With hues on hues expression cannot paint, The breath of Nature, and her endless bloom.

HAIL, SOURCE OF BEING! UNIVERSAL SOUL
Of heaven and earth! ESSENTIAL PRESENCE, hail!
To Thee I bend the knee; to Thee my thoughts,
Continual, climb; who, with a master-hand,
556
Hast the great Whole into perfection touch'd.
By Thee the various vegetative tribes,
Wrapt in a filmy net, and clad with leaves,
Draw the live æther, and imbibe the dew:
560
By Thee dispos'd into congenial soils,
Stands each attractive plant, and sucks, and swells
The juicy tide; a twining mass of tubes.
At Thy command the vernal sun awakes

The torpid fap, detruded to the root

By wintery winds; that now, in fluent dance,

And lively fermentation, mounting, fpreads

All this innumerous-colour'd scene of things.

As rifing from the vegetable world

My theme ascends, with equal wing ascend

My panting Muse; and hark, how loud the woods

Invite you forth in all your gayest trim.

Lend me your song, ye nightingales! oh! pour

The mazy-running soul of melody

Into my varied verse! while I deduce,

From the first note the hollow cuckow sings,

The symphony of Spring, and touch a theme

Unknown to same, the Passion of the groves.

When first the soul of love is sent abroad,
Warm thro' the vital air, and on the heart
Harmonious seizes, the gay troops begin,
In gallant thought to plume the painted wing;
And try again the long-forgotten strain,
At first saint-warbled. But no sooner grows
The soft insusion prevalent and wide,
Than, all-alive, at once their joy o'erslows
In music unconsin'd. Up-springs the lark,
Shrill-voic'd, and loud, the messenger of morn;
Ere yet the shadows sly, he mounted sings
Amid the dawning clouds, and from their haunts

Calls up the tuneful nations. Every copse

Deep-tangled, tree irregular, and bush Bending with dewy moisture, o'er the heads Of the coy quirifters that lodge within, Are prodigal of harmony. The thrush 595 And wood-lark o'er the kind-contending throng Superior heard, run thro' the sweetest length Of notes; when listening Philomela deigns To let them joy, and purposes, in thought Elate, to make her night excel their day. 600 The black-bird whiftles from the thorny brake; The mellow bullfinch answers from the grove: Nor are the linnets, o'er the flowering furze Pour'd out profusely, filent. Join'd to these Innumerous fongsters, in the freshening shade 605 Of new-fprung leaves, their modulations mix Mellifluous. The jay, the rook, the daw, And each harsh pipe, discordant heard alone, Aid the full concert: while the stock-dove breathes A melancholy murmur thro' the whole. 610

Tis love creates their melody, and all
This waste of music is the voice of love;
That even to birds, and beasts, the tender arts
Of pleasing teaches. Hence the glossy kind
Try every winning way inventive love
Can dictate, and in courtship to their mates
Pour forth their little souls. First, wide around,
With distant awe, in airy rings they rove,
Endeavouring by a thousand tricks to catch

The cunning, conscious, half-averted glance Of their regardless charmer. Should she feem Softening, the least approvance to bestow, Their colours burnish, and, by hope inspird, They brisk advance; then, on a sudden struck, Retire disorder'd; then again approach; In fond rotation spread the spotted wing, And thiver every feather with defire,

620

625

CONNUBIAL leagues agreed, to the deep woods They hafte away, all as their fancy leads, Pleasure, or food, or fecret fafety prompts; 630 That NATURE's great command may be obey'd: Nor all the fweet fenfations they perceive Indulg'd in vain. Some to the holly-hedge Neltling repair, and to the thicket fome; Some to the rude protection of the thorn Commit their feeble offspring: the cleft tree Offers its kind concealment to a few, Their food its infects, and its moss their nests. Others apart far in the graffy dale, Or roughening waste, their humble texture weave, But most in woodland solitudes delight, 641 In unfrequented glooms, or fhaggy banks, Steep, and divided by a babbling brook, Whose murmurs sooth them all the live-long day, When by kind duty fix'd. Among the roots 645 Of hazel, pendent o'er the plaintive stream, They frame the first foundation of their domes;

Dry sprigs of trees, in artful fabric laid,
And bound with clay together. Now 'tis nought
But restless hurry thro' the busy air,
650
Beat by unnumber'd wings. The swallow sweeps
The slimy pool, to build his hanging house
Intent. And often, from the careless back
Of herds and flocks a thousand tugging bills,
Pluck hair and wool; and oft, when unobserv'd,
Steal from the barn a straw: till soft and warm,
Clean, and complete, their habitation grows.

As thus the patient dam assiduous sits, Not to be tempted from her tender talk, 660 Or by sharp hunger, or by smooth delight, Tho' the whole loofen'd Spring around her blows. Her fympathizing lover takes his stand High on th' opponent bank, and ceaseless sings The tedious time away; or else supples Her place a moment, while she sudden slits 665 To pick the fcanty meal. Th' appointed time With pious toil fulfil'd, the callow young, Warm'd and expanded into perfect life, Their brittle bondage break, and come to light, 670 A helpless family, demanding food With constant clamour: O what passions then, What melting fentiments of kindly care, On the new parents feize! Away they fly Affectionate and undefiring bear The most delicious morsel to their young; 675 Which equally distributed, again
The search begins. Even so a gentle pair,
By fortune sunk, but form'd of generous mold,
And charm'd with cares beyond the vulgar breast,
In some lone cot, amid the distant woods,
Sustain'd alone by providential Heaven,
Oft, as they weeping eye their infant-train,
Check their own appetites, and give them all.

Nor toil alone they fcorn: exalting love, By the great FATHER of the SPRING inspir'd, 685 Gives instant courage to the fearful race, And, to the fimple, art. With stealthy wing, Should fome rude foot their woody haunts moleft, Amid a neighbouring bush they silent drop, And whirring thence, as if alarm'd, deceive 690 Th' unfeeling school-boy. Hence, around the head Of wandering fwain, the white-wing'd plover wheels Her founding flight, and then directly on, In long excursion, skims the level lawn, To tempt him from her nest. The wild-duck, hence, O'er the rough moss; and o'er the trackless waste, 696 The heath-hen flutters, pious fraud! to lead The hot pursuing spaniel far astray.

BE not the Muse asham'd, here to bemoan Her brothers of the grove, by tyrant Man Inhuman caught, and in the narrow cage From liberty confin'd, and boundless air.

700

Dull are the pretty flaves, their plumage dull,
Ragged, and all its brightening luftre loft;
Nor is that fprightly wildness in their notes,
Which, clear and vigorous, warbles from the beech.
O then, ye friends of love and love-taught fong,
Spare the foft tribes, this barbarous art forbear;
If on your bosom innocence can win,
Music engage, or piety persuade.
710

But let not chief the nightingale lament Her ruin'd care, too delicately fram'd To brook the harsh confinement of the cage: Oft when, returning with her loaded bill, Th' astonish'd mother finds a vacant nest, 715 By the hard hand of unrelenting clowns Robb'd, to the ground the vain provision falls; Her pinions ruffle, and, low-drooping, scarce Can bear the mourner to the poplar shade; Where, all abandon'd to despair, she sings 720 Her forrows thro' the night; and, on the bough, Sole-fitting, still at every dying fall Takes up again her lamentable strain Of winding woe; till, wide around, the woods Sigh to her fong, and with her wail refound. 725

But now the feather'd youth their former bounds, Ardent, disdain; and, weighing oft their wings, Demand the free possession of the sky. This one glad office more, and then dissolves Parental love at once, now needless grown. 730 Unlavish'd Wisdom never works in vain. 'Tis on some evening, sunny, grateful, mild, When nought but balm is breathing thro' the woods, With yellow lustre bright, that the new tribes Visit the spacious heavens, and look abroad 735 On Nature's common far as they can fee, Or wing, their range and pasture. O'er the boughs Dancing about, still at the giddy verge Their resolution fails; their pinions still, In loose libration stretch'd, to trust the void 7.40 Trembling refuse: till down before them fly The parent-guides, and chide, exhort, command, Or push them off. The surging air receives Its plumy burden; and their felf-taught wings Winnow the waving element. On ground 745 Alighted, bolder up again they lead, Farther and farther on, the lengthening flight; Till, vanish'd every fear, and every power Rous'd into life and action, light in air Th' acquitted parents fee their foaring race, 750 And, once rejoicing, never know them more.

HIGH from the fummit of a craggy cliff, Hung o'er the deep, fuch as amazing frowns On utmost * Kilda's shore, whose lonely race Resign the setting sun to Indian worlds,

755

^{*} The farthest of the western islands of Scotland.

The royal eagle draws his vigorous young,
Strong-pounc'd, and ardent with paternal fire.

Now fit to raife a kingdom of their own,
He drives them from his fort, the towering feat,
For ages, of his empire; which, in peace,
Unstain'd he holds, while many a league to fea
He wings his course, and preys in distant isses.

SHOULD I my steps turn to the rural feat, Whose lofty elms, and venerable oaks, Invite the rook, who high amid the boughs, 765 In early Spring, his airy city builds, And ceaseless caws amusive; there, well-pleas'd, I might the various polity furvey Of the mix'd houshold kind. The careful hen Calls all her chirping family around, 770 Fed and defended by the fearless cock; Whose breast with ardour flames, as on he walks, Graceful, and crows defiance. In the pond, The finely chequer'd duck, before her train, Rows garrulous. The stately-failing swan 775 Gives out his fnowy plumage to the gale; And, arching proud his neck, with oary feet Bears forward fierce, and guards his ofier-ifle, Protective of his young. The turkey nigh, Loud threatening, reddens; while the peacock spreads His every-colour'd glory to the fun, 781 And fwims in radiant majesty along. O'er the whole homely scene, the cooing dove

Flies thick in amorous chace, and wanton rolls The glancing eye, and turns the changeful neck.

785

WHILE thus the gentle tenants of the shade Indulge their purer loves, the rougher world Of brutes, below, rush furious into flame, And fierce defire. Thro' all his lufty veins 'The bull, deep-scorch'd, the raging passion feels. Of pasture sick, and negligent of food, Scarce feen, he wades among the yellow broom, While o'er his ample fide the rambling sprays Luxuriant shoot; or thro' the mazy wood Dejected wanders, nor th' enticing bud 795 Crops, tho' it presses on his careless sense. And oft, in jealous maddening fancy wrapt, He feeks the fight; and, idly-butting, feigns His rival gor'd in every knotty trunk. Him should he meet, the bellowing war begins: 800 Their eyes flash fury; to the hollow'd earth, Whence the fand flies, they mutter bloody deeds, And, groaning deep, th' impetuous battle mix: While the fair heifer, balmy-breathing, near, Stands kindling up their rage. The trembling steed, With this hot impulse seiz'd in every nerve, 806 Nor heeds the rein, nor hears the founding thong; Blows are not felt; but, toffing high his head, And by the well-known joy to distant plains Attracted strong, all wild he bursts away; 810 O'er rocks, and woods, and craggy mountains flies;

And, neighing, on th' aërial fummit takes
Th' exciting gale; then, steep-descending, cleaves
The headlong torrents foaming down the hills,
Even where the madness of the straiten'd stream
Turns in black eddies round; such is the force
With which his frantic heart and sinews swell.

Nor undelighted by the boundless Spring Are the broad monsters of the foaming deep: From the deep ooze and gelid cavern rous'd, 820 They flounce and tumble in unwieldy joy. Dire were the strain, and dissonant, to sing The cruel raptures of the favage kind: How by this flame their native wrath fublim'd, They roam, amid the fury of their heart, 825 The far-refounding waste in fiercer bands, And growl their horrid loves. But this the theme I fing, enraptur'd, to the BRITISH FAIR, Forbids, and leads me to the mountain-brow, Where fits the shepherd on the graffy turf, 830 Inhaling, healthful, the descending fun. Around him feeds his many bleating flock, Of various cadence; and his sportive lambs, This way and that convolv'd, in friskful glee, Their frolics play. And now the sprightly race 835 Invites them forth; when fwift, the fignal given, They start away, and sweep the mosty mound That runs around the hill; the rampart once Of iron war, in ancient barbarous times,

When disunited Britain ever bled,

Lost in eternal broil: ere yet she grew
To this deep-laid indissoluble state,

Where Wealth and Commerce lift their golden heads;

And o'er our labours, Liberty and Law,

Impartial, watch; the wonder of a world!

845

WHAT is this mighty Breath, ye fages, fay, That, in a powerful language, felt, not heard, Instructs the fowls of heaven; and thro' their breasts These arts of love diffuses? What, but Gop? Inspiring Gop! whose boundless Spirit all, 850 And unremitting Energy, pervades, Adjusts, sustains, and agitates the whole. He ceaseless works alone; and yet alone Seems not to work: with fuch perfection fram'd Is this complex stupendous scheme of things. 855 But, tho' conceal'd, to every purer eye Th' informing Author in his works appears: Chief, lovely Spring, in thee, and thy foft scenes, The Smiling God is feen; while water, earth, And air, attest his bounty; which exhalts 860 The brute creation to this finer thought, And annual melts their undefigning hearts Profusely thus in tenderness and joy.

STILL let my fong a nobler note assume,
And sing th' insusive force of Spring on Man;
When heaven and earth, as if contending, vye

To raise his being, and serene his soul. Can he forbear to join the general smile Of Nature? Can fierce passions vex his breast, 870 While every gale is peace, and every grove Is melody? Hence! from the bounteous walks Of flowing Spring, ye fordid fons of earth, Hard, and unfeeling of another's woe! Or only lavish to yourselves; away! But come, ye generous minds, in whose wide thought, Of all his works, CREATIVE BOUNTY burns With warmest beam; and on your open front And liberal eye, fits, from his dark retreat Inviting modest Want. Nor, till invok'd, Can restless goodness wait: your active search 880 Leaves no cold wintery corner unexplor'd; Like filent-working HEAVEN, furprifing oft The lonely hear with unexpected good. For you the roving spirit of the wind Blows Spring abroad; for you the teeming clouds 885 Descend in gladsome plenty o'er the world; And the fun sheds his kindest rays for you, Ye flower of human race! in these green days, Reviving fickness lifts her languid head: Life flows afresh; and young-ey'd Health exalts 890 The whole creation round. Contentment walks The funny glade, and feels an inward blifs Spring o'er his mind, beyond the power of kings To purchase. Pure serenity apace Induces thought, and contemplation still, 895 By swift degrees the love of Nature works, And warms the bosom; till at last sublim'd, To rapture and enthusiastic heat, We feel the present Deity, and taste The joy of God to see a happy world!

900

THESE are the facred feelings of thy heart, Thy heart inform'd by reason's purer ray, O LYTTLETON, the friend! thy passions thus And meditations vary, as at large, Courting the Muse, thro' Hagley-park thou stray'st; Thy British Tempe! There along the dale, With woods o'er-hung, and shagg'd with mosfy rocks, Whence on each hand the gushing waters play, And down the rough cafcade white-dashing fall, Or gleam in lengthened vista thro' the trees, 910 You filent steal; or fit beneath the shade Of folemn oaks, that tuft the fwelling mounts Thrown graceful round by Nature's careless hand, And pensive listen to the various voice Of rural peace: the herds, the flocks, the birds, 915 The hollow-whispering breeze, the plaint of rills, That, purling down amid the twifted roots Which creep around, their dewy murmurs shake On the footh'd ear. From these abstracted oft, You wander thro' the philosophic world; 920 Where in bright train continual wonders rife, Or to the curious or the pious eye. And oft, conducted by historic truth,

37

You tread the long extent of backward time:	
Planning, with warm benevolence of mind,	925
And honest zeal unwarp'd by party-rage,	
BRITANNIA's weal; how from the venal gulf	
To raife her virtue, and her arts revive.	
Or, turning thence thy view, these graver thought	S .
The Muses charm: while, with sure taste refin'd,	
You draw th' inspiring breath of ancient song;	
Till nobly rifes, emulous, thy own.	
Perhaps thy lov'd Lucinda shares thy walk,	
With foul to thine, attun'd. Then Nature all	
Wears to the lover's eye a look of love;	935
And all the tumult of a guilty world,	202
Tofs'd by ungenerous passions, finks away.	
The tender heart is animated peace;	
And as it pours its copious treasures forth,	
In varied converse, softening every theme,	940
You, frequent pauling, turn, and from her eyes,	
Where meeken'd fenfe, and amiable grace,	
And lively fweetness dwell, enraptur'd, drink,	
That nameless spirit of ethereal joy,	
Unutterable happiness! which love,	945
Alone, bestows, and on a favour'd few.	
Meantime you gain the height, from whose fair bro	w
The burfting profpect spreads immense around:	
And fnatch'd o'er hill and dale, and wood and law	n,
And verdant field, and darkening heath between,	
And villages embosom'd fost in trees,	
And fpiry towns by furging columns mark'd.	

Of houshold smoke, your eye excursive roams:
Wide-stretching from the Hall, in whose kind haunt
The hospitable Genius lingers still,

To where the broken landskip, by degrees,
Ascending, roughens into rigid hills;
O'er which the Cambrian mountains, far like clouds
That skirt the blue horizon, dusky rife.

FLUSH'D by the spirit of the genial year, .960 Now from the virgin's cheek a fresher bloom Shoots, less and less, the live carnation round; Her lips blush deeper sweets; she breathes of youth; The shining moisture swells into her eyes, In brighter flow; her wishing bosom heaves, 965 With palpitations wild; kind tumults feize Her veins, and all her yielding foul is love. From the keen gaze her lover turns away, Full of the dear ecstatic power, and sick With fighing languishment. Ah then, ye fair! 970 Be greatly cautious of your sliding hearts: Dare not th' infectious figh; the pleading look, Down cast, and low, in meek submission dress'd, But full of guile. Let not the fervent tongue, Prompt to deceive, with adulation smooth, 975 Gain on your purpos'd will. Nor in the bower, Where woodbines flaunt, and roses shed a couch, While Evening draws her crimfon curtains round, Trust your foft minutes with betraying Man.

39

And let th' aspiring youth beware of love, 980 Of the smooth glance beware; for 'tis too late, When on his heart the torrent-foftness pours. Then wisdom prostrate lies, and fading fame Diffolves in air away; while the fond foul, 985 Wrapt in gay visions of unreal blifs, Still paints th' illusive form; the kindling grace; Th' enticing fmile; the modest-seeming eye, Beneath whose beauteous beams, belying Heaven, Lurk fearchless cunning, cruelty, and death: And still, false-warbling in his cheated ear, 990 Her Syren voice, inchanting, draws him on To guileful shores, and meads of fatal joy.

Ev'n present, in the very lap of love
Inglorious laid; while music flows around,
Persumes, and oils, and wine, and wanton hours; 995
Amid the roses sierce Repentance rears
Her snaky crest: a quick returning pang
Shoots thro' the conscious heart; where honour still,
And great design, against th' oppressive load
Of luxury, by sits, impatient heave.

Bur absent, what fantastic woes, arous'd,
Rage in each thought, by restless musing fed,
Chill the warm cheek, and blast the bloom of life?
Neglected fortune slies; and sliding swift,
Prone into ruin, fall his scorn'd affairs.

1005
Tis nought but gloom around: the darken'd sun

Lofes his light. The roly-bosom'd Spring To weeping Fancy pines; and you bright arch, Contracted, bends into a dusky vault. All Nature fades extinct; and she alone TOIO Heard, felt, and feen, possesses every thought, Fills every fense, and pants in every vein. Books are but formal dulness, tedious friends; And fad amid the focial band he fits, Lonely, and unattentive. From his tongue 1015 Th' unfinish'd period falls: while, borne away On fwelling thought, his wafted spirit flies To the vain bosom of his distant fair; And leaves the femblance of a lover, fix'd In melancholy fite, with head declin'd, 1020 And love-dejected eyes. Sudden he starts. Shook from his tender trance, and reftless runs To glimmering shades, and sympathetic glooms; Where the dun umbrage o'er the falling stream, Romantic, hangs; there thro' the pensive dusk 1025 Strays, in heart-thrilling meditation loft, Indulging all to love: or on the bank Thrown, amid drooping lilies, swells the breeze With fighs unceafing, and the brook with tears. Thus in foft anguish he consumes the day, 1030 Nor quits his deep retirement, till the Moon Peeps thro' the chambers of the fleecy east, Enlighten'd by degrees, and in her train Leads on the gentle Hours; then forth he walks, Beneath the trembling languish of her beam, 1035

With fosten'd foul, and wooes the bird of eve To mingle woes with his: or, while the world And all the fons of Care lie hush'd in sleep, Affociates with the midnight shadows drear; And, fighing to the lonely taper, pours 1040 His idly-tortur'd heart into the page, Meant for the moving messenger of love; Where rapture burns on rapture, every line With rifing frenzy fir'd. But if on bed Delirious flung, sleep from his pillow flies; 1045 All night he toffes, nor the balmy power In any posture finds; till the grey morn Lifts her pale lustre on the paler wretch, Exanimate by love: and then, perhaps, Exhausted Nature sinks a while to rest, 1050 Still interrupted by distracted dreams, That o'er the fick imagination rife, And in black colours paint the mimic scene. Oft with th' inchantress of his foul he talks; Sometimes in crowds distress'd; or if retir'd 1055 To fecret-winding flower-enwoven bowers, Far from the dull impertinence of Man, Just as he, credulous, his endless cares Begins to lose in blind oblivious love, Snatch'd from her yielded hand, he knows not how, Thro' forests huge, and long untravel'd heaths With desolation brown, he wanders waste, In night and tempest wrapt; or shrinks aghast, Back, from the bending precipice; or wades

The turbid stream below, and strives to reach
The farther shore; where succourless, and fad,
She with extended arms his aid implores;
But strives in vain: borne by th' outrageous slood
To distance down, he rides the ridgy wave,
Or, whelm'd beneath the boiling eddy, sinks.

THESE are the charming agonies of love, Whose misery delights. But thro' the heart Should jealoufy its venom once diffuse, 'Tis then delightful mifery no more, But agony unmix'd, inceffant gall, 1075 Corroding every thought, and blafting all Love's paradife. Ye fairy prospects, then, Ye beds of roses, and ye bowers of joy, Farewel! Ye gleamings of departed peace, Shine out your last! The yellow-tinging plague 1080 Internal vision taints, and in a night Of livid gloom imagination wraps. Ah, then! instead of love-enliven'd cheeks, Of funny features, and of ardent eyes With flowing rapture bright, dark looks fucceed, Suffus'd, and glaring with untender fire; 1086 A clouded aspect, and a burning cheek, Where the whole poison'd foul, malignant, sits, And frightens love away. Ten thousand fears Invented wild, ten thousand frantic views 1090 Of horrid rivals, hanging on the charms For which he melts in fondness, eat him up

With fervent anguish, and confuming rage. In vain reproaches lend their idle aid, Deceitful pride, and refolution frail, 1095 Giving falle peace a moment. Fancy pours, Afresh, her beauties on his busy thought, Her first endearments twining round the foul, With all the witchcraft of enfnaring love. Straight the fierce storm involves his mind anew, 1100 Flames thro' the nerves, and boils along the veins; While anxious doubt diffracts the tortur'd heart: For even the fad affurance of his fears Were ease to what he feels. Thus the warm youth, Whom love deludes into his thorny wilds, Thro' flowery-tempting paths, or leads a life Of fever'd rapture, or of cruel care; His brightest flames extinguish'd all, and all His lively moments running down to waste.

But happy they! the happiest of their kind! 1110
Whom gentler stars unite, and in one sate
Their hearts, their fortunes, and their beings blend.
'Tis not the courser tie of human laws,
Unnatural oft, and foreign to the mind,
That binds their peace, but harmony itself,
Attuning all their passions into love;
Where friendship full exerts her softest power,
Persect esteem, enliven'd by desire
Inestable, and sympathy of soul;
Thought meeting thought, and will preventing will,

With boundless considence: for nought but love 1121 Can answer love, and render blis secure. Let him, ungenerous, who, alone intent To bless himself, from fordid parents buys The loathing virgin, in eternal care, 1125 Well-merited, confume his nights and days: Let barbarous nations, whose inhuman love Is wild defire, fierce as the funs they feel; Let Eastern tyrants, from the light of Heaven Seclude their bosom-slaves, meanly posses'd 1130 Of a mere, lifeless, violated form: While those whom love cements in holy faith, And equal transport, free as Nature live, Disdaining fear. What is the world to them, Its pomp, its pleafure, and its nonfense all! 1135 Who each in other clasp whatever fair High fancy forms, and lavish hearts can wish; Something than beauty dearer, should they look Or on the mind, or mind-illumin'd face; Truth, goodness, honour, harmony, and love, The richest bounty of indulgent HEAVEN. Meantime a smiling offspring rises round, And mingles both their graces. By degrees, The human bloffom blows; and every day, Soft as it rolls along, shews some new charm, The father's lustre, and the mother's bloom. Then infant reason grows apace, and calls For the kind hand of an assiduous care. Delightful talk! to rear the tender thought,

45

To teach the young idea how to shoot, 1150 To pour the fresh instruction o'er the mind, To breathe th' enlivening spirit, and to fix The generous purpose in the glowing breast. Oh, speak the joy! ye, whom the sudden tear Surprifes often, while you look around, 1155 And nothing strikes your eye but fights of blifs, All various Nature pressing on the heart: An elegant fufficiency, content, Retirement, rural quiet, friendship, books, Ease and alternate labour, useful life, 1160 Progressive virtue, and approving HEAVEN. These are the matchless joys of virtuous love; And thus their moments fly. The feafons thus, As ceaseless round a jarring world they roll, Still find them happy; and confenting Spring 1165 Sheds her own rofy garland on their heads: Till evening comes at last, serene and mild; When, after the long vernal day of life, Enamour'd more, as more remembrance swells With many a proof of recollected love, 1170 Together down they fink in focial fleep; Together freed, their gentle spirits fly To scenes where love and blis immortal reign.





S U M M E R. 1727.



The ARGUMENT.

Address to Mr. The Subject proposed. Invocation. DODDINGTON. An introductory reflection on the motion of the heavenly bodies; whence the succession of the seafons. As the face of Nature in this feafon is almost uniform, the progress of the poem is a description of a summer's day. The dawn. Sun-rising. Hymn to the sun. Summer infects described. Hay-making. Noon-day. A woodland retreat. Sheep-shearing. Groupe of herds and flocks. A folemn grove : how it affects a contemplative mind. A cataract, and rude scene. View of Summer in the torrid zone. Storm of thunder and lightening. A tale. The storm over, a serene afternoon. Bathing. Hour of walking. Transition to the prospect of a rich well-cultivated country; which introduces a panegyric on GREAT-BRITAIN. Evening. Night. Summer meteors. A comet. The whole concluding with the praise of philosophy.



SUMMER.



DAMON and MUSIDORA.



SUMMER.

FROM brightening fields of ather fair disclos'd, Child of the Sun, refulgent Summer comes, In pride of youth, and felt thro' Nature's depth: He comes, attended by the fultry hours, And ever-fanning breezes, on his way; While, from his ardent look, the turning Spring Averts her blushful face; and earth, and skies, All-smiling, to his hot dominion leaves.

HENCE, let me haste into the mid-wood shade,
Where scarce a sun-beam wanders thro' the gloom; 10
And on the dark-green grass, beside the brink
Of haunted stream, that by the roots of oak
Rolls o'er the rocky channel, lie at large,
And sing the glories of the circling year.

COME, Inspiration! from thy hermit-seat, By mortal seldom found: may Fancy dare,

20

And thou, my youthful Muse's early friend, In whom the human graces all unite:
Pure light of mind, and tenderness of heart;
Genius, and wisdom; the gay social sense,
By decency chastis'd; goodness and wit,
In seldom-meeting harmony combin'd;
Unblemish'd honour, and an active zeal
For Britain's glory; Liberty, and Man:
O Doddington! attend my rural song,
Stoop to my theme, inspirit every line
And teach me to deserve thy just applause.

30

25

WITH what an awful world-revolving power
Were first th' unwieldy planets launch'd along
Th' illimitable void! Thus to remain,
Amid the flux of many thousand years,
That oft has swept the toiling race of men,
And all their labour'd monuments away:
Firm, unremitting, matchless in their course;
To the kind-temper'd change of night and day,
And of the seasons ever stealing round,
Minutely faithful: Such Th' ALL PERFECT HAND!
That pois'd, impels, and rules the steady Whole.

SUMMER.

51

WHEN now no more th' alternate Twins are fir'd, And Cancer reddens with the folar blaze, Short is the doubtful empire of the night; 45 And foon, observant of approaching day, The meek ey'd Morn appears, mother of dews, At first faint gleaming in the dappled east: Till far o'er æther spreads the widening glow; And, from before the lustre of her face, 50 White break the clouds away. With quick'ned step, Brown Night retires: young Day pours in apace, And opens all the lawny prospect wide. The dripping rock, the mountain's milty top Swell on the fight, and brighten with the dawn. 55 Blue, thro' the dusk, the smoking currents shine; And from the bladed field the fearful hare Limps aukward: while along the forest-glade The wild deer trip, and often turning gaze 60 At early passenger. Music awakes The native voice of undissembled joy; And thick around the woodland hymns arise. Rous'd by the cock, the foon-clad shepherd leaves His mostly cottage, where with Peace he dwells; And from the crouded fold, in order, drives 65 His flock, to taste the verdure of the morn.

FALSELY luxurious, will not Man awake; And, fpringing from the bed of floth, enjoy The cool, the fragrant, and the filent hour, To meditation due and facred fong? For is there aught in fleep can charm the wife?
To lie in dead oblivion, losing half
The fleeting moments of too short a life;
Total extinction of th' enlighten'd foul!
Or else to feverish vanity alive,
Wilder'd, and tossing thro' distemper'd dreams?
Who would in such a gloomy state remain
Longer than Nature craves; when every Muse,
And every blooming pleasure wait without,
To bless the wildly-devious morning walk?

75

80

But yonder comes the powerful King of Day, Rejoicing in the east. The lessening cloud, The kindling azure, and the mountain's brow Illum'd with fluid gold, his near approach 85 Betoken glad. Lo! now, apparent all, Aslant the dew-bright earth, and colour'd air, He looks in boundless majesty abroad; And sheds the shining day, that burnish'd plays On rocks, and hills, and towers, and wandering streams, High-gleaming from afar. Prime chearer, Light! 90 Of all material beings first, and best! Efflux divine! Nature's resplendent robe; Without whose vesting beauty all were wrapt In unessential gloom; and thou, O Sun! Soul of furrounding worlds! in whom best feen 95 Shines out thy Maker! may I fing of thee?

'Tis by the fecret, strong, attractive force As with a chain indisfoluble bound, Thy fystem rolls entire; from the far bourne
Of utmost Saturn, wheeling wide his round
Of thirty years; to Mercury, whose disk
Can scarce be caught by philosophic eye,
Lost in the near effulgence of thy blaze.

INFORMER of the planetary train!

Without whose quickening glance their cumbrous orbs

Were brute unlovely mass, inert and dead,

And not, as now, the green abodes of life!

How many forms of being wait on thee!

Inhaling spirit; from th' unsetter'd mind,

By thee sublim'd, down to the daily race,

The mixing myriads of thy setting beam.

THE vegetable world is also thine, Parent of Seasons! who the pomp precede That waits thy throne, as thro' thy vast domain, Annual, along the bright ecliptic road, 115 In world-rejoicing state, it moves sublime. Meantime th' expecting nations, circled gay With all the various tribes of foodful earth, Implore thy bounty, or fend grateful up A common hymn: while, round thy beaming car, 120 High feen, the Seasons lead, in sprightly dance Harmonious knit, the rofy-finger'd hours, The zephyrs floating loofe, the timely rains, Of bloom æthereal the light-footed dews, And foften'd into joy the furly forms. 125 These, in successive turn, with lavish hand. Shower every beauty, every fragrance, shower Herbs, slowers, and roots; till, kindling at thy touch, From land to land is slush'd the vernal year.

Nor to the furface of enliven'd earth,

Graceful with hills, and dales, and leafy woods,

Her liberal treffes, is thy force confin'd:

But, to the bowel'd cavern darting deep,

The mineral kinds confess thy mighty power.

Effulgent, hence the veiny marble shines;

Hence Labour draws his tools; hence burnish'd War

Gleams on the day; the nobler works of Peace

Hence bless mankind, and generous Commerce binds

The round of nations in a golden chain.

TH' unfruitful rock itself, impregn'd by thee, 140 In dark retirement forms the lucid stone. The lively Diamond drinks thy purest rays, Collected light, compact; that, polish'd bright, And all its native lustre let abroad, Dares, as it sparkles on the fair one's breast, 145 With vain ambition emulate her eyes. At thee the Ruby lights its deepening glow, And with a waving radiance inward flames. From thee the Saphire, folid æther, takes, Its hue cerulean; and, of evening tinch, 150 The purple-streaming Amethyst is thine. With thy own fmile the yellow Topaz burns.

475

Nor deeper verdure dyes the robe of Spring,
When first she gives it to the southern gale,
Than the green Emerald shows. But, all combin'd,
Thick thro' the whitening Opal play thy beams; 156
Or, slying several from its surface, form
A trembling variance of revolving hues,
As the site varies in the gazer's hand.

160 THE very dead creation, from thy touch, Assumes a mimic life. By thee refin'd, In brighter mazes the relucent stream Plays o'er the mead. The precipice abrupt, Projecting horror on the blacken'd flood, Softens at thy return. The defart joys 165 Wildly, thro' all his melancholy bounds. Rude ruins glitter; and the briny deep, Seen from fome pointed promontory's top, Far to the blue horizon's utmost verge, Restless, reslects a floating gleam. But this, 170 And all the much-transported Muse can sing, Are to thy beauty, dignity, and use, Unequal far; great delegated fource Of light, and life, and grace, and joy below!

How shall I then attempt to sing of Him,
Who, Light Himself, in uncreated light
Invested deep, dwells awfully retir'd
From mortal eye, or angel's purer ken;
Whose single smile has, from the first of time,

Fill'd, o'erflowing, all those lamps of Heaven, 180 That beam for ever thro' the boundless sky:
But, should he hide his face, th' astonish'd fun,
And all th' extinguish'd stars, would loosening reel
Wide from their spheres, and Chaos come again.

And yet, was ev'ry faultering tongue of Man, 185
Almighty Father! filent in thy praife,
Thy works themselves would raise a general voice,
Ev'n in the depth of solitary woods
By human soot untrod; proclaim thy power,
And to the choir celestial Thee resound,
Th' eternal cause, support, and end of all!

To me be Nature's volume broad display'd;
And to peruse its all instructing-page,
Or, haply catching inspiration thence,
Some easy passage, raptur'd, to translate,
My sole delight; as thro' the falling glooms
Pensive I stray, or with the rising dawn
On Fancy's eagle-wing excursive soar.

Now, flaming up the heavens, the potent Sun
Melts into limpid air the high rais'd clouds,
And morning fogs, that hover'd round the hills
In party-colour'd bands; till wide unveil'd
The face of Nature shines, from where earth seems,
Far stretch'd around, to meet the bending sphere.

SUMMER.

57

HALF in a blush of clustering roses lost,

Dew-dropping Coolness to the shade retires;

There, on the verdant turf, or slowery bed,

By gelid founts and careless rills to muse;

While tyrant Heat, dispreading thro' the sky,

With rapid sway, his burning influence darts

On man, and beast, and herb, and tepid stream.

Who can unpitying see the stowery race,
Shed by the morn, their new-slush'd bloom resign,
Before the parching beam? So sade the fair,
When severs revel thro' their azure veins.

215
But one, the losty follower of the sun,
Sad when he sets, shuts up her yellow leaves.
Drooping all night; and, when he warm returns,
Points her enamour'd bosom to his ray.

Home, from his morning task, the swain retreats;
His slock before him stepping to the fold:

While the full-udder'd mothers low around
The chearful cottage, then expecting food,
The food of innocence, and health! The daw,
The rook, and magpie, to the grey-grown oaks
That the calm village in their verdant arms,
Sheltering, embrace, direct their lazy slight;
Where on the mingling boughs they sit embower'd,
All the hot noon, till cooler hours arise.
Faint, underneath, the houshold sowls convene;
And, in a corner of the buzzing shade,

The house-dog, with the vacant greyhound, lies, Out-stretch'd, and sleepy. In his slumbers, one Attacks the nightly thief, and one exults O'er hill and dale; till, waken'd by the wasp, They starting snap. Nor shall the Muse disdain To let the little noisy summer-race Live in her lay, and slutter thro' her song: Not mean, tho' simple; to the Sun ally'd, From him they draw their animating sire.

235

240

WAK'D by his warmer ray, the reptile young Come wing'd abroad; by the light air upborn, Lighter, and full of foul. From every chink, And fecret corner, where they flept away The wintery storms; or rising from their tombs, To higher life; by myriads, forth at once, Swarming they pour; of all the vary'd hues Their beauty-beaming parent can disclose. Ten thousand forms! ten thousand different tribes! People the blaze. To funny waters fome 250 By fatal instinct fly; where on the pool They, sportive, wheel; or, failing down the stream, Are fnatch'd immediate by the quick-ey'd trout, Or darting falmon. Thro' the green-wood glade Some love to stray; there lodg'd, amus'd, and fed, 255 In the fresh leaf. Luxurious, others make The meads their choice, and visit every flower, And every latent herb: for the fweet talk, To propagate their kinds, and where to wrap,

In what foft beds, their young yet undifclos'd,
Employs their tender care. Some to the house,
The fold, and dairy, hungry, bend their flight;
Sip round the pail, or taste the curdling cheese:
Oft, inadvertent, from the milky stream
They meet their fate; or, weltering in the bowl,
With powerless wings around them wrapt, expire.

But chief to heedless flies the window proves A constant death; where, gloomily retir'd, The villain spider lives, cunning, and fierce, Mixture abhorr'd! Amid a mangled heap 270 Of carcafes, in eager watch he fits, O'erlooking all his waving fnares around. Near the dire cell the dreadless wanderer oft Passes, as oft the ruffian shews his front; The prey at last enfnar'd, he dreadful darts, 275 With rapid glide, along the leaning line; And, fixing in the wretch his cruel fangs, Strikes backward, grimly pleas'd: the fluttering wing, And shriller sound declare extreme distress, And ask the helping hospitable hand. 280

RESOUNDS the living furface of the ground:
Nor undelightful is the ceaseless hum,
To him who muses thro' the woods at noon;
Or drowsy shepherd, as he lies reclin'd,
With half-shut eyes, beneath the floating shade
Of willows grey, close-crowding o'er the brook.

GRADUAL, from these what numerous kinds descend, Evading even the microscopic eye! Full Nature swarms with life; one wond'rous mass Of animals, or atoms organiz'd, 200 Waiting the vital breath, when PARENT HEAVEN Shall bid his spirit blow. The hoary fen, In putrid steams, emits the living cloud Of pestilence. Thro' subterranean cells, Where fearthing fun-beams scarce can find a way, 295 Earth animated heaves. The flowery leaf Wants not its foft inhabitants. Secure, Within his winding citadel, the stone Holds multitudes. But chief the forest-boughs, That dance unnumber'd to the playful breeze, 300 The downy orchard, and the melting pulp Of mellow fruit, the nameless nations feed Of evanescent insects. Where the pool Stands mantled o'er with green, invisible, Amid the floating verdure millions stray. 305 Each liquid too, whether it pierces, foothes, Inflames, refreshes, or exalts the taste. With various forms abounds. Nor is the stream Of purest crystal, nor the lucid air, Tho' one transparent vacancy it feems, 310 Void of their unfeen people. These, conceal'd By the kind art of forming HEAVEN, escape The groffer eye of man: for, if the worlds In worlds enclos'd should on his fenses burft. From cates ambrofial, and the nectar'd bowl, 315

He would abhorrent turn; and in dead night, When silence sleeps o'er all, be stunn'd with noise.

id.

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LET no prefuming impious railer tax CREATIVE WISDOM, as if aught was form'd In vain, or not for admirable ends. 320 Shall little haughty ignorance pronounce His works unwife, of which the smallest part Exceeds the narrow vision of her mind? As if upon a full proportion'd dome, On fwelling columns heav'd, the pride of art! 325 A critic fly, whose feeble ray scarce spreads An inch around, with blind prefumption bold, Should dare to tax the structure of the whole. And lives the man, whose universal eye Has swept at once th' unbounded scheme of things; Mark'd their dependence fo, and firm accord, 33I As with unfaultering accent to conclude That this availeth nought? Has any feen The mighty chain of beings, lessening down From Infinite Perfection to the brink 335 Of dreary Nothing, desolate abyss! From which astonish'd thought, recoiling turns? Till then, alone let zealous praise ascend, And hymns of holy wonder, to that POWER, Whose wisdom shines as lovely on our minds, 340 As on our fmiling eyes his fervant Sun.

THICK in yon stream of light, a thousand ways, Upward, and downward, thwarting, and convolv'd,

The quivering nations sport; till, tempest-wing'd,
Fierce Winter sweeps them from the face of day. 345
Even so luxurious Men, unheeding, pass
An idle summer-life in fortune's shine,
A season's glitter! Thus they flutter on
From toy to toy, from vanity to vice;
Till, blown away by death, oblivion comes
350
Behind, and strikes them from the book of life.

Now fwarms the village o'er the jovial mead: The rustic youth, brown with meridian toil, Healthful and strong; full as the summer-rose Blown by prevailing funs, the ruddy maid, 355 Half-naked, fwelling on the fight and all Her kindled graces burning o'er her cheek. Even stooping age is here; and infant hands Trail the long rake; or, with the fragrant load O'ercharg'd, amid the kind oppression roll. 360 Wide flies the tedded grain; all in a row Advancing broad, or wheeling round the field, They spread the breathing harvest to the fun. That throws refreshful round a rural smell: Or, as they rake the green-appearing ground, 365 And drive the dusky wave along the mead, The russet hay-cock rises thick behind, In order gay. While heard from dale to dale. Waking the breeze, refounds the blended voice Of happy labour, love, and focial glee. 370

Or rushing thence, in one diffusive band, They drive the troubled flocks, by many a dog Compell'd, to where the mazy-running brook Forms a deep pool; this bank abrupt and high, And that fair-spreading in a pebbled shore. 375 Urg'd to the giddy brink, much is the toil, The clamour much, of men, and boys, and dogs, Ere the foft fearful people to the flood Commit their woolly sides. And oft the swain, On fome impatient feizing, hurls them in: 380 Embolden'd then, nor hesitating more, Fast, fast, they plunge amid the flashing wave, And, panting, labour to the farthest shore. Repeated this, till deep the well-wash'd fleece Has drunk the flood, and from his lively haunt The trout is banish'd by the fordid stream; Heavy, and dripping, to the breezy brow Slow move the harmless race: where, as they spread Their swelling treasures to the sunny ray, Inly diffurb'd, and wondering what this wild 390 Outrageous tumult means, their loud complaints The country fill; and, toss'd from rock to rock, Inceffant bleatings run around the hills. At last, of snowy white, the gather'd flocks Are in the wattled pen innumerous press'd, 395 Head above head; and, rang'd in lufty rows, The shepherds sit, and whet the founding shears. The housewife waits to roll her fleecy stores, With all her gay-drefs'd maids attending round.

One, chief in gracious dignity enthron'd, 400 Shines o'er the rest, the pastoral queen, and rays Her fmiles, fweet-beaming, on her shepherd king; While the glad circle round them yield their fouls To festive mirth, and wit that knows no gall. Meantime, their joyous talk goes on apace : 405 Some mingling stir the melted tar, and some, Deep on the new-shorn vagrant's heaving side, To stamp his master's cypher ready stand; Others th' unwilling wether drag along; And, glorying in his might, the sturdy boy 410 Holds by the twisted horns th' indignant ram. Behold, where bound, and of its robe bereft, By needy Man, that all-depending lord, How meek, how patient, the mild creature lies! What foftness in his melancholy face, 415 What dumb complaining innocence appears! Fear not, ye gentle tribes, 'tis not the knife Of horrid saughter that is o'er you wav'd; No, 'tis the tender fwain's well-guided shears, Who having now, to pay his annual care, 420 Borrow'd your fleece, to you a cumbrous load, Will fend you bounding to your hills again.

A simple scene! yet hence Britannia sees
Her solid grandeur rise: hence she commands
Th' exalted stores of every brighter clime,
The treasures of the sun without his rage:
Hence, fervent all, with culture, toil, and arts,

425

Wide glows her land: her dreadful thunder hence Rides o'er the waves fublime, and now, even now, Impending hangs o'er Gallia's humbled coast; 430 Hence rules the circling deep, and awes the world.

'Tis raging noon; and, vertical, the Sun Darts on the head direct his forceful rays. O'er heaven and earth, far as the ranging eye Can sweep, a dazzling deluge reigns; and all 435 From pole to pole is undistinguish'd blaze. In vain the fight, dejected to the ground, Stoops for relief; thence hot ascending streams And keen reflection pain. Deep to the root. Of vegetation parch'd, the cleaving fields 440 And slippery lawn an arid hue disclose, Blast Fancy's blooms, and wither even the foul. Echo no more returns the chearful found Of sharpening scythe: the mower, finking, heaps O'er him the humid hay, with flowers perfum'd; 445 And scarce a chirping grasshopper is heard Thro' the dumb mead. Distressful nature pants. The very streams look languid from afar; Or, thro' th' unshelter'd glade, impatient, seem To hurl into the covert of the grove. 450

All-conquering Heat, oh, intermit thy wrath!
And on my throbbing temples potent thus
Beam not so sierce! Incessant still you slow,
And still another servent flood succeeds,

Pour'd on the head profuse. In vain I figh, 455 And restless turn, and look around for Night; Night is far off; and hotter hours approach. Thrice happy he, who on the funless side Of a romantic mountain, forest-crown'd, Beneath the whole collected shade reclines : 450 Or in the gelid caverns, woodbine wrought, And fresh bedew'd with ever-spouting streams, Sits coolly calm; while all the world without, Unfatisfy'd, and fick, toffes in noon. Emblem instructive of the virtuous Man. 465 Who keeps his temper'd mind ferene, and pure, And every passion aptly harmoniz'd Amid a jarring world with vice inflam'd.

Welcome, ye shades! ye bowery thickets, hail!
Ye lofty pines! ye venerable oaks!
Ye ashes wild, resounding o'er the steep!
Delicious is your shelter to the soul,
As to the hunted hart the sallying spring,
Or stream full-slowing, that his swelling sides
Laves, as he floats along the herbag'd brink.
Cool thro' the nerves, your pleasing comfort glides,
The heart beats glad; the fresh expanded eye
And ear resume their watch; the sinews knit;
And life shoots swift thro' all the lighten'd limbs.

Around th' adjoining brook, that purls along 480 The vocal grove, now fretting o'er a rock,

Now scarcely moving thro' a reedy pool, Now starting to a fudden stream, and now Gently diffus'd into a limpid plain; A various groupe the herds and flocks compose, Rural confusion! On the graffy bank Some ruminating lye; while others stand Half in the flood, and often bending fip The circling furface. In the middle droops The strong laborious ox, of honest front, 490 Which incompos'd he shakes; and from his sides The troublous infects lashes with his tail, Returning still. Amid his subjects safe, Slumbers the monarch fwain; his careless arm Thrown round his head, on downy moss sustain'd Here laid his scrip, with wholesome viands fill'd; 496 There, list'ning every noise, his watchful dog.

LIGHT fly his flumbers, if perchance a flight
Of angry gad-flies fasten on the herd;
That startling scatters from the shallow brook,
In search of lavish stream. Tossing the foam,
They scorn the keeper's voice, and scour the plain,
Thro' all the bright severity of noon;
While, from their labouring breasts, a hollow moan
Proceeding, runs low-bellowing round the hills. 505

OFT in this feason too, the horse provok'd, While his big sinews full of spirits swell, Trembling with vigour, in the heat of blood, Springs the high fence; and, o'er the field effus'd,
Darts on the gloomy flood, with stedfast eye,
And heart estrang'd to fear: his nervous chest,
Luxuriant, and erect, the seat of strength!
Bears down th' opposing stream: quenchless his thirst,
He takes the river at redoubled draughts;
And with wide nostrils, snorting, skims the wave. 515

STILL let me pierce into the midnight-depth
Of yonder grove, of wildest largest growth:
That, forming high in air a woodland quire,
Nods o'er the mount beneath. At every step,
Solemn, and slow, the shadows blacker fall,
And all is awful list'ning gloom around.

THESE are the haunts of meditation, these The scenes where ancient bards th' inspiring breath, Ecstatic, felt; and, from this world retir'd, Convers'd with angels, and immortal forms, 525 On gracious errands bent; to fave the fall Of virtue struggling on the brink of vice; In waking whifpers, and repeated dreams, To hint pure thought, and warn the favour'd foul For future trials fated to prepare; 530 To prompt the poet who devoted gives His muse to better themes; to soothe the pangs Of dying worth, and from the patriot's breaft (Backward to mingle in detelled war, But foremost when engag'd) to turn the death; 535

And numberless such offices of love, Dayly and nightly, zealous to perform.

SHOOK fudden from the bosom of the sky, A thousand shapes or glide athwart the dusk, Or stalk majestic on. Deep-rous'd, I feel 540 A facred terror, a fevere delight, Creep thro' my mortal frame; and thus, methinks, A voice, than human more, th' abstracted ear " Be not of us afraid, Of Fancy strikes. " Poor kindred Man! thy fellow-creatures, we " From the fame PARENT-Power our beings drew, "The same our Lord, and laws, and great pursuit. " Once some of us, like thee, thro' stormy life, " Toil'd, tempest-beaten, ere we could attain " The holy calm, this harmony of mind, 550 "Where purity and peace immingle charms. "Then fear not us; but with responsive song, " Amid these dim recesses, undisturb'd " By noify folly and discordant vice, " Of Nature fing with us, and Nature's Gop. 555 " Here frequent, at the visionary hour, "When musing midnight reigns, or silent noon, " Angelic harps are in full concert heard, " And voices chanting from the wood-crown'd hill, "The deep'ning dale, or inmost fylvan glade; " A privilege bestow'd by us, alone, " On Contemplation, or the hallow'd ear

" Of Poet, swelling to seraphic strain."

Thus up the mount, in airy vision rapt,

I stray, regardless whither; till the sound

Of a near fall of water every sense

^{*} A young lady, well known to the author, who diedat the age of eighteen, in the year 1738,

Wakes from the charm of thought: fwift-shrinking back, I check my steps, and view the broken scene.

SMOOTH to the shelving brink a copious flood Rolls fair, and placid; where collected all, In one impetuous torrent, down the steep It thundering shoots, and shakes the country round: At first, an azure sheet, it rushes broad; Then whitening by degrees, as prone it falls, 595 And from the loud-resounding rocks below Dash'd in a cloud of foam, it sends aloft A hoary mist, and forms a ceaseless shower. Nor can the tortur'd wave here find repose: But, raging still amid the shaggy rocks, 600 Now flashes o'er the scatter'd fragments, now Aslant the hollow'd channel rapid darts; And falling fast from gradual slope to slope, With wild infracted course, and lessen'd roar, It gains a fafer bed, and steals, at last, 605 Along the mazes of the quiet vale.

INVITED from the cliff, to whose dark brow
He clings, the steep-ascending eagle foars,
With upward pinions thro' the flood of day;
And, giving full his bosom to the blaze,
Gains on the sun; while all the tuneful race,
Smit by afflictive noon, disorder'd droop,
Deep in the thicket; or, from bower to bower
Responsive; force an interrupted strain.

The stock-dove only thro' the forest cooes, 615 Mournfully hoarse; oft ceasing from his plaint, Short interval of weary woe! again The fad idea of his murder'd mate; Struck from his fide by favage fowler's guile, Across his fancy comes; and then resounds 620 A louder fong of forrow thro' the grove.

Beside the dewy border let me fit, All in the freshness of the humid air; There in that hollow'd rock, grotesque and wild, An ample chair moss-lin'd, and over head 625 By flowering umbrage shaded; where the bee Strays diligent, and with th' extracted balm Of fragrant wood-bine loads his little thigh.

Now, whilft I taste the sweetness of the shade, While Nature lyes around deep-lull'd in Noon, Now come, bold Fancy, spread a daring flight, And view the wonders of the torrid zone: Climes unrelenting! with whose rage compar'd, Yon blaze is feeble, and yon skies are cool. See, how at once the bright effulgent fun, 635 Rifing direct, fwift chases from the sky The short-liv'd twilight; and with argent blaze Looks gaily fierce o'er all the dazzling air : He mounts his throne; but kind before him fends, Issuing from the portals of the morn, 640

5

The * general breeze, to mitigate his fire, And breathe refreshment on a fainting world. Great are the scenes, with dreadful beauty crown'd And barbarous wealth, that fee, each circling year, Returning funs and + double seasons pass: Rocks rich in gems, and mountains big with mines, That on the high equator ridgy rife, Whence many a bursting stream auriferous plays: Majestic woods, of every vigorous green, Stage above stage, high waving o'er the hills; 650 Or to the far horizon wide diffus'd, A boundless deep immensity of shade. Here lofty trees, to ancient fong unknown, The noble fons of potent heat and floods Prone-rushing from the clouds, rear high to Heaven Their thorny stems, and broad around them throw 656 Meridian gloom. Here in eternal prime, Unnumber'd fruits; of keen delicious taste And vital spirit, drink amid the cliffs, And burning fands that bank the shrubby vales, 660

^{*} Which blows constantly between the tropics from the east, or the collateral points, the north-east and south-east: caused by the pressure of the rarified air on that before it, according to the diurnal motion of the sun from east to west.

[†] In all climates between the tropics, the fun, as he paffes and repaffes in his annual motion, is twice a-year vertical, which produces this effect.

Redoubled day, yeti n their rugged coats A friendly juice to cool its rage contain.

BEAR me, Pomona! to thy citron groves; To where the lemon and the piercing lime, With the deep orange, glowing through the green, 666 Their lighter glories blend. Lay me reclin'd Beneath the spreading tamarind that shakes, Fann'd by the breeze, its fever-cooling fruit. Deep in the night the masfy locust sheds, Quench my hot limbs; or lead me through the maze, Embowering endless, of the Indian fig; 671 Or thrown at gayer eafe, on some fair brow, Let me behold, by breezy murmurs cool'd, Broad o'er my head the verdant cedar wave, And high palmetos lift their graceful shade. 675 O stretch'd amid these orchards of the sun, Give me to drain the cocoa's milky bowl, And from the palm to draw its fresh'ning wine ! More bounteous far than all the frantic juice Which Bacchus pours. Nor, on its slender twigs 680 Low-bending, be the full pomegranate fcorn'd; Nor, creeping through the woods, the gelid race Of berries. Oft in humble station dwells Unboastful worth, above fastidious pomp. 685 Witness, thou best Anana, thou the pride, Of vegetable life, beyond whate'er The poets imag'd in the golden age:

Quick let me strip thee of thy tufty coat, Spread thy ambrosial stores, and feast with Jove!

Lye stretch'd below, interminable meads,
And vast savannahs, where the wandering eye,
Unsixt, is in a verdant ocean lost.
Another Flora there, of bolder hues,
And richer sweets, beyond our garden's pride,
Plays o'er the fields, and showers with sudden hand
Exuberant Spring: for oft these vallies shift
Their green embroidered robe to siery brown,
And swift to green again, as scorching suns,
Or streaming dews and torrent rains, prevail.

ALONG these lonely regions, where retir'd
From little scenes of art, great Nature dwells
In awful solitude, and nought is seen
But the wild herds that own no master's stall,
Prodigious rivers roll their fattening seas:
On whose luxuriant herbage, half conceal'd,
Like a fallen cedar, far diffus'd his train,
Cas'd in green scales, the crocodile extends.
The slood disparts: behold! in plaited mail,
* Behemoth rears his head. Glanc'd from his side,
The darted steel in idle shivers slies:

711
He fearless walks the plain. or feeks the hills;

^{*} The Hippopotamus, or Sea-horfe.

Where, as he crops his vary'd fare, the herds, In widening circle round, forget their food, And at the harmless stranger wondering gaze.

715

PEACEFUL, beneath primaeval trees, that cast Their ample shade o'er Niger's yellow stream, And where the Ganges rolls his facred wave; Or mid the central depth of blackening woods, High-rais'd in folemn theatre around, 720 Leans the huge elephant: wifest of brutes! O truly wife! with gentle might endow'd, Tho' powerful, not destructive! here he sees Revolving ages sweep the changeful earth, And empires rife and fall; regardless he 725 Of what the never-resting race of Men Project: thrice happy! could he 'scape their guile, Who mine, from cruel avarice, his steps; Or with his towery grandeur swell their state, The pride of kings! or elfe his strength pervert, 730 And bid him rage amid the mortal fray, Astonish'd at the madness of mankind.

Wide o'er the winding umbrage of the floods,
Like vivid bloffoms glowing from afar,
Thick fwarm the brighter birds. For Nature's hand,
That with a sportive vanity has deck'd
736
he plumy nations, there her gayest hues

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Profusely pours. * But if she bids them shine,
Array'd in all the beauteous beams of day,
Yet, frugal still, she humbles them in song.
Nor envy we the gaudy robes they lent
Proud Montezuma's realm, whose legions cast
A boundless radiance waving on the sun,
While Philomel is ours; while in our shades,
Thro' the soft silence of the listening night,
The sober-suited songstress thrills her lay.

Bur come my Muse, the defart-barrier burst, A wide expanse of lifeless fand and sky: And, fwifter than the toiling caravan; Shoot o'er the vale of Sennar; ardent climb 750 The Nubian mountains, and the fecret bounds Of jealous Abyffinia boldly pierce. Thou art no ruffian, who beneath the mask Of focial commerce com'st to rob their wealth; No holy Fury thou, blaspheming HEAVEN, 755 With confecrated steel to stab their peace, And through the land, yet red from civil wounds, To spread the purple tyranny of Rome. Thou, like the harmless bee, may'ft freely range, From mead to mead, bright with exalted flowers, 760 From jasmine grove to grove, may'st wander gay,

[•] In all the regions of the torrid zone, the birds, though more beautiful in their plumage, are observed to be less melodious than ours.

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Thro' palmy shades and aromatic woods, That grace the plains, invest the peopled hills, And up the more than Alpine mountains wave. There on the breezy fummit, spreading fair, For many a league; or on stupendous rocks, That from the fun-redoubling valley lift, Cool to the middle air, their lawny tops; Where palaces, and fanes, and villas rife; And gardens smile around, and cultur'd fields; And fountains gush; and careless herds and flocks Securely stray; a world within itself, Disdaining all affault: there let me draw Ethereal foul, there drink reviving gales, Profusely breathing from the spicy groves, And vales of fragrance; there at distance hear The roaring floods, and cataracts, that sweep From difenibowel'd earth the virgin gold; And o'er the vary'd landscape, restless, rove, Fervent with life of every fairer kind : A land of wonders! which the fun still eyes With ray direct, as of the lovely realm Enamour'd, and delighting there to dwell.

How chang'd the scene! In blazing height of noon, The sun, oppress'd, is plung'd in thickest gloom. 785 Still horror reigns! a dreary twilight round, Of struggling night and day malignant mix'd. For to the hot equator crouding fast, Where, highly rarefy'd, the yielding air

SUMMER.

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on,

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Admits their stream, incessant vapours roll, 790 Amazing clouds on clouds continual heap'd; Or whirl'd tempestuous by the gusty wind, Or filent borne along, heavy, and flow, With the big stores of steaming oceans charg'd. Mean time, amidst these upper seas, condens'd 795 Around the cold aërial mountain's brow, And by conflicting winds together dash'd, The Thunder holds his black tremendous throne: From cloud to cloud the rending Lightnings rage; Till, in the furious elemental war 800 Diffolv'd, the whole precipitated mass Unbroken floods and folid torrents pours.

THE treasures these, hid from the bounded search Of ancient knowledge; whence, with annual pomp, Rich king of floods! o'erflows the fwelling Nile. 805 From his two springs, in Gojam's sunny realm, Pure welling out, he thro' the lucid lake Of fair Dambea rolls his infant stream. There, by the Naiads nurs'd, he sports away His playful youth, amid the fragrant isles, 810 That with unfading verdure smile around. Ambitious, thence the manly river breaks; And gathering many a flood, and copious fed With all the mellow'd treasures of the sky, Winds in progressive majesty along: 815 Thro' fplendid kingdoms now devolves his maze, Now wanders wild o'er solitary tracts

Of life-deferted fand; till, glad to quit
The joyless desart, down the Nubian rocks
From thundering steep to steep, he pours his urn, 820
And Egypt joys beneath the spreading wave.

His brother Niger too, and all the floods
In which the full-form'd maids of Afric lave
Their jetty limbs; and all that form the tract
Of woody mountains stretch'd thro' gorgeous Ind,
Fall on Coromandel's coast, or Malabar;
826
From * Menam's orient stream, that nightly shines
With insect lamps, to where Aurora sheds
On Indus' smiling banks the rosy shower:
All, at this bounteous season, ope their urns,
830
And pour untoiling harvest o'er the land.

Nor less thy world, Columbus, drinks, refresh'd, The lavish moisture of the melting year.

Wide o'er his isles, the branching Oronoque
Rolls a brown deluge; and the native drives

835
To dwell alost on life-sufficing trees,
At once his dome, his robe, his food, and arms.

Swell'd by a thousand streams, impetuous hurl'd

From all the roaring Andes, huge descends

^{*} The river that runs through Siam; on whose banks a vast multitude of those insects called fire-flies, make a beautiful appearance in the night.

840 The mighty * Orellana. Scarce the Muse Dares stretch her wing o'er this enormous mass Of rushing water: scarce she dares attempt The fea-like Plata; to whose dread expanse, Continuous depth, and wondrous length of courfe, Our floods are rills. With unabated force, In filent dignity they fweep along, And traverse realms unknown, and blooming wilds, And fruitful defarts, worlds of folitude, Where the fun fmiles, and feafons teem in vain, Unfeen, and unenjoy'd. Forfaking thefe, 850 O'er peopled plains they fair-diffusive flow, And many a nation feed, and circle fafe, In their foft bosom, many a happy isle; The feat of blameless Pan, yet undisturb'd By Christian crimes and Europe's cruel sons. 855 Thus pouring on they proudly feek the deep, Whose vanquish'd tide, recoiling from the shock, Yields to this liquid weight of half the globe; And ocean trembles for his green domain.

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Bur what avails this wondrous waste of wealth?
This gay profusion of luxurious bliss?
This pomp of Nature? what their balmy meads,
Their powerful herbs, and Ceres void of pain?
By vagrant birds dispers'd, and wasting winds,
What their unplanted fruits? what the cool draughts,

^{*} The river of the Amazons.

Th' ambrofial food, rich gums, and spicy health, 866 Their forest yield? their toiling infects what, Their filky pride, and vegetable robes? Ah! what avail their fatal treasures, hid Deep in the bowels of the pitying earth, 870 Golconda's gems, and fad Potofi's mines; Where dwelt the gentlest children of the fun? What all that Afric's golden rivers roll, Her odorous woods, and shining ivory stores? Ill-fated race! the foftening arts of Peace, 875 Whate'er the humanizing Muses teach; The godlike wisdom of the temper'd breast; Progressive truth, the patient force of thought? Investigation calm, whose filent powers Command the world; the LIGHT that leads to HEAVEN; Kind equal rule, the government of laws, 881 And all protecting FREEDOM, which alone Sustains the name and dignity of Man: These are not theirs. The parent-sun himself Seems o'er this world of flaves to tyrannize: 885 And, with oppressive ray, the roseate bloom Of beauty blafting gives the gloomy hue, And feature gross: or worse, to ruthless deeds, Mad jealoufy, blind rage, and fell revenge, Their fervid spirit fires. Love dwells not there, 890 The fost regards, the tenderness of life, The heart-shed tear, th' ineffable delight Of fweet humanity: these court the beam Of milder climes; in selfish fierce desire,

UMMER.

83 895

And the wild fury of voluptuous fense, There lost. The very brute creation there This rage partakes, and burns with horrid fire.

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910

915

Lo! the green serpent from his dark abode, Which even Imagination fears to tread, At noon forth-iffuing, gathers up his train In orbs immense, then, darting out anew, Seeks the refreshing fount; by which diffus'd, He throws his folds; and while with threat'ning tongue, And deathful jaws erect, the monster curls His flaming crest, all other thirst appall'd, Or shivering slies, or check'd at distance stands, Nor dares approach. But still more direful he, The fmall close-lurking minister of fate, Whose high-concocted venom thro' the veins A rapid light'ning darts, arresting swift The vital current. Form'd to humble Man, This child of vengeful Nature! There fublim'd To fearless lust of blood, the savage race Roam, licens'd by the shading hour of guilt, And foul misdeed, when the pure day has shut His facred eye. The tyger darting fierce Impetuous on the prey his glance has doom'd: The lively-shining leopard, speckled o'er With many a spot, the beauty of the waste; And, scorning all the taming arts of Man, The keen hyena, fellest of the fell. These, rushing from th' inhospitable woods

920

Unhappy he! who from the first of joys,
Society, cut off, is left alone
Amid this world of death. Day after day,
Sad on the jutting eminence he sits,
And views the main that ever toils below;
Still fondly forming in the farthest verge,
Where the round æther mixes with the wave,
Ships, dim-discover'd, dropping from the clouds;
At evening, to the setting sun he turns
A mournful eye, and down his dying heart
Sinks helpless; while the wonted roar is up
And his continual thro' the tedious night.

SUMMER.

85

955

Yet here, even here, into these black abodes Of monsters, unapall'd, from stooping Rome, And guilty Casar, LIBERTY retir'd.

HER CATO following thro' Numidian wilds: Disdainful of Campania's gentle plains, And all the green delights Ausonia pours; When for them she must bend the servile knee, And sawning take the splendid robber's boon.

Nor flop the terrors of thefe regions here. Commission'd demons oft, angels of wrath, 960 Let loofe the raging elements. Breath'd hot, From all the boundless furnace of the sky, And the wide glittering waste of burning fand, A fuffocating wind the pilgrim fmites 965 With instant death. Patient of thirst and toil, Son of the defart! even the camel feels. Shot thro' his wither'd heart, the fiery blaft. Or from the black-red æther, burfting broad, Sallies the fudden whirlwind. Strait the fands, Commov'd around, in gathering eddies play: 970 Nearer and nearer still they darkening come; Till, with the general all-involving storm Swept up, the whole continuous wilds arife; And by their noon-day fount dejected thrown, Or funk at night in fad disastrous sleep, 975 Beneath descending hills, the caravan Is buried deep. In Cairo's crouded streets

Th' impatient merchant, wondering, waits in vain, And Mecca saddens at the long delay.

Bur chief at fea, whose every flexile wave 980 Obeys the blaft, th' aërial tumult swells. In the dread ocean, undulating wide, Beneath the radiant line that girts the globe, The circling * Typhon, whirl'd from point to point, Exhausting all the rage of all the sky, And dire * Ecnephia reign. Amid the heavens, Falfely ferene, deep in a cloudy + speck Compress'd, the mighty tempest brooding dwells: Of no regard, fave to the skilful eye, Fiery and foul, the small prognostic hangs 990 Aloft, or on the promontory's brow Musters his force. A faint deceitful calm, A fluttering gale, the demon fends before, To tempt the spreading fail. Then down at once, Precipitant, descends a mingled mass 995 Of roaring winds, and flame, and rushing floods. In wild amazement fix'd the failor stands. Art is too flow: by rapid fate oppress'd, His broad-wing'd veffel drinks the whelming tide,

^{*} Typhon and Ecnephia, names of particular storms or hurricanes, known only between the tropics.

[†] Called by failors the Ox-eye, being in appearance at first no bigger.

Hid in the bosom of the black abyss.

With such mad seas the daring * Gama sought,

For many a day, and many a dreadful night,

Incessant, lab'ring round the stormy Cape;

By bold ambition led, and bolder thirst

Of Gold. For then from ancient gloom emerg'd 1005

The rising world of trade: the Gensus, then,

Of navigation, that, in hopeless sloth,

Had slumber'd on the vast Aslantic deep,

For idle ages, starting, heard at last

The † Lusitanian Prince; who, heav'n-inspir'd,

To love of useful glory rous'd mankind,

And in unbounded Commerce mix'd the world.

INCREASING still the terrors of these storms,
Her jaws horrisic arm'd with threefold sate,
Here dwells the direful shark. Lur'd by the scent 1015
Of steaming crouds, of rank disease, and death;
Behold! he rushing cuts the briny slood,
Swift as the gale can bear the ship along;
And, from the partners of that cruel trade,
Which spoils unhappy Guinea of her sons,

^{*} VASCO DE GAMA, the first who failed round Africa, by the Cape of Good Hope, to the East-Indies.

[†] Don Henry, third fon to John the First, King of Portugal. His strong genius to the discovery of new countries was the chief source of all modern improvements in navigation.

Demands his share of prey; demands themselves.
The stormy fates descend: one death involves
Tyrants and slaves; when strait, their mangled limbs
Crashing at once, he dyes the purple seas
With gore, and riots in the vengeful meal.

WHEN o'er this world, by equinoctial rains Flooded immense, looks out the joyless sun, And draws the copious steam: from swampy fens, Where putrefaction into life ferments, And breathes destructive myriads; or from woods, 1030 Impenetrable shades, recesses foul, In vapours rank and blue corruption wrapt, Whose gloomy horrors yet no desperate foot Has ever dar'd to pierce; then, wasteful, forth Walks the dire Power of pestilent disease. 1035 A thousand hideous fiends her course attend, Sick Nature blaffing, and to heartlefs woe, And feeble desolation casting down The towering hopes and all the pride of Man. Such as, of late, at Carthagena quench'd 1040 The BRITISH fire. You, gallant VERNON, faw The miserable scene; you, pitying, saw To infant-weakness funk the warrior's arm; Saw the deep-racking pang, the ghaftly form, The lip pale-quivering, and the beamless eye 1045 No more with ardor bright: you heard the groans Of agonizing ships, from shore to shore; Heard, nightly plung'd amid the fullen waves,

The frequent corfe; while on each other fix'd, In fad prefage, the blank affiftants feem'd, 1050 Silent to ask, whom Fate would next demand.

WHAT need I mention these inclement skies, Where, frequent o'er the fick'ning city, Plague, The fiercest child of NEMESIS divine, Descends? * From Ethiopia's poison'd woods, 1055 From stifled Cairo's filth and fetid fields With locust-armies putrifying heap'd, This great destroyer sprung. Her awful rage The brutes escape: Man is her destin'd prey, Intemperate Man! and o'er his guilty domes 1060 She draws a close incumbent cloud of death; Uninterrupted by the living winds, Forbid to blow a wholesome breeze; and stain'd With many a mixture by the fun, fuffus'd, Of angry aspect. Princely Wisdom, then, 1065 Dejects his watchful eye; and from the hand Of feeble Justice, ineffectual, drop The fword and balance: mute the voice of joy, And hush'd the clamour of the busy world. Empty the streets, with uncouth verdure clad; Into the worst of desarts sudden turn'd The chearful haunt of Men: unless escap'd From the doom'd house, where matchless horror reigns,

^{*} These are the causes supposed to be the first origin of the Plague, in Dr. Mead's elegant book on that subject.

Shut up by barbarous fear, the fmitten wretch, With frenzy wild, breaks loofe; and, loud to heaven Screaming, the dreadful policy arraigns, 1076 Inhuman, and unwife. The fullen door, Yet uninfected, on its cautious hinge Fearing to turn, abhors fociety: Dependents, friends, relations, Love himself, 1080 Savag'd by woe, forget the tender tie, The fweet engagement of the feeling heart. But vain their felfish care: the circling sky, The wide enlivening air is full of fate; 1085 And, struck by turns, in solitary pangs They fall, unbless'd, untended, and unmourn'd. Thus o'er the prostrate city black Despair Extends her raven-wing; while, to complete The scene of desolation, stretch'd around, The grim guards stand, denying all retreat, 1090 And give the flying wretch a better death.

MUCH yet remains unfung: the rage intense
Of brazen-vaulted skies, of iron fields,
Where drought and famine starve the blasted year:
Fir'd by the torch of noon to tenfold rage,
Th' infuriate hill that shoots the pillar'd stame;
And, rous'd within the subterranean world,
Th' expanding earthquake, that resistless shakes
Aspiring cities from their solid base,
And buries mountains in the staming gulf,

But 'tis enough; return, my vagrant Muse: A nearer scene of horror calls thee home-

BEHOLD, flow-fettling o'er the lurid grove, Unufual darkness broods; and growing gains The full possession of the sky, surcharg'd 1105 With wrathful vapour, from the fecret beds, Where sleep the mineral generations, drawn. Thence Nitre, Sulphur, and the fiery fpume Of fat Bitumen, steaming on the day, With various-tinctur'd trains of latent flame, IIIO Pollute the fky, and in yon baleful cloud, A reddening gloom, a magazine of fate, Ferment; till, by the touch ethereal rous'd, The dash of clouds, or irritating war Of fighting winds, while all is calm below, 1115 They furious fpring: A boding filence reigns, Dread thro' the dun expanse; fave the dull found That from the mountain, previous to the storm, Rolls o'er the muttering earth, disturbs the flood, And shakes the forest-leaf without a breath 1120 Prone, to the lowest vale, th' aërial tribes Descend: the tempest-loving raven scarce Dares wing the dubious dusk. In rueful gaze The cattle stand, and on the scowling heavens Cast a deploring eye; by Man forfook, 1125 Who to the crouded cottage hies him fast, Or feeks the shelter of the downward cave.

'Tis listening fear, and dumb amazement all: When to the startled eye a sudden glance Appears far fouth, eruptive thro' the cloud; 1130 And following flower, in explosion vast, The Thunder raises his tremendous voice. At first, heard folemn o'er the verge of heaven, The tempest growls; but as it nearer comes, And rolls its awful burden on the wind, 1135 The light'nings flash a larger curve, and more The noise astounds: till over head a sheet Of livid flame discloses wide; then shuts, And opens wider; shuts and opens still Expansive, wrapping aether in a blaze. 1140 Follows the loofened aggravated roar, Enlarging, deepening, mingling; peal on peal Crush'd horrible, convulsing heaven and earth.

Down comes a deluge of sonorous hail,
Or prone descending rain. Wide rent, the clouds 1145
Pour a whole stood; and yet, its stame unquench'd,
Th' unconquerable light'ning struggles through,
Ragged and sterce, or in red whirling balls,
And stress the mountains with redoubled rage. 1149
Black from the stroke, above, the smould'ring pine
Stands a sad shatter'd trunk; and, stretch'd below,
A lifeless groupe, the blasted cattle lye:
Here the soft slocks, with that same harmless look
They wore alive, and ruminating still
In sancy's eye: and there the frowning bull

And ox half-rais'd. Struck on the castled-cliff,
The venerable tower, and spiry fane
Resign their aged pride. The gloomy woods
Start at the stash, and from the deep recess,
Wide-staming out, their trembling inmates shake. 1160
Amid Carnarvon's mountains rages loud
The repercussive roar; with mighty crush,
Into the stashing deep, from the rude rocks
Of Penmanmaur heap'd hideous to the sky,
Tumble the smitten cliffs; and Snowden's peak,
Dissolving, instant yields his wint'ry load.
Far seen, the heights of heathy Cheviot blaze,
And Thule bellows thro' her utmost isses.

Guilt hears apall'd, with deeply-troubled thought.

And yet not always on the guilty head

Descends the fated flash. Young Celadon

And his Amelia were a matchless pair;

With equal virtue form'd, and equal grace,

The same, distinguished by their sex alone:

Hers the mild lustre of the blooming morn,

And his the radiance of the risen day.

THEY lov'd: but fuch their guileless passion was,
As in the dawn of time inform'd the heart
Of innocence, and undissembling truth.
'Twas friendship heighten'd by the mutual wish, 1180
Th' inchanting hope, and sympathetic glow,
Beam'd from the mutual eye. Devoting all

1185

So pass'd their life, a clear united stream, By care unruffled; till, in evil hour, 1190 The tempest caught them on the tender walk, Heedless how far, and where its mazes stray'd, While, with each other bless'd, creative love Still bade eternal Eden smile around. Prefaging instant fate, her bosom heav'd 1195 Unwonted fighs, and stealing oft a look Of the big gloom, on CELADON her eye Fell tearful, wetting her disorder'd cheek. In vain affuring love, and confidence 2011 In HEAVEN, repress'd her fear; it grew, and shook Her frame near diffolution. He perceiv'd Th' unequal conflict, and as angels look On dying faints, his eyes compassion shed, With love illumin'd high. " Fear not," he faid, " Sweet innocence! thou stranger to offence,

" And inward form! He who yon skies involves

46 In frowns of darkness, ever smiles on thee

" With kind regard. O'er thee the fecret shaft

" That wastes at midnight, or th' undreaded hour

" Of noon, flies harmless: and that very voice, 1210

- "Which thunders terror thro' the guilty heart,
- " With tongues of feraphs whispers peace to thine.
- " 'Tis fafety to be near thee fure, and thus
- "To class persection!" From his void embrace, 1214
 Mysterious Heaven! that moment to the ground,
 A blacken'd corse, was struck the beauteous maid.
 But who can paint the lover, as he stood,
 Piere'd by severe amazement, hating life.
 Speechless, and six'd in all the death of woe!
 So, faint resemblance, on the marble tomb,
 The well-dissembled mourner stopping stands,
 For ever silent, and for ever sad.

As from the face of heaven the shatter'd clouds
Tumultuous rove, th' interminable sky
Sublimer swells, and o'er the world expands
A purer azure. Thro' the lightened air
A higher lustre and a clearer calm,
Diffusive, tremble; while, as if in sign
Of danger past, a glittering robe of joy,
Set off abundant by the yellow ray,
Invests the flelds; and Nature smiles reviv'd.

'Tis beauty all, and grateful fong around,
Join'd to the low of kine, and numerous bleat
Of flocks thick-nibbling thro' the clover'd vale.
And shall the hymn be marr'd by thankless Man, 1235.
Most favour'd; who with voice articulate
Should lead the chorus of this lower world?

Shall he, so soon forgetful of the hand
'That hush'd the thunder, and serenes the sky,
Extinguish'd feel that spark the tempest wak'd,
That sense of powers exceeding far his own,
Ere yet his feeble heart has lost its sears?

CHEAR'D by the milder beam, the sprightly youth
Speeds to the well-known pool, whose crystal depth
A sandy bottom shews. A while he stands
I245
Gazing th' inverted landscape, half-astraid
To meditate the blue prosound below;
Then plunges headlong down the circling slood.
His ebon tresses, and his rosy cheek
Instant emerge; and thro' th' obedient wave
I250
At each short breathing by his lip repell'd,
With arms and legs according well, he makes,
As humour leads, an easy-winding path;
While, from his polish'd sides, a dewy light
Effuses on the pleas'd spectators round.

This is the purest exercise of health,

The kind refresher of the summer-heats;

Nor, when cold winter keens the bright'ning flood,

Would I, weak-shivering, linger on the brink.

Thus life redoubles, and is oft preserv'd,

1260

By the bold swimmer, in the swift elapse

Of accident disastrous. Hence the limbs

Knit into force; and the same Roman arm,

That rose victorious o'er the conquer'd earth,

First learn'd, while tender, to subdue the wave. 1265
Even, from the body's purity, the mind
Receives a secret sympathetic aid.

CLOSE in the covert of an hazel copfe, Where winded into pleasing solitudes Runs out the rambling dale, young Damon fat Pensive, and pierc'd with love's delightful pangs. There to the stream that down the distant rocks Hoarfe-murmuring fell, and plaintive breeze that play'd, Among the bending willows falfely he Of Musidora's cruelty complain'd. 1275 She felt his flame; but deep within her breaft, In bashful coyness, or in maiden pride, The foft return conceal'd; fave when it stole In fide-long glances from her downcast eye, Or from her swelling foul in stifled fighs. 1280 Touch'd by the scene, no stranger to his vows, He fram'd a melting lay, to try her heart; And, if an infant-passion struggled there, To call that pathon forth. Thrice happy fwain! 1285 A lucky chance, that oft decides the fate Of mighty monarchs, then decided thine. For lo! conducted by the laughing loves, This cool retreat his Musidora fought: Warm in her cheek the fultry feafon glow'd; And, rob'd in loofe array, she came to bathe Her fervent limbs in the refreshing stream. What shall he do? In sweet confusion lost,

And dubious flutterings, he a while remain'd: A pure ingenuous elegance of foul, A delicate refinement, known to few, 1295 Perplex'd his breast, and urg'd him to retire; But love forbade. Ye prudes in virtue, fay, Say, ye feverest, what would you have done? Meantime, this fairer nymph than ever bless'd Arcadian stream, with timid eye around 1300 The banks furveying, stripp'd her beauteous limbs, To taste the lucid coolness of the flood, Ah then! not Paris on the piny top Of Ida panted stronger, when aside The rival-goddesses the veil divine 1305 Cast unconfin'd, and gave him all their charms, Than, Damon, thou; as from the fnowy leg, And slender foot, th' inverted filk she drew; As the foft touch diffolv'd the virgin zone; And, thro' the parting robe, th' alternate breast, 1310 With youth wild-throbbing, on thy lawless gaze In full luxuriance rose. But, desperate youth, How dost thou risk the soul-distracting view, As from her naked limbs of glowing white, Harmonious swell'd by Nature's finest hand, 1315 In folds loofe-floating fell the fainter lawn; And fair expos'd she stood, shrunk from herself, With fancy blushing, at the doubtful breeze Alarm'd, and starting like the fearful fawn? Then to the flood she rush'd; the parted flood Its lovely guest with closing waves receiv'd;

And every beauty foftening, every grace Flushing anew, a mellow lustre shed: As shines the lily through the chrystal mild; Or as the rose amid the morning-dew, 1325 Fresh from Aurora's hand, more sweetly glows. While thus she wanton'd, now beneath the wave But ill-conceal'd; and now with streaming locks, That half-embrac'd her in a humid veil, Rifing again the latent Damon drew, 1330 Such madd'ning draughts of beauty to the foul, As for a while o'erwhelm'd his raptur'd thought With luxury too daring. Check'd, at last, By love's respectful modesty, he deem'd The theft profane, if aught profane to love 1335 Can e'er be deem'd; and, struggling from the shade, With headlong hurry fled: but first these lines, Trac'd by his ready pencil, on the bank With trembling hand he threw. " Bathe on, my fair, " Yet unbeheld, fave by the facred eye 1340 " Of faithful love: I go to guard thy haunt, " To keep from thy recess each vagrant foot, " And each licentious eye." With wild furprize, As if to marble struck, devoid of sense, A stupid moment motionless she stood: 1345 So stands the * statue that inchants the world, So bending tries to veil the matchless boast, The mingled beauties of exulting Greece.

[.] The Venus of Medicia

Recovering, fwift she flew to find those robes Which blifsful Eden knew not; and, array'd 1350 In careless haste, th' alarming paper snatch'd, But, when her Damon's well-known hand she faw, Her terrors vanish'd; and a softer train Of mix'd emotions, hard to be describ'd, Her sudden bosom seiz'd: shame void of guilt, 1355 The charming blush of innocence, esteem And admiration of her lover's flame. By modesty exalted: even a sense Of felf-approving beauty stole across Her busy thought. At length a tender calm 1360 Hush'd by degrees the tumult of her foul; And on the spreading beech, that o'er the stream Incumbent hung, she with the fylvan pen Of rural lovers this confession carv'd, Which foon her Damon kis'd with weeping joy: 1365 " Dear youth! fole judge of what these verses mean,

" By fortune too much favour'd, but by love,

" Alas! not favour'd less, be still as now

" Discreet: the time may come you need not fly."

The fun has lost his rage: his downard orb

1370
Shoots nothing now but animating warmth,
And vital lustre; that with various ray,
Lights up the clouds, those beauteous robes of heaven,
Incessant roll'd into romantic shapes,
The dream of waking fancy! Broad below,

1375
Cover'd with ripening fruits, and swelling fast

Into the perfect year, the pregnant earth And all her tribes rejoice. Now the foft hour Of walking comes: for him who lonely loves To feek the diltant hills, and there converse 1380 With Nature: there to harmonize his heart, And in pathetic fong to breathe around The harmony to others. Social friends, Attun'd to happy unison of foul; To whose exalting eye a fairer world, 1385 Of which the vulgar never had a glimpfe, Displays its charms; whose minds are richly fraught With philosophic stores, superior light; And in whose breast, enthusiastic, burns Virtue, the fons of interest deem romance; 1390 Now call'd abroad, enjoy the falling day: Now to the verdant Portico of woods, To Nature's vast Lyceum, forth they walk; By that kind School where no proud master reigns, The full free converse of the friendly heart, Improving and improv'd. Now from the world, Sacred to fweet retirement, lovers steal, And pour their fouls in transport, which the SIRE Of love, approving, hears, and calls it good. 1399 Which way AMANDA, shall we bend our course? The choice perplexes. Wherefore should we chuse? All is the fame with thee. Say, shall we wind Along the streams? or walk the smiling mead? Or court the forest-glades? or wander wild Among the waving harvests? or ascend, 1405

While radiant Summer opens all its pride, Thy hill, delightful * Shene? Here let us sweep The boundless landscape: now the raptur'd eye, Exulting, swift to huge Augusta fend, Now to the + Sifter-Hills that skirt her plain, 14IC To lofty Harrow now, and now to where Majestic Windsor lifts his princely brow. In lovely contrast to this glorious view, Calmly magnificent, then will we turn To where the filver THAMES first rural grows. There let the feasted eye unwearied stray: Luxurious, there, rove thro' the pendant woods That nodding hang o'er HARRINGTON's retreat; And, stooping thence to Ham's embowering walks, Beneath whose shades, in spotless peace retir'd, With HER, the pleasing partner of his heart, The worthy QUEENSB'RY yet laments his GAY, And polish'd Cornbury wooes the willing Muse, Slow let us trace the matchless VALE of THAMES; Fair-winding up to where the Muses haunt In Twit'nam's bowers, and for their Pope implore The healing God 1; to royal Hampton's pile, To Claremont's terrafs'd height, and Esber's groves,

^{*} The old name of Richmond; fignifying in Saxon shining of filendor.

⁺ Highgate and Hamflead.

[!] In his last fickness.

Where in the sweetest solitude, embrac'd

By the soft windings of the silent Mole,

From courts and senates Pelham sinds repose.

Inchanting vale! beyond whate'er the Muse

Has of Achaia or Hesperia sung!

O vale of bliss! O softly-swelling hills!

On which the power of cultivation lies,

And joys to see the wonder of his toil.

Heavens! what a goodly prospect spreads around,
Of hills, and dales, and woods, and lawns, and spires,
And glittering towns, and gilded streams, till all
The stretching landscape into smoke decays! 1440
Happy Britannia! where the Queen of Arts,
Inspiring vigour, Liberty abroad
Walks unconfin'd, even to thy farthest cotts,
And scatters plenty with unsparing hand.

RICH is thy soil, and merciful thy clime; 1445.

Thy streams unfailing in the Summer's drought;
Unmatch'd thy guardian oaks; thy valleys float
With golden waves: and on thy mountains flocks
Bleat numberless; while, roving round their sides,
Bellow the blackening herds in lusty droves: 1450
Beneath, thy meadows glow, and rise unquell'd
Against the mower's scythe. On every hand
Thy villas shine. Thy country teems with wealth;
And property assures it to the swain,
Pleas'd and unweary'd, in his guarded toil. 1455

Full are thy cities with the fons of art;
And trade and joy in every bufy street,
Mingling, are heard: even Drudgery himself,
As at the car he sweats, or dusty hews
The palace-stone, looks gay. Thy crouded ports,
Where rising masts and endless prospect yield,
With labour burn, and eccho to the shouts
Of hurried sailor, as he hearty waves
His last adieu, and loosening every sheet,
Resigns the spreading vessel to the wind.

Bold, firm and graceful, are thy generous youth,
By hardship sinew'd, and by danger sir'd,
Scattering the nations where they go; and sirst
Or on the listed plain or stormy seas.
Mild are thy glories too, as o'er the plans
Of thriving peace thy thoughtful sires preside;
In genius, and substantial learning, high:
For every virtue, every worth renown'd;
Sincere, plain-hearted, hospitable, kind;
Yet like the mustering thunder when provok'd,
The dread of tyrants, and the sole resource
Of those that under grim oppression groan.

THY SONS of GLORY many! ALFRED thine,
In whom the splendour of heroic war,
And more heroic peace, when govern'd well,
Combine; whose hallow'd name the virtues faint,
And his own Muses love; the best of Kings!

With him thy EDWARDS and thy HENRYS shine, Names dear to Fame; the first who deep impress'd On haughty Gaul the terror of thy arms, 1485 That awes her genius still. In Statesmen thou, And Patriots fertile. Thine a steady MORE, Who, with a generous tho' miftaken zeal, Withstood a brutal tyrant's useful rage, Like CATO firm, like ARISTIDES just, 1490 Like rigid CINCINNATUS nobly poor, A dauntless foul erect, who smil'd on death. Frugal and wife, a WALSINGHAM is thine; A DRAKE, who made thee mistress of the deep, And bore thy name in thunder round the world. 1495 Then flam'd thy spirit high: but who can speak The numerous worthies of the MAIDEN REIGN? In RALEIGH mark their every glory mix'd; RALEIGH, the scourge of Spain! whose breast with all The fage, the patriot, and the hero burn'd. 1500 Nor funk his vigour when a coward-reign The warrior fetter'd, and at last refign'd, To glut the vengeance of a vanquish'd foe. Then, active still and unrestrain'd, his mind Explor'd the vast extent of ages past, 1505 And with his prison-hours enrich'd the world; Yet found no times, in all the long refearch, So glorious, or fo bafe, as those he prov'd, In which he conquer'd, and in which he bled. Nor can the Muse the gallant Sidney pass, 1510 The plume of war! with early laurels crown'd, The Lover's myrtle, and the Poet's bay.

A HAMDEN too is thine, illustrious land, Wife, strengous firm, of unsubmitting foul, Who stemm'd the torrent of a downward age 1515 To flavery prone, and bade thee rife again, In all thy native pump of freedom bold. Bright, at his call, thy Age of Men effulg'd, Of men on whom late time a kindling eye Shall turn, and tyrants tremble while they read. 1520 Bring every sweetest flower, and let me strew The grave where Russel lies; whose temper'd blood, With calmest chearfulness for thee resign'd, Stain'd the fad annals of a giddy reign; Aiming at lawless power, tho' meanly sunk 1525 In loofe inglorious luxury. With him His Friend the * BRITISH CASSIUS, fearless bled; Of high-determin'd spirit, roughly brave, By ancient learning to th' enlighten'd love Of ancient freedom warm'd. Fair thy renown 1530 In awful Sages and in noble Bards; Soon as the light of dawning science spread Her orient ray, and waked the Muses' song, Thine is a BACON; hapless in his choice; Unfit to stand the civil storm of state, 1535 And thro' the smooth barbarity of courts,

Algernon Sidney.

With firm but pliant virtue, forward still To urge his courfe: him for the studious shade Kind Nature form'd, deep, comprehensive, clear, Exact, and elegant; in one rich foul 1540 PLATO, the STAGYRITE, and TULLY join'd. The great deliverer he! who from the gloom Of cloister'd monks, and jargon-teaching schools, Led forth the true Philosophy, there long Held in the magic chain of words and forms, And definitions void: he led her forth, Daughter of HEAVEN! that flow ascending still, Investigating fure the chain of things, With radiant finger points to HEAVEN again. The generous * Ashley thine, the friend of Man; Who scann'd his nature with a brother's eye, His weakness prompt to shade, to raise his aim, To touch the finer movements of the mind, And with the moral beauty charm the heart. Why need I name thy BOYLE, whose pious fearch, Amid the dark recesses of his works, 1556 The great CREATOR fought? And why thy LOCKE, Who made the whole internal world his own? Let NEWTON, pure intelligence, whom God To mortals lent, to trace his boundless works From laws fublimely simple, speak thy fame. In all philosophy. For lofty fense, Creative fancy, and inspection keen

Anthony Ashley Cooper, Earl of Shaftesbury.

Thro' the deep windings of the human heart, Is not wild SHAKESPEAR thine and Nature's boast? Is not each great, each amiable Mufe 1566 Of classic ages in thy MILTON met? A genius universal as his theme; Aftonishing as Chaos, as the bloom Of blooming Eden fair, as Heaven sublime. 1570 Nor shall my verse that elder bard forget, The gentle Spenser, Fancy's pleasing fon : Who, like a copious river, pour'd his fong O'er all the mazes of inchanted ground : Nor thee, his ancient master, laughing sage, 1575 CHAUCER, whose native manners-painting verse, Well-moraliz'd, shines thro' the Gothic cloud Of time and language o'er thy genius thrown.

MAY my fong foften, as thy DAUGHTERS I,
BRITANNIA, hail! for beauty is their own,
The feeling heart, simplicity of life,
And elegance, and taste: the faultless form,
Shap'd by the hand of harmony; the cheek,
Where the live crimson, thro' the native white
Sost-shooting, o'er the face dissufes bloom,
And every nameless grace; the parted lip,
Like the red rose-bud moist with morning-dew,
Breathing delight; and, under flowing jet,
Or sunny ringlets, or of circling brown,
The neck slight-shaded, and the swelling breast; 1590
The look resistless, piercing to the soul,

And by the foul inform'd, when drefs'd in love She fits high-fmiling in the conscious eye.

Island of blifs! amid the subject seas,
That thunder round thy rocky coasts, set up,
At once the wonder, terror and delight,
Of distant nations; whose remotest shores
Can soon be shaken by thy naval arm;
Not to be shook thyself, but all assaults
Bassling, as thy hoar cliffs the loud sea-wave.

O THOU! by whose almighty nod the scale Of empire rises, or alternate falls, Send forth the faving VIRTUES round the land, In bright patrol: white Peace, and focial Love; 1605 The tender-looking Charity, intent On gentle deeds, and shedding tears thro' smiles; Undaunted Truth, and Dignity of mind; Courage compos'd, and keen; found Temperance, Healthful in heart and look; clear Chaffity, With blushes redd'ning as she moves along, 1610 Disorder'd at the deep regard she draws; Rough Industry; Adivity untir'd, With copious life inform'd, and all awake: While in the radiant front, Superior shines That first paternal virtue, Public Zeal; 1615 Who throws o'er all an equal wide furvey, And, ever musing on the common weal, Still labours glorious with some great design,

Low walks the fun, and broadens by degrees, Just o'er the verge of day. The shifting clouds 1620 Affembled gay, a richly gorgeous train, In all their pomp attend his fetting throne. Air, earth, and ocean fmiles immense. And now, As if his weary chariot fought the bowers Of Amphitrite, and her tending nymphs, 1625 (So Grecian fable fung) he dips his orb; Now half immers'd; and now a golden curve Gives one bright glance, then total disappears.

For ever running an inchanted round, Passes the day, deceitful, vain, and void; 1630 As fleets the vision o'er the formal brain, This moment hurrying wild th' impassion'd foul, The next in nothing loft. 'Tis fo to him, The dreamer of this earth, an idle blank: A fight of horror to the cruel wretch, 1635 Who all day long in fordid pleafure roll'd Himself an useless load, has squander'd vile, Upon his scoundrel train, what might have chear'd A drooping family of modest worth. But to the generous still-improving mind, 1640 That gives the hopeless heart to sing for joy, Diffusing kind beneficence around, Boastless, as now descends the filent dew; To him the long review of order'd life Is inward rapture, only to be felt. 1645 Confess'd from yonder flow-extinguish'd clouds,

All ather foft'ning, fober Evening takes Her wonted station in the middle air; A thousand shadows at her beck. First this She fends on earth; then that of deeper dye 1650 Steals foft behind; and then a deeper still, In circle following circle, gathers round, To close the face of things. A fresher gale Begins to wave the wood, and stir the stream, Sweeping with shadowy gust the fields of corn; While the quail clamours for his running mate. Wide o'er the thiftly lawn, as fwells the breeze, A whitening shower of vegetable down The kind impartial care Amusive floats. Of nature nought disdains: thoughtful to feed 1660 Her lowest sons, and clothe the coming year, From field to field the feather'd feeds she wings.

His folded flock secure, the shepherd home
Hies, merry-hearted; and by turns relieves
The ruddy milk-maid of her brimming pail;
The beauty whom perhaps his witless heart,
Unknowing what the joy-mix'd anguish means,
Sincerely loves, by that blest language shewn
Of cordial glances, and obliging deeds.
Onward they pass, o'er many a panting height,
And valley sunk, and unfrequented; where
At fall of eve the fairy people throng,
In various game, and revelry, to pass
The summer-night, as village-stories tell.

But far about they wander from the grave

Of him, whom his ungentle fortune urg'd

Against his own sad breast, to lift the hand

Of impious violence. The lonely tower

Is also shunn'd; whose mournful chambers hold,

So night-struck fancy dreams, the yelling ghost, 1680

Among the crooked lanes, on every hedge, The glow-worm lights his gem; and, thro' the dark, A moving radiance twinkles. Evening yields The world to Night; not in her winter-robe Of massy Stygian woof, but loose array'd 1685 In mantle dun: A faint erroneous ray, Glanc'd from th' imperfect furfaces of things, Flings half an image on the straining eye; While wavering woods, and villages, and streams And rocks, and mountain-tops, that long retain'd 1690 Th' afcending gleam, are all one fwimming scene, Uncertain if belield. Sudden to heaven Thence weary vision turns; where, leading foft The filent hours of love, with pureft ray Sweet Venus shines; and from her genial rife 1695 When day-light fickens till it springs afresh, Unrival'd reigns, the fairest lamp of night, As thus th' effulgence tremulous I drink, With cherish'd gaze, the lambent light'nings shoot Acrofs the fky; or horizontal dart, 1700 In wond'rous shapes: by fearful murmuring crouds Portentous deem'd. Amid the radiant orbs.

SUMMER.

113

That more than deck, that animate the sky, The life-infusing suns of other worlds; Lo! from the dead immensity of space 1705 Returning, with accelerated course, The rushing comet to the fun descends: And as he finks below the shading earth, With awful train projected o'er the heavens, The guilty nations tremble. But, above 1710 Those superstitious horrors that enslave The fond fequacious herd, to mystic faith And blind amazement prone, th' enlighten'd few, Whose godlike minds philosophy exalts, The glorious stranger hail. They feel a joy 1715 Divinely great; they in their powers exult, That wond'rous force of thought, which mounting spurns This dusky spot, and measures all the sky; While, from his far excursion thro' the wilds Of barren æther, faithful to his time, 1720 They see the blazing wonder rise anew, In feeming terror clad, but kindly bent To work the will of all-fustaining LOVE: From his huge vapoury train perhaps to shake Reviving moisture to the numerous orbs 1725 Thro' which his long ellipsis winds; perhaps To lend new fuel to declining funs, To light up worlds, and feed th' eternal fire.

WITH thee, serene PHILOSOPHY, with thee, And thy bright garland, let me crown my song! 1730

Effusive source of evidence and truth! A lustre shedding o'er th' ennobled mind, Stronger than fummer-noon; and pure as that, Whose mild vibrations soothe the parted soul, New to the dawning of celestial day. 1735 Hence thro' her nourish'd powers, enlarg'd by thee, She fprings aloft, with elevated pride, Above the tangling mass of low desires, That bind the fluttering croud; and, angel-wing'd, The heights of science and of virtue gains. Where all is calm and clear: with Nature round, Or in the starry regions, or th' abyss, To Reason's and to Fancy's eye display'd: The First up-tracing, from the dreary void, The chain of causes and effects, to Him, 1745 The world-producing Essence, who alone Possesses being; while the Last receives The whole magnificence of heaven and earth, And every beauty, delicate or bold, Obvious or more remote, with livelier fense 1750 Diffusive painted on the rapid mind.

TUTOR'D by thee, hence POETRY exalts Her voice to ages; and informs the page With music, image, fentiment, and thought, Never to die! the treasure of mankind! 1755 Their highest honour, and their truest joy !

WITHOUT thee what were unenlighten'd Man? A favage roaming thro' the woods and wilds, In quest of prey; and with th' unfashion'd fur 1760 Rough clad; devoid of every finer art, And elegance of life. Nor happiness Domestic, mix'd of tenderness and care, Nor moral excellence, nor focial blifs, Nor guardian law were his; nor various skill 1765 To turn the furrow, or to guide the tool Mechanic; nor the heaven-conducted prow Of navigation bold, that fearless braves The burning line, or dares the wint'ry pole; Mother severe of infinite delights! Nothing, fave rapine, indolence and guile, 1770 And woes on woes, a still rovolving train! Whose horrid circle had made human life Than non-existence worse: but, taught by thee, Ours are the plans of policy and peace; To live like brothers, and conjunctive all 1775 Embellish life. While thus laborious crouds Ply the tough oar, PHILOSOPHY directs The ruling helm; or like the liberal breath Of potent Heaven, invisible, the fail Swells out, and bears th' inferior world along.

Nor to this evanescent speck of earth Poorly confin'd, the radiant tracks on high Are her exalted range; intent to gaze Creation thro'; and, from that full complex

Of never-ending wonders, to conceive 1785 Of the Sole Being right, who fpoke the word, And Nature mov'd complete. With inward view Thence on th' ideal kingdom swift she turns Her eye; and instant, at her powerful glance, Th' obedient phantoms vanish or appear; 1790 Compound, divide, and into order shift, Each to his rank, from plain perception up To the fair forms of Fancy's fleeting train: To Reason then, deducing truth from truth; And notion quite abstract; where first begins 1795 The world of spirits, action all, and life Unfetter'd, and unmix'd. But here the cloud, So wills ETERNAL PROVIDENCE, fits deep. Enough for us to know that this dark state, In wayward passions lost, and vain pursuits, 1800 This infancy of being, cannot prove The final iffue of the works of GoD. By boundless Love and perfect Wisdom form'd, And ever rifing with the rifing mind.

A U T U M N. 1730.



The ARGUMENT.

The subject proposed. Addressed to Mr. Onslow. Reflections in prospect of the fields ready for barvest. praise of industry, raised by that view. Reaping. A tale relative to it. A barvest-storm. Shooting and hunting, their barbarity. A ludicrous account of fox-hunting. A view of an orchard. Wall-fruit. A vineyard. A description of fogs, frequent in the latter part of AUTUMN: whence a digression, enquiring into the rise of fountains and rivers. Birds of season considered, that now Shift their habitation. The prodigious number of them that cover the northern and western isles of SCOTLAND. Hence a view of the country. A profped of the discoloured fading woods. After a gentle dusky day, moon-light. Autumnal meteors. Morning: to which succeeds a calm, pure, sun-shiny day, such as usually Souts up the season. The barvest being gathered in, the country diffolved in joy. The whole concludes with a panegyric on a philosophical country life.



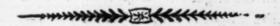
AUTUMN.



PALEMON, and LAVINIA.



AUTUMN.



CROWN'D with the fickle and the wheaten sheaf, While AUTUMN, nodding o'er the yellow plain, Comes jovial on; the Doric reed once more, Well pleas'd I tune. Whate'er the Wint'ry frost Nitrous prepar'd; the various-blossom'd Spring
Put in white promise forth; and Summer-suns
Concocted strong, rush boundless now to view,
Full, perfect all, and swell my glorious theme.

Onstow I the Muse, ambitious of thy name,
To grace, inspire, and dignify her song,
Would from the public voice thy gentle ear,
A-while engage. Thy noble cares she knows,
The patriot virtues that distend thy thought,
Spread on thy front, and in thy bosom glow;
While listening senates hang upon thy tongue,
Devolving thro the maze of eloquence
A roll of periods, sweeter than her song.

But she too pants for public virtue; she,
Though weak in power, yet strong in ardent will,
When e'er her country rushes on her heart,
Assumes a bolder note, and fondly tries
To mix the patriot's with the poet's stame.

WHEN the bright Virgin gives the beauteous days, And Libra weighs in equal scales the year; From heaven's high cope the fierce effulgence shook 25 Of parting Summer, a ferener blue, With golden light enliven'd wide invests The happy world. Attemper'd funs arise, Sweet-beam'd, and shedding oft thro' lucid clouds A pleasing calm; while broad, and brown, below Extensive harvests hang the heavy head. Rich, filent, deep, they stand; for not a gale Rolls its light billows o'er the bending plain; A calm of plenty! till the ruffled air Falls from its poife, and gives the breeze to blow. Rent is the fleecy mantle of the fky; The clouds fly different; and the fudden fun By fits effulgent gilds th' illumin'd field, And black by fits the shadows sweep along, A gaily-chequer'd heart-expanding view, 40 Far as the circling eye can shoot around, Unbounded toffing in a flood of corn.

THESE are thy bleffings, INDUSTRY! rough power! Whom labour still attends, and sweat, and pain;

UTUMN. 123 Yet the kind fource of ev'ry gentle art, 45 And all the foft fimplicity of life: Raifer of human kind! by Nature cast, Naked, and helplefs, out amid the woods And wilds, to rude inclement elements : With various feeds of art deep in the mind Implanted, and profufely pour'd around Materials infinite : but idle all. Still unexerted in th' unconscious breaft, Slept the lethargic powers; Corruption still, Voracious, swallow'd what the liberal hand 55 Of bounty fcatter'd o'er the favage year: And still the fad barbarian, roving, mix'd With beafts of prey; or for his acorn-meal Fought the fierce tulky boar; a shivering wretch! Aghast, and comfortless, when the bleak north, 60 With winter charg'd, let the mix'd tempest fly, Hail, rain, and fnow, and bitter-breathing frost: Then to the shelter of the hut he fled; And the wild feafon, fordid, pin'd away. For home he had not; home is the refort 65 Of love, of joy, of peace and plenty, where, Supporting, and supported, polish'd friends, And dear relations mingle into blifs. But this the rugged favage never felt, Even desolate in crouds; and thus his days Roll'd heavy, dark, and unenjoy'd along: A waste of time! till Industry approach'd, And rous'd him from his miferable floth :

THEN gathering men their natural powers combin'd,
And form'd a Public; to the general good.
Submitting, aiming, and conducting all.
For this the Patriot-council met, the full,
The free, and fairly-represented Whole;
For this they plann'd the holy guardian laws;

Distinguish'd orders, animated arts,
And with joint force Oppression chaining, set
Imperial Justice at the helm; yet still
To them accountable: nor slavish dream'd
That toiling millions must resign their weal,
And all the honey of their search, to such
As for themselves alone themselves have rais'd.

Hence every form of cultivated life
In order fet; protected, and inspir'd,
Into perfection wrought. Uniting all,
Society grew numerous, high, polite,
And happy. Nurse of art! the city rear'd,
In beauteous pride, her tower-incircled head;
And, stretching street on street, by thousands drew,
Is From twining woody haunts, or the tough yew
To bows strong-straining, her aspiring sons.

THEN COMMERCE brought into the public walk
The bufy merchant; the big warehouse built;
Rais'd the strong crane; choak'd up the loaded street
With foreign plenty; and thy stream, O THAMES, 121
Large, gentle, deep, majestic, king of sloods!
Chose for his grand resort. On either hand,
Like a long wint'ry forest, groves of masts
Shot up their spires; the bellowing sheet between 125
Posses'd the breezy void; the sooty hulk
Steer'd sluggish on; the splendid barge along
Row'd, regular, to harmony; around,

The boat, light-skimming, stretch'd its oary wings;
While deep the various voice of fervent toil 130
From bank to bank encreas'd; whence, ribb'd with oak,
To bear the BRITISH THUNDER, black, and bold,
The roaring vessel rush'd into the main.

THEN too, the pillar'd dome, magnific, heav'd

Its ample roof; and luxury within

Pour'd out her glittering stores: the canvas smooth,

With glowing life protuberant, to the view

Embodied rose; the statue seem'd to breathe,

And soften into slesh, beneath the touch

Of forming art, imagination-slush'd.

ALL is the gift of INDUSTRY; whate'er
Exalts, embellishes, and renders life
Delightful. Pensive Winter, chear'd by him,
Sits at the social fire, and happy hears
Th' excluded tempest idly rave along;
His harden'd fingers deck the gaudy Spring:
Without him Summer were an arid waste;
Nor to th' autumnal months could thus transmit
Those full, mature, immeasurable stores,
That waving round, recall my wandering song.

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150

Soon as the morning trembles o'er the sky, And, unperceiv'd, unfolds the spreading day; Before the ripened field the reapers sland, In fair array; each by the lass he loves,

UTUMN. 125 To bear the rougher part, and mitigate, 155 By nameless gentle offices, her toil. At once they stoop and swell the lusty sheaves; While thro' their chearful band the rural talk, The rural fcandal, and the rural jest, Fly harmless, to deceive the tedious time, 160 And steal, unfelt, the fultry hours away. Behind the master walks, builds up the shocks; And, conscious, glancing oft on every side His fated eye, feels his heart heave with joy. The gleaners spread around, and here and there, 165 Spike after spike their scanty harvest pick. Be not too narrow, husbandmen! but fling From the full sheaf, with charitable stealth, The liberal handful. Think, oh grateful think! How good the God of HARVEST is to you; 170 Who pours abundance o'er your flowing fields; While these unhappy partners of your kind Wide-hover round you, like the fowls of heaven, And ask their humble dole. The various turns Of fortune ponder; that your fons may want 175 What now, with hard reluctance, faint, ye give.

The lovely young Lavinia once had friends;
And fortune, fmil'd deceitful, on her birth.
For, in her helpless years, depriv'd of all
Of every stay, fave Innocence and Heaven,
She with her widow'd mother, feeble, old,
And poor, liv'd in a cottage, far retir'd

Among the windings of a woody vale; By solitude and deep-furrounding shades, But more by bashful modesty, conceal'd. 185 Together thus they shunn'd the cruel scorn Which virtue funk to poverty would meet From giddy passion and low-minded pride: Almost on Nature's common bounty fed; Like the gay birds that fung them to repose, 190 Content and careless of to-morrow's fare. Her form was fresher than the morning rose, When the dew wets its leaves; unstain'd, and pure, As is the lily, or the mountain-fnow. The modest virtues mingled in her eyes, 195 Still on the ground dejected, darting all Their humid beams into the blooming flowers: Or when the mournful tale her mother told, Of what her faithless fortune promis'd once, Thrill'd in her thought, they, like the dewy star Of evening, shone in tears. A native grace Sate fair-proportion'd on her polish'd limbs, Veil'd in a simple robe, their best attire, Beyond the pomp of dress; for loveliness Needs not the foreign aid of ornament, 205 But is when unadorn'd adorn'd the most. Thoughtless of beauty. she was beauty's felf, Rec'use amid the close embowering woods. As in the hollow breast of Appenine, Beneath the shelter of incircling hills, 210 A myrtle rises, far from human eye,

And breathes its balmy fragrance o'er the wild; So flourish'd blooming, and unseen by all, The fweet LAVINIA; till, at length compell'd By strong necessity's supreme command, 215 With smiling patience in her looks, she went To glean PALEMON's fields. The pride of fwains PALEMON was, the generous, and the rich; Who led the rural life in all its joy And elegance, fuch as Arcadian fong 220 Transmits from ancient uncorrupted times; When tyrant custom had not shackled man, But free to follow Nature was the mode. He then, his fancy with autumnal scenes Amusing, chanc'd beside his reaper-train 225 To walk, when poor LAVINIA drew his eye; Unconscious of her power, and turning quick With unaffected blushes from his gaze : He faw her charming, but he faw not half The charms her downcast modesty conceal'd. 230 That very moment love and chaste defire Sprung in his bosom, to himself unknown; For still the world prevail'd, and its dread laugh, Which scarce the firm philosopher can scorn, Should his heart own a gleaner in the field: 235 And thus in fecret to his foul he figh'd.

[&]quot;WHAT pity! that so delicate a form,
"By beauty kindled, where enlivening sense
"And more than vulgar goodness seem to dwell,

240

" Of old Acasto's line; and to my mind

" Recalls that patron of my happy life,

" From whom my liberal fortune took its rife;

" Now to the dust gone down; his houses, lands, 245

" And once fair-spreading family, dissolv'd.

"Tis faid that in some lone obscure retreat,

" Urg'd by remembrance fad, and decent pride,

" Far from those scenes which knew their better days,

" His aged widow and his daughter live,

" Whom yet my fruitless fearch could never find.

" Romantic wish! would this the daughter were!"

When, strict enquiring, from herself he found
She was the same, the daughter of his friend,
Of bountiful Acasto; who can speak
The mingled passions that surpris'd his heart,
And thro' his nerves in shivering transport ran?
Then blaz'd his smother'd slame, avow'd, and bold;
And as he view'd her, ardent, o'er and o'er,
Love, gratitude, and pity wept at once.
Confus'd, and frighten'd at his sudden tears,
Her rising beauties slush'd a higher bloom,
As thus Palemon, passionate, and just,
Pour'd out the pious rapture of his soul.

[&]quot;And art thou then Acasto's dear remains? 265 "She, whom my restless gratitude has sought,

AUTUM N.

119

ci	So	long	in	vain	?	0	heavens!	the	very	fame,
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- " The foften'd image of my noble friend,
- " Alive his every look, his every feature,
- " More elegantly touch'd. Sweeter than spring ! 270
- " Thou fole furviving bloffom from the root
- " That nourish'd up my fortune ! Say, ah where,
- " In what sequester'd desart, hast thou drawn
- " The kindest aspect of delightful HEAVEN?
- " Into fuch beauty spread, and blown so fair; 275
- " Tho' poverty's cold wind, and crushing rain,
- " Beat keen, and heavy, on thy tender years?
- " O let me now, into a richer foil,
- " Transplant thee safe! where vernal suns, and showers,
- " Diffuse their warmest, largest influence; 286
- " And of my garden be the pride and joy!
- " Ill it befits thee, oh it ill befits
- " Acasto's daughter, his whose open stores,
- " Tho' vast, were little to his ampler heart,
- " The father of a country, thus to pick 285
- " The very refuse of those harvest fields,
- " Which from his bounteous friendship I enjoy.
- " Then throw that shameful pittance from thy hand,
- " But ill apply'd to fuch a rugged talk;
- " The fields, the master, all, my fair, are thine; 290
- " If to the various bleffings which thy house
- " Has on me lavish'd, thou wilt add that blifs,
- " That dearest bliss, the power of bleffing thee !"

K

HERE ceas'd the youth : yet still his speaking eye Express'd the sacred triumph of his foul, 295 With conscious virtue, gratitude, and love, Above the vulgar joy divinely rais'd. Nor waited he reply. Won by the charm Of goodness irresistable, and all In sweet disorder lost, she blush'd consent. 300 The news immediate to her mother brought, While, pierc'd with anxious thought, she pin'd away, The lonely moments for Lavinia's fate; Amaz'd, and scarce believing what she heard, Joy feiz'd her wither'd veins, and one bright gleam 306 Of fetting life shone on her evening-hours: Not less enraptur'd than the happy pair; Who flourish'd long in tender bliss, and rear'd A numerous offspring, lovely like themselves, And good, the grace of all the country round. 310

DEFEATING oft the labours of the year, The fultry fouth collects a potent blaft. At first, the groves are scarcely seen to stir Their trembling tops; and a still murmur runs Along the fost-inclining fields of corn. 3/15 But as th' aërial tempest fuller swells, And in one mighty stream, invisible, Immense, the whole excited atmosphere, Impetuous rushes o'er the founding world; Strain'd to the root, the stooping forest pours 320 A rufling shower of yet untimely leaves.

UTUMN 131 High beat, the circling mountains eddy in, From the bare wild, the distipated storm, And fend it in a torrent down the vale. Expos'd and naked, to its utmost rage, 325 Thro' all the fea of harvest rolling round, The billowy plain floats wide; nor can evade, Tho' pliant to the blaft, its feifing force; Or whirl'd in air, or into vacant chaff Shook waste. And sometimes to a burst of rain, 330 Swept from the black horizon, broad, descends In one continuous flood. Still over head The mingling tempest weaves its gloom, and still The deluge deepens; till the fields around Lie funk, and flatted, in the fordid wave. 335 Sudden, the ditches swell; the meadows swim. Red, from the hills, innumerable streams Tumultuous roar; and high above its banks The river lift; before whose rushing tide, Herds, flocks, and harvests, cottages, and swains, 340 Roll mingled down; all that the winds had fpar'd In one wild moment ruin'd; the big hopes, And well-earn'd treasures of the painful year. Fled to some eminence, the husbandman, Helpless, beholds the miserable wreck 345

Of clamant children dear. Ye masters, then,

Driving along; his drowning ox at once

Comes Winter unprovided, and a train

Descending, with his labours scatter'd round, He sees; and instant o'er his shivering thought

Be mindful of the rough laborious hand That finks you fost in elegance and ease; Be mindful of those limbs in russet clad, Whose toil to yours is warmth, and graceful pride; And oh be mindful of that sparing board, 355 Which covers yours with luxury profuse, Makes your glass sparkle, and your sense rejoice! Nor cruelly demand what the deep rains, And all involving winds have fwept away!

HERE the rude clamour of the sportsman's joy, 360 The gun fast-thundering, and the winded horn, Would tempt the muse to sing the rural game: How in his mid-carrier, the spaniel struck, Stiff, by the tainted gale, with open nofe, Outstretch'd, and finely sensible, draws full, 365 Fearful, and cautious, on the latent prey; As in the fun the circling covey balk Their varied plumes, and watchful every way, Thro' the rough stubble turn the secret eye. Caught in the melhy fnare, in vain they beat 37e Their idle wings, intangled more and more: Nor on the furges of the boundless air, Tho' borne triumphant, are they fafe; the gun, Glanc'd just, and sudden, from the fowler's eye, O'ertakes their founding pinions; and again, 375 Immediate, brings them from the towerings wing, Dead to the ground; or drives them wide-dispers'd, Wounded, and wheeling various, down the wind.

AUTUM N.

133

THESE are not subjects for the peaceful Muse, Nor will she stain with fuch her spotless fong; Then most delighted, when she social sees The whole mix'd animal-creation round Alive, and happy. 'Tis no joy to her, This falfely chearful, barbarous game of death; This rage of pleasure, which the restless youth Awakes, impatient, with the gleaming morn; When beafts of prey retire, that all night long, Urg'd by necessity, had rang'd the dark, As if their conscious ravage shunn'd the light, Asham'd. Not fo the steady tyrant man, 390 Who with the thoughtless infolence of power Inflamed, beyond the most infuriate wrath Of the worst monster that e'er roam'd the waste, For fport alone pursues the cruel chace, Amid the beamings of the gentle days. 395 Upbraid, ye ravening tribes, our wanton rage, For hunger kindles you, and lawless want; But lavish fed, in Nature's bounty roll'd, To joy at anguish, and delight in blood, Is what your horrid bosoms never knew. 400

Poor is the triumph o'er the timid hare!

Scar'd from the corn, and now to some lone seat

Retir'd: the rushy fen; the ragged surze,

Stretch'd o'er the stony heath; the stubble chapt;

The thistly lawn; the thick intangled broom;

Of the same friendly hue, the wither'd fern;

154 AUTUMN.

The fallow ground laid open to the fun, Concoctive; and the nodding fandy bank, Hung o'er the mazes of the mountain-brook. Vain is her best precaution; tho' she fits 410 Conceal'd with folded ears; unsleeping eyes, By Nature rais'd to take th' horizon in; And head couch'd close betwixt her hairy feet, In act to fpring away. The scented dew Betrays her early labyrinth; and deep, 415 In scatter'd sullen openings, far behind, With every breeze she hears the coming storm. But nearer, and more frequent, as it loads The fighing gale, the fprings amaz'd, and all The favage foul of game is up at once: 420 The pack full-opening, various; the shrill horn Refounded from the hills; the neighing steed, Wild for the chace; and the loud hunter's shout; O'er a weak, harmlefs, flying creature, all Mix'd in mad tumult, and discordant joy. 445

The stag too, singled from the herd, where long He rang'd the branching monarch of the shades, Before the tempest drives. At first, in speed, He, sprightly, puts his faith; and rous'd by fear Gives all his swift aerial soul to slight; 430 Against the breeze he darts, that way the more To leave the lessening murderous cry behind: Deception short! tho' sleeter than the winds Blown o'er the keen-air'd mountain by the north,

AUTUM N. 735 He bursts the thickets, glances thro' the glades, 435 And plunges deep into the wildest wood. If flow, yet fure, adhefive to the track, Hot-steaming up behind him come again Th' inhuman rout, and from the shady depth Expel him, circling thro' his every shift. He sweeps the forest oft; and sobbing sees The glades mild opening to the golden day; Where, in kind contest with his butting friends, He wont to struggle, or his loves enjoy. Oft in the full-descending flood he tries 445 To lofe the fcent, and lave his burning fides: Oft feeks the herd; the watchful herd, alarm'd, With felfish care avoid a brother's woe. What shall he do? His once so vivid nerves, So full of buoyant spirit, now no more 450 Inspire their course; but fainting breathless toil, Sick, seises on his heart: he stands at bay; And puts his last weak refuge in despair. The big round tears run down his dappled face; He groans in anguish; while the growling pack, Blood-happy, hang at his fair-jutting cheft, And mark his beauteous chequer'd fides with gore.

Or this enough. But if the fylvan youth,
Whose fervent blood boils into violence,
Must have the chace; behold, despising slight,
The rous'd up lion, resolute, and slow,
Advancing sull on the protended spear,

And coward-band that circling wheel aloof. Slunk from the cavern, and the troubled wood, See the grim wolf; on him his shaggy foe 465 Vindictive fix, and let the ruffian die: Or, growling horrid, as the brindled boar Grins fell destruction, to the monster's heart Let the dart lighten from the pervous arm, 469

THESE BRITAIN knows not; give, ye BRITONS, then, Your sportive fury, pityless, to pour Loofe on the nightly robber of the fold: Him, from his craggy-winding haunts unearth'd, Let all the thunder of the chase pursue. Throw the broad ditch behind you; o'er the hedge High-bound, refistless; nor the deep morals 476 Refuse, but through the shaking wilderness Pick your nice way; into the perilous flood Bear fearless, of the raging instinct full; And as you ride the torrent, to the banks 480 Your triumph found fonorous, running round, From rock to rock, in circling echoes toss'd; Then scale the mountains to their woody tops; Rush down the dangerous steep; and o'er the lawn, In fancy fwallowing up the space between, 485 Pour all your speed into the rapid game. For happy he! who tops the wheeling chace; Has every maze evolv'd, and every guile Disclos'd; who knows the merit of the pack; Who faw the villian feiz'd, and dying hard, 490

Without complaint, tho' by an hundred mouths
Relentless torn: O glorious he, beyond
His daring peers! when the retreating horn
Calls them to ghostly halls of grey renown,
With woodland honours grac'd; the fox's fur,
Depending decent from the roof; and spread
Round the drear walls with antic figures sierce,
The stag's large front: he then is loudest heard,
When the night staggers with severer toils,
With feats Thessalian Centaurs never knew,
And their repeated wonders shake the dome.

Bur first the fuel'd chimney blazes wide; The tankards foam; and the strong table groans Beneath the smoaking sirloin, stretch'd immense From side to side; in which, with desperate knife, 595 They deep incision make, and talk the while Of ENGLAND's glory, ne'er to be defac'd While hence they borrow vigour: or amain Into the pasty plung'd, at intervals, If stomach keen can intervals allow, 510 Relating all the glories of the chace. Then fated Hunger bids his brother Thirst Produce the mighty bowl; the mighty bowl, Swell'd high with fiery juice, steams liberal round A potent gale, delicious, as the breath 515 Of Maia to the love-fick shepherdess, On violets diffus'd, while foft she hears Her panting shepherd stealing to her arms.

Nor wanting is the brown October, drawn, Mature, and perfect, from his dark retreat 520 Of thirty years; and now his honest front Flames in the light refulgent, not afraid Even with the vineyard's best produce to vie. To cheat the thirsty moments, whist a while Walks his dull round, beneath a cloud of smoak, 525 Wreath'd fragrant, from the pipe; or the quick dice, In thunder leaping from the box, awake The founding gammon: while romp-loving Miss Is haul'd about in gallantry robust.

AT last these puling idlenesses laid 530 Aside, frequent, and full, the dry divan Close in firm circle; and fet, ardent, in For ferious drinking. Nor evalion fly, Nor fober shift, is to the puking wretch Indulg'd apart; but earnest, brimming bowls 535 Lave every foul, the table floating round, And pavement, faithless to the fuddled foot. Thus as they fwim in mutual fwill, the talk, Vociferous, at once from twenty tongues, 539 Reels fast from theme to theme; from horses, hounds, To church or mistress, politics or ghost, In endless mazes, intricate, perplex'd. Meantime, with fudden interruption, loud, Th' impatient catch bursts from the joyous heart; That moment touch'd is every kindred foul; 545 And, opening in a full-mouth'd cry of joy,

The laugh, the flap, the jocund curse go round; While, from their slumbers shook, the kennel'd hounds Mix in the music of the day again. As when the tempest, that has vex'd the deep The dark night long, with fainter murmurs falls; So gradual finks their mirth. Their feeble tongues, Unable to take up the cumbrous word, Lie quite dissolv'd. Before their maudlin eyes, Seen dim, and blue, the double tapers dance 555 Like the fun wading thro' the misty sky. Then, sliding foft, they drop. Confus'd above, Glasses and bottles, pipes and gazetteers, As if the table even itself was drunk, Lie a wet broken scene; and wide, below, 560 Is heap'd the focial flaughter: where aftride The lubber Power in filthy triumph fits, Slumbrous, inclining still from side to side, And steeps them drench'd in potent sleep till morn. Perhaps some doctor of tremendous paunch, 565 Awful and deep, a black abyss of drink, Outlives them all; and from his buried flock Retiring, full of rumination fad, Laments the weakness of these latter times.

But if the rougher fex by this sierce sport,

Is hurried wild, let not such horrid joy

E'er stain the bosom of the British Fair.

Far be the spirit of the chace from them!

Uncomely courage, unbeseeming skill;

To fpring the fence, to rein the prancing steed; 575 The cap, the whip, the masculine attire, In which they roughen to the fense, and all The winning foftness of their fex is lost, In them 'tis graceful to dissolve at woe; With every motion, every word, to wave 580 Quick o'er the kindling cheek the ready blush; And from the smallest violence to shrink, Unequal, then the lovelieft in their fears; And by this filent adulation, foft, To their protection more engaging Man. 585 O may their eyes no miferable fight, Save weeping lovers, fee! a nobler game, Thro' Love's enchanting wiles pursu'd, yet fled, In chace ambiguous. May their tender limbs Float in the loose simplicity of dress, 590 And fashion'd all to harmony, alone Know they to seize the captivated foul, In fapture warbled from love-breathing lips; To teach the lute to languish; with smooth step, Disclosing motion in its every charm, 595 To fwim along, and fwell the mazy dance; To train the foilage o'er the snowy lawn; To guide the pencil, turn the tuneful page; To lend new favour to the fruitful year, And heighten'd Nature's dainties; in their race 600 To rear their graces into second life; To give Society its highest taste; Well-ordered home Man's best delight to make :

TU M N. A U

141

And by fubmissive wisdom, modest skill, With every gentle care-eluding art, To raise the virtues, animate the bliss, And fweeten all the toils of human life: This be the female dignity, and praife.

605

YE fwains now haften to the hazel bank; Where down you dale the wildly-winding brook Falls hoarfe from steep to steep. In close array, Fit for the thickets and the tangling shrub, Ye virgins, come. For you their latest song The woodlands raise; the clustering nuts for you The lover finds amid the fecret shade; 615 And where they burnish on the topmast bough, With active vigour crushes down the tree; Or shakes them ripe from the resigning husk, A gloffy shower, and of an ardent brown, As are the ringlets of MELINDA's hair: MELINDA! form'd with every grace complete, Yet these neglecting, above beauty wife, And far transcending such a vulgar praise.

620

HENCE from the bufy joy-refounding fields, In chearful error, let us tread the maze Of Autumn, unconfin'd; and taste, reviv'd, The breath of orchard big with bending fruit. Obedient to the breeze and beating ray, From the deep-loaded bough a mellow shower Incessant melts away. The juicy pear

625

630

142 AUTUMN.

Lies, in a fost profusion, scatter'd round. A various fweetness swells the gentle race : By Nature's all-refining hand prepar'd: Of temper'd fun, and water, earth, and air, 635 In ever-changing composition mix'd. Such, falling frequent thro' the chiller night, The fragrant stores, the wide-projected heaps Of apples, which the lufty handed year, Innumerous, o'er the blushing orchard shakes, A various spirit, fresh, delicious, keen, 6 40 Dwells in their gelid pores; and, active, points The piercing cyder for the thirty tongue: Thy native theme, and boon inspirer too, PHILLIPS, Pomona's bard, the second thou Who nobly durst, in rhyme-unfetter'd verse, 645 With BRITISH freedom fing the BRITISH fong: How, from Silurian vats, high-sparkling wines Foam in transparent floods; some strong to cheer The wintry revels of the labouring hind; 650 And tafteful fome, to cool the fummer-hours.

M

In this glad season, while his sweetest beams. The sun sheds equal to the meeken'd day;
Oh lose me in the green delightful walks.
Of, Dodington, thy seat, serene and plain;
Where simple Nature reigns; and every view,
Diffusive, spreads the pure Dorsetian downs,
In boundless prospect; yonder shage'd with wood,
Here rich with harvest, and there white with flocks!

ÁUTUM N.

143

Meantime the grandeur of thy lofty dome, Far splendid, seizes on the ravish'd eye, 660 New beauties rife with each revolving day; New columns fwell; and still the fresh Spring finds New plants to quicken; and new groves to green. Full of thy genius all ! the Muses' feat : Where in the fecret bower, and winding walk, 665 For virtuous Young and thee they twine the bay. Here wandering oft, fir'd with the restless thirst Of thy applause, I solitary court Th' inspiring breeze: and meditate the book Of Nature ever open; aiming thence, 670 Warm from the heart, to learn the moral fong. Here, as I steal along the funny wall, Where Autumn basks, with fruit empurpled deep, My pleasing theme continual prompts my thought: Prefents the downy peach; the shining plumb; The ruddy, fragrant nectarine; and dark, Beneath his ample leaf, the luscious fig. The vine, too, here her curling tendrils shoots; Hangs out her clufters, glowing to the fouth; And scarcely wishes for a warmer sky. 680

Turn we a moment Fancy's rapid flight
To vigorous foils, and climes of fair extent;
Where, by the potent fun elated high,
The vineyard fwells refulgent on the day;
Spreads o'er the vale; or up the mountain climbs, 685
Profuse; and drinks amid the sunny rocks,

From cliff to cliff encreas'd, the heighten'd blaze. Low bend the weighty boughs. The clusters clear, Half thro' the foliage feen, or ardent flame, Or shine transparent; while perfection breathes White o'er the turgent film the living dew. As thus they brighten with exalted juice, Touch'd into flavour by the mingling ray; The rural youth and virgins o'er the field, Each fond for each to cull th' autumnal prime, 695 Exulting rove, and speak the vintage nigh, Then comes the crushing swain; the country floats, And foams unbounded with the mashy flood; That by degrees fermented, and refin'd, Round the rais'd nations pour the cup of joy: 700 The claret smooth, red as the lip we press In sparkling fancy, while we drain the bowl; The mellow-taffed Burgundy; and quick, As is the wit it gives, the gay Champaign:

Now, by the cool declining year condens'd,
Descend the copious exhalations, check'd
As up the middle sky unseen they stole,
And roll the doubling sogs around the hill.
No more the mountain, horrid, vast, sublime,
Who pours a sweep of rivers from his sides,
And high between contending kingdoms rears
The rocky long division, sills the view
With great variety; but in a night
Of gathering vapour, from the bassled sense

AUTUMN.

145

Sinks dark and dreary. Thence expanding far, 715 The huge dusk, gradual fwallows up the plain: Vanish the woods; the dim-seen river seems, Sullen, and flow, to roll the mifty wave. Even in the height of noon oppress'd, the fun Sheds, weak, and blunt, his wide-refracted ray; Whence glaring oft, with many a broaden'd orb, He frights the nations. Indistinct on earth, Seen thro' the turbid air, beyond the life Objects appear; and, wilder'd, o'er the waste The shepherd stalks gigantic. Till at last 725 Wreath'd dun around, in deeper circles still Successive closing, fits the general fog Unbounded o'er the world; and mingling thick, A formless grey confusion covers all. As when of old (fo fung the HEBREW BARD) Light, uncollected, thro' the chaos urg'd Its infant way; nor order yet had drawn His lovely train from out the dubious gloom.

These roving mists, that constant now begin
To smoak along the hilly country, these,
With weighty rains, and melted Alpine snows,
The mountain-cisterns fill, those ample stores
Of water, scoop'd among the hollow rocks;
Whence gush the streams, the ceaseless fountains play,
And their unfailing wealth the rivers draw.

740
Some sages say, that, where the numerous wave
For ever lastes the resounding shore,

SAY then, where lurk the vall eternal forings, That, like CREATING NATURE, lie conceal'd From mortal eye, yet with their lavish stores Refresh the globe, and all its joyous tribes? O thou pervading Genius, give to man, To trace the fecrets of the dark abyfs. O lay the mountains bare! and wide display Their hidden Aructure to th' aftonish'd view: Strip from the branching Alps their piny load! The huge incumbrance of horrific woods 780 From Afian Taurus, from Imaüs stretch'd Athwart the roving Tartar's fullen bounds! Give opening Hemus to my fearching eye, And high Olympus pouring many a stream! O from the founding fummits of the north, 785 The Dofrine bills, thro' Scandinavia roll'd To farthest Lapland and the frozen main; From lofty Caucasus, far seen by those Who in the Caspian and black Euxine toil; From cold Riphean rocks, which the wild Russ 790 Believes the * flony girdle of the world; And all the dreadful mountains, wrapt in storm, Whence wide Siberia draws her lonely floods; O sweep th' eternal snows! Hung o'er the deep, That ever works beneath his founding base, 795

^{*} The Muscowites call the Ripbean mountains Weliki Camanypoys, that is, the great flony girdle; because they suppose them to encompass the whole earth.

Bid Atlas, propping heaven, as Poets feign, His fubterranean wonders spread! unveil The miny caverns, blazing on the day, Of Abyssinia's cloud-compelling cliffs, And of the bending * Mountains of the Moon! O'ertopping all these giant fons of earth, Let the dire Andes, from the radiant line Stretch'd to the stormy seas that thunder round The fouthern pole, their hideous deeps unfold! 805 Amazing scene! Behold! the glooms disclose! I fee the rivers in their infant-beds! Deep, deep I hear them lab'ring to get free! I fee the leaning strata, artful rang'd; The gaping fisfures to receive the rains, 810 The melting fnows, and ever-dripping fogs. Strow'd bibulous above I fee the fands, The pebbly gravel next, the layers then Of mingled moulds, of more retentive earths, The gutter'd rocks and mazy-running clefts; 815 That, while the stealing moisture they transmit, Retard its motion, and forbid its waste. Beneath th' incessant weeping of these drains, I fee the rocky fiphons stretch'd immense, The mighty refervoirs, of harden'd chalk, Or stiff-compacted clay, capacious form'd, 820 O'erflowing thence, the congregated stores,

^{*} A range of mountains in Africa, that surround almost all Manomompa;

AUTUMN.

149

The crystal treasures of the liquid world,
Thro' the stir'd fands a bubbling passage burst;
And welling out, around the middle steep,
Or from the bottoms of the bosom'd hills,
In pure essuance function store.
The exhaling sun, the vapour-burden'd air.
The gelid mountains, that to rain condens'd
These vapours in continual current draw,
And send them, o'er the fair-divided earth,
In bounteous rivers to the deep again,
A social commerce hold, and firm support
The full adjusted harmony of things.

When Autumn scatters his departing gleams,
Warn'd of approaching Winter, gather'd, play 835
The swallow-people; and toss'd wide around,
O'er the calm sky, in convolution swift,
The feather'd eddy floats; rejoicing once,
Ere to their wint'ry slumbers they retire;
In clusters clung, beneath the mould'ring bank,
And where, unpierc'd by frost, the cavern sweats.
Or rather into warmer climes convey'd,
With other kindred birds of season, there
They twitter chearful, till the vernal months
Invite them welcome back: for, thronging, now
845
Innumerous wings are in commotion all.

WHERE the Rhine loses his majestic force In Belgian plains, won from the raging deep,

By diligence amazing, and the strong Unconquerable hand of Liberty, 8;0 The stork-assembly meets; for many a day, Confulting deep, and various, ere they take Their arduous voyage thro' the liquid sky. And now their route design'd, their leaders chose, Their tribes adjusted, clean'd their vigorous wings; 855 And many a circle, many a short essay, Wheel'd round and round, in congregation full The figur'd flight ascends; and, riding high Th' aërial billows, mixes with the clouds.

OR where the Northern ocean; in vast whirls, Boils round the naked melancholy isles Of farthest Thule, and th' Atlantic surge Pours in among the stormy Hebrides; Who can recount what transmigrations there Are annual made? what nations come and go? 865 And how the living clouds on clouds arise? Infinite wings! till all the plume-dark air, And rude refounding shore, are on the cry.

HERE the plain harmless native his small flock, And herd diminutive of many hues, 870 Tends on the little island's verdant swell, The shepherd's sea-girt reign; or, to the rocks Dire clinging, gathers his ovarious food; Or fweeps the fifty shore; or treasures up The plumage, rising full, to form the bed 875

And here a while the Muse, Of Lixury. High-hovering o'er the broad cœrulean scene, Sees CALEDONIA, in romantic view: Her airy mountains, from the waving main, 880 Invested with a keen diffusive sky, Breathing the foul acute; her forests huge, Incult, robust, and tall, by Nature's hand Planted of old; her azure lakes between, Pour'd out extensive, and of watery wealth Full; winding deep, and green, her fertile vales; 885 With many a cool transfucent brimming flood Wash'd lovely, from the Tweed (pure parent stream, Whose pastoral banks first heard my Daric reed, With, filvan Fed, thy tributary brook) To where the north-inflated tempest foams 890 O'er Orca's or Betubium's highest peak : Nurse of a people, in misfortune's school Train'd up to hardy deeds; foon visited By Learning, when before the Gothic rage She took her western flight. A manly race, 895 Of unsubmitting spirit, wise and brave; Who still thro' bleeding ages struggled hard, (As well unhappy WALLACE can attest, Great patriot-hero! ill requited chief!) To hold a generous undiminish'd state; 900 Too much in vain! Hence of unequal bounds Impatient, and by tempting glory borne O'er every land, for every land their life Has flow'd profuse, their piercing genius plann'd,

AUTUM N.

And swell'd the pomp of peace their faithful toil. 90 As from their own clear north, in radiant streams Bright over Europe burst the Boreal Morn.

OH is there not some patriot, in whose power That best, that godlike luxury is plac'd, Of bleffing thousands, thousands yet unborn, 910 Thro' late posterity? some, large of soul, To chear dejected industry? to give A double harvest to the pining swain? And teach the labouring hand the sweets of toil? How, by the finest art, the native robe 915 To weave; how, white as hyperborean fnow To form the lucid lawn; with venturous oar How to dash wide the billow; nor look on, Shamefully passive, while Batavian fleets Defraud us of the glittering finny swarms, 920 That heave our friths, and croud upon our shores; How all-enlivening trade to rouse, and wing The prosperous fail, from every growing port, Uninjur'd, round the fea-incircled globe; And thus, in foul united as in name, 925 Bid BRITAIN reign the mistress of the deep?

Yes, there are such. And full on thee, ARGYLE, Her hope, her stay, her darling, and her boast, From her first patriots and her heroes sprung, Thy fond imploring Country turns her eye; 930 In thee, with all a mother's triumph, sees

Her every virtue, every grace combin'd, Her genius, wisdom, her engaging turn, Her pride of honour, and her courage try'd, Calm, and intrepid, in the very throat 935 Of fulphurous war, on Tenier's dreadful field. Nor less the palm of peace inwreathes thy brow: For, powerful as thy fword, from thy rich tongue Persuasion flows, and wins the high debate: While mix'd in thee combine the charm of youth, 940 The force of manhood, and the depth of age. Thee, FORBES, too, whom every worth attends, As truth fincere, as weeping friendship kind, Thee, truly generous, and in silence great, Thy country feels thro' her reviving arts, 945 Plann'd by thy wisdom, by thy foul inform'd; And feldom has she known a friend like thee.

But fee the fading many-colour'd woods,
Shade deepening over shade, the country round
Imbrown; a crowded umbrage, dusk, and dun, 950
Of every hue, from wan declining green
To sooty dark. These now the lonesome Muse,
Low-whispering, lead into their leaf-strown walks,
And give the season in its latest view.

MEANTIME, light-shadowing all, a sober calm, 955
Fleeces unbounded æther; whose least wave
Stands tremulous, uncertain where to turn
The gentle current: while illumin'd wide,

154 AUTUMN.

The dewy-skirted clouds imbibe the sun,
And thro' their lucid veil his soften'd force 960.
Shed o'er the peaceful world. Then is the time,
For those whom wisdom and whom Nature charm,
'To steal themselves from the degenerate crowd,
And soar above this little scene of things;
To tread low-thoughted vice beneath their feet; 965
To soothe the throbbing passions into peace;
And woo lone Quiet in her silent walks.

THUS folitary, and in penfive guile, Oft let me wander o'er the russet mead, And thro' the fadden'd grove, where scarce is heard 970 One dying strain, to cheer the woodman's toil. Haply some widow'd songster pours her plaint, Far, in faint warblings, thro' the tawny copfe. While congregated thrushes, linnets, larks, And each wild throat, whose artless strains so late 975 Swell'd all the music of the swarming shades, Robb'd of their tuneful fouls, now shivering sit On the dead tree, a full despondent flock; With not a brightness waving o'er their plumes, And nought fave chattering discord in their note. O let not, aim'd from some inhuman eye, The gue, the music of the coming year Deftroy; and harmless, unsuspecting harm, Lay the weak tribes, a miserable prey, In mingled murder, fluttering on the ground ! 985

THE pale descending year, yet pleasing still, A gentler mood inspires; for now the leaf Incessant rustles from the mournful grove; Oft startling fuch as, studious, walk below, And flowly circles thro' the waving air. 990 But should a quicker breeze amid the boughs Sob, o'er the sky the leafy deluge streams; Till choak'd, and matted with the dreary shower, The forest-walks, at every rifing gale, Roll wide the wither'd waste, and whistle bleak. Fled is the blasted verdure of the fields; And, shrunk into their beds, the flowery race Their funny robes resign. Even what remain'd Of stronger fruits falis from the naked tree; And woods, fields, gardens, orchards, all around 1000 The desolated prospect thrills the soul.

HE comes! he comes! in every breeze the POWER
Of PHILOSOPHIC MELANCHOLY comes!
His near approach the fudden starting tear,
The glowing cheek, the mild dejected air,
The fosten'd feature, and the beating heart,
Pierc'd deep with many a virtuous pang, declare.
O'er all the soul his facred influence breathes!
Inflames imagination; thro' the breast
Insufes every tenderness; and far
Beyond dim earth exalts the swelling thought.
Ten thousand thousand fleet ideas, such
As never mingled with the vulgar dream,

Crowd fast into the Mind's creative eye,

As fast the correspondent passions rise,

As varied, and as high: Devotion rais'd

To rapture, and divine astonishment;

The love of Nature unconsin'd, and, chief,

Of human race; the large ambitious wish,

To make them blest; the sigh for suffering worth, 1020

Lost in obscurity; the noble scorn

Of tyrant pride; the fearless great resolve;

The wonder which the dying patriot draws,

Inspiring glory thro' remotest time;

Th' awaken'd throb for virtue, and for same;

1025

The sympathies of love, and friendship dear;

With all the social offspring of the heart.

On bear me, then, to vast embowering shades,
To twilight-groves, and visionary vales;
To weeping grottoes, and prophetic glooms;
Where angel-forms athwart the solemn dusk,
Tremendous sweep, or seem to sweep along;
And voices more than human, thro' the void
Deep-sounding, seize th' enthusiastic ear!

Or is this gloom too much? Then lead, ye powers,
That o'er the garden and the rural feat 1036
Preside, which shining thro' the chearful land
In countless numbers, bless'd BRITANNIA sees;
O lead me to the wide-extended walks,

AUTUM N.

157

The fair majestic paradise of * STOWE! 1040 Not Perfian Cyrus on Ionia's shore E'er faw fuch filvan scenes; fuch various art By genius fir'd, fuch ardent genius tam'd By cool judicious art; that, in the strife, All-beauteous Nature fears to be outdone. 1045 And there, O Pirt, thy country's early boaft, There let me fit beneath the shelter'd slopes, Or in that + Temple where; in future times, Thou well shall merit a distinguish'd name; 1049 And, with thy converse bless'd, catch the last smiles Of Autumn beaming o'er the yellow woods. While there with thee th' inchanted round I walk, The regulated wild, gay Fancy then Will tread in thought the groves of Attic land; Will from thy standard taste refine her own, 1055 Correct her pencil to the purest truth Of Nature, or, the unimpassion'd shades Forfaking, raife it to the human mind. Or if hereafter she, with juster hand, Shall draw the tragic scene, instruct her thou, 1060 To mark the varied movements of the heart, What every decent character requires, And every passion speaks: O thro' her strain Breathe thy pathetic eloquence! that moulds

The Temple of Virtue in Stowe-Gardens,

^{*} The feat of Lord Viscount Cobbam, now of Earl Temple.

Th' attentive senate, charms, persuades, exalts. 1065 Of honest Zeal th' indignant lightning throws, And shakes Corruption on her venal throne. While thus we talk, and thro' Elyfian vales Delighted rove, perhaps, a figh escapes: What pity, COBHAM, thou thy verdant files 1070 Of order'd trees shouldst here inglorious range, Instead of squadrons slaming o'er the field, And long embattled hosts; when the proud foe, The faithless vain disturber of mankind, Infulting Gaul, has rous'd the world to war; When keen, once more, within their bounds to press Those polish'd robbers, those ambitious slaves, The BRITISH YOUTH would hail thy wife command, Thy temper'd ardor, and thy veteran skill.

The western sun withdraws the shorten'd day; 1080. And humid evening, gliding o'er the sky, In her chill progress, to the ground condens'd. The vapours throws. Where creeping waters ooze, Where marshes stagnate, and where rivers wind, Cluster the rolling sogs, and swim along 1085. The dusky mantled lawn. Meanwhile the moon Full-orb'd, and breaking thro' the scatter'd clouds, Shews her broad visage in the crimson'd east. Turn'd to the sun direct, her spotted disk 1089. Where mountains rise, umbrageous dales descend, And caverns deep, as optic tube descries, A smaller earth, gives us his blaze again,

Void of its flame, and sheds a softer day.

Now thro' the passing cloud she seems to stoop,

Now up the pure coerulean rides sublime.

Wide the pale deluge floats, and streaming mild

O'er the sky'd mountain to the shadowy vale,

While rocks and floods restect the quivering gleam,

The whole air whitens with a boundless tide

Of silver radiance, trembling round the world:

But when half-blotted from the sky, her light,
Fainting, permits the starry fires to burn
With keener lustre thro' the depth of heaven;
Or near extinct her deaden'd orb appears,
And scarce appears, of sickly beamless white;
Oft in this season, silent from the north
A blaze of meteors shoots: ensweeping sirst
The lower skies, they all at once converge
High to the crown of heaven, and all at once
Relapsing quick, as quickly reascend,
And mix, and thwart, extinguish, and renew,
All æther coursing in a maze of light.

FROM look to look, contagious thro' the croud
The panic runs, and into wondrous shapes
Th' appearance throws: armies in meet array,
Throng'd with aerial spears: and steeds of sire;
Till the long lines to full-extended war
In bleeding sight commix'd, the sanguine slood
Rolls a broad slaughter o'er the plains of heaven.

160 AUTUMN

As thus they scan the visionary scene, 1120 On all fides swells the superstitious din, Incontinent; and buzzy frenzy talks Of blood and battle : cities overturn'd, And late at night in fwallowing earthquake funk, Or hideous wrapt in fierce ascending flame; Of fallow famine, inundation, storm; Of pestilence, and every great distress; Empires subvers'd, when ruling Fate has struck Th' unalterable hour : even Nature's felf Is deem'd to totter on the brink of time. 1130 Not so the man of philosophic eye, And inspect sage; the waving brightness he Curious furveys, inquifitive to know The causes and materials, yet unfix'd, Of this appearance, beautiful and new. 1135

Now black, and deep, the night begins to fall,
A shade immense. Sunk in the quenching gloom,
Magnificent and vast, are heaven and earth.
Order consounded lies; all beauty void;
Distinction lost; and gay variety
One universal blot: such the fair power
Of light, to kindle and create the whole.
Drear is the state of the benighted wretch,
Who then, bewilder'd, wanders thro' the dark,
Full of pale fancies, and chimeras huge;
1145
Nor visited by one directive ray,
From cottage streaming, or from airy hall.

AUTUMN.

161

Perhaps impatient as he stumbles on, Struck from the root of flimy rushes, blue, The wild-fire scatters round, or gather'd trails 1150 A length of flame deceitful o'er the moss : Whither decoy'd by the fantastic blaze, Now loft, and now renew'd, he finks absorpt, Rider and horse, amid the mity gulph: While still, from day to day, his pining wife, And plaintive children, his return await, In wild conjecture loft, At other times, Sent by the better Genius of the night, Innoxious, gleaming on the horse's mane, The meteor fits; and shews the narrow path, 1160 That winding leads thro' pits of death, or elfe Instructs him how to take the dangerous ford,

THE lengthen'd night elaps'd, the morning shines
Serene, in all her dewy beauty bright,
Unfolding fair the last autumnal day.

Info
And now the mounting sun dispels the fog;
The rigid hoar-frost melts before his beam;
And hung on every spray, on every blade
Of grass, the myriad dew-drops twinkle round.

An fee where robb'd, and murder'd, in that pit, Lies the still heaving hive; at evening fnatch'd, Beneath the cloud of guilt-concealing night. And fix'd o'er fulphur: while, not dreaming ill, The happy people, in their waxen cells,

Sat tending public cares, and planning schemes 1175 Of temperance, for Winter poor; rejoic'd To mark, full flowing round, their copious stores, Sudden the dark oppressive steam ascends: And, us'd to milder scents, the tender race, By thousands, tumble from their honey'd domes, 1180 Convolv'd, and agonizing in the dust. And was it then for this you roam'd the Spring, Intent from flower to flower? for this you toil'd Ceaseless the burning Summer-heats away? For this in Autumn fearch'd the blooming waste, 1185 Nor lost one funny gleam? for this fad fate? O Man! tyrannic lord! how long, how long, Shall prostrate nature groan beneath your rage, Awaiting renovation? When obliged, Must you destroy? Of their ambrosial food 1190 Can you not borrow; and, in just return, Afford them shelter from the wint'ry winds: Or, as the sharp year pinches, with their own Again regale them on fome fmiling day? See where the stony bottom of their town 1195 Looks desolate and wild; with here and there A helpless number, who the ruin'd state Survive, lamenting, weak, cast out to death. Thus a proud city, populous and rich, Full of the works of peace, and high in joy, 1200 At theatre or feast, or funk in sleep, (As late Palermo, was thy fate) is feiz'd By some dread earthquake, and convulsive hurl'd

Sheer from the black foundation, stench-involv'd, Into a gulph of blue sulphureous slame. 1205

HENCE every harsher fight! for now the day, O'er heaven and earth diffus'd, grows warm, and high, Infinite splendor! wide-investing all. How still the breeze! fave what the filmy threads Of dew evaporate brushes from the plain. How clear the cloudless sky! how deeply ting'd With a peculiar blue! th' ethereal arch How fwell'd immenfe! amid whose azure thron'd The radiant fun how gay! how calm below The gilded earth! the harvest-treasures all 1215 Now gather'd in, beyond the rage of storms, Sure to the fwain; the circling fence shut up; And instant Winter's utmost rage defy'd. While, loofe to feltive joy, the country round Laughs with the loud fincerity of mirth Shook to the wind their cares. The toil-strung youth, By the quick fense of music taught alone, Leaps wildly graceful in the lively dance. Her every charm abroad, the village-toaft, Young, buxom, warm, in native beauty rich, 1225 Darts not unmeaning looks; and, where her eye Points an approving smile, with double force, The cudgel rattles, and the wrealer twines. Age too shines out; and, garrulous, recounts The feats of youth. Thus they rejoice; nor think

164 A U T U M N.

That, with to-morrow's fun, their annual toil 1231
Begins again the never-ceasing round.

OH, knew he but his happiness, of men The happiest he! who far from public rage, Deep in the vale, with a choice few retir'd, 1235 Drinks the pure pleasures of the RURAL LIFE. What tho' the dome be wanting, whose proud gate, Each morning, vomits out the fneaking croud Of flatterers false, and in their turn abus'd? Vile intercourse! what tho' the glittering robe Of every hue reflected light can give, Or floating loose, or stiff with mazy gold, The pride and gaze of fools! oppress him not? What tho', from utmost land and sea purvey'd, For him each rarer tributary life 1245 Bleeds not, and his infatiate table heaps With luxury and death? what tho' his bowl Flames not with costly juice, nor funk in beds, Oft of gay care, he toffes out the night, Or melts the thoughtless hours in idle state? 1250 What tho' he knows not those fantastic joys That still amuse the wanton, still deceive; A face of pleasure, but a heart of pain; Their hollow moments undelighted all? Sure peace is his; a folid life, estrang'd 1255 To disappointment, and fallacious hope: Rich in content, in Nature's bounty rich, In herbs and fruits; whatever greens the Spring,

When Heaven descends in showers; or bends the bough When Summer reddens, and when Autumn beams; Or in the wint'ry glebe whatever lies 1261 Conceal'd, and fattens with the richest sap: These are not wanting: nor the milky drove, Luxuriant, spread o'er all the lowing vale; Nor bleating mountains; nor the chide of ftreams, And hum of bees, inviting sleep sincere 1266 Into the guiltless breast, beneath the shade, Or thrown at large amid the fragrant hay; Nor aught besides of prospect, grove, or song, Dim grottoes, gleaming lakes, and fountain clear. 1270 Here too dwells fimple truth; plain innocence; Unfullied beauty; found, unbroken youth, Patient of labour, with a little pleas'd; Health ever-blooming; unambitious toil; Calm contemplation, and poetic eafe. 1275

Let others brave the flood in quest of gain,
And beat, for joyless months, the gloomy wave.
Let such as deem it glory to destroy,
Rush into blood, the sack of cities seek;
Unpierc'd, exulting in the widow's wail,
The virgin's shriek, and infant's trembling cry.
Let some, far distant from their native soil,
Urg'd or by want, or harden'd avarice,
Find other lands beneath another sun.
Let this thro' cities work his eager way,
By legal outrage and establish'd guile,

The focial fense extinct; and that ferment Mad into tumult the feditious herd, Or melt them down to flavery. Let thefe Infnare the wretched in the toils of law. 1290 Fomenting difcord, and perplexing right, An iron race! and those of fairer front, But equal inhumanity, in courts, Delusive pomp, and dark cabals delight; Wreathe the deep bow, diffuse the lying smile, And tread the weary labyrinth of state. While he, from all the stormy passions free That restless men involve, hears, and but hears, At distance safe, the human tempest roar, Wrapt close in conscious peace. The fall of kings, The rage of nations, and the crush of states Move not the man, who, from the world escap'd, In still retreats, and flowery solitudes, To Nature's voice attends, from month to month, And day to day, thro' the revolving year; 1305 Admiring fees her in her every shape; Feels all her fweet emotions at his heart: Takes what she lib'ral gives, nor thinks of more. He, when young Spring protrudes the bursting gems, Marks the first bud, and sucks the healthful gale 1310 Into his freshen'd foul; her genial hours He full enjoys; and not a beauty blows, And not an opening blossom breathes in vain. In Summer he, beneath the living shade, Such as o'er frigid Tempe wont to wave, 1315

Or Hemus cool, reads what the Muse, of these Perhaps, has in immortal numbers fung; Or what she dictates writes: and; oft an eye Shot round, rejoices in the vigorous year. When Autumn's yellow luftre gilds the world, And tempts the fickled swain into the field; Seiz'd by the general joy, his heart distends With gentle throes; and, thro' the tepid gleams Deep-musing, then he best exerts his song. Ev'n Winter wild to him is full of blifs. 1325 The mighty tempest, and the hoary waste, Abrupt, and deep, stretch'd o'er the buried earth, Awake to solemn thought. At night the skies, Disclos'd, and kindled, by refining frost, Pour every lustre on th' exalted eye. 1330 A friend, a book, the fealing hours fecure, And mark them down for wifdom. With fwift wing, O'er land and fea, imagination roams; Or truth, divinely breaking on his mind, Elates his being, and unfolds his powers: 1335 Or in his breaft heroic virtue burns. The touch of kindred too, and love he feels; The modest eye, whose beams on his alone Ecstatic shine; the little strong embrace Of prattling children, twin'd around his neck, And emulous to please him, calling forth The fond parental foul. Nor purpose gay, Amusement, dance, or song, he sternly scorns ; For happiness and true philosophy

i68 AUTUMN.

Are of the focial still, and smiling kind.

This is the life which those who fret in guilt,
And guilty cities, never knew; the life
Led by primeval ages, uncorrupt,
When angels dwelt, and God himself, with man!

OH NATURE! all-sufficient! over all ! 1350 Enrich me with the knowledge of thy works! Snatch me to heaven; thy rolling wonders there, World beyond world, in infinite extent, Profusely scatter'd o'er the blue immense, Shew me; their motions, periods, and their laws, Give me to fcan; thro' the disclosing deep 1356 Light my blind way: the mineral strata there, Thrust, blooming, thence the vegetable world; O'er that the rifing fystem, more complex, Of animals; and higher still, the mind, 1360 The varied scene of quick-compounded thought, And where the mixing passions endless shift; These ever open to my ravish'd eye; A fearch the flight of time can ne'er exhaust! But if to that unequal; if the blood, 1365 In fluggish streams about my heart, forbid That best ambition; under closing shades, Inglorious lay me by the lowly brook, And whisper to my dreams. From THEE begin, Dwell all on THEE, with THEE conclude my fong; And let me never, never stray from THEE!



W I N T E R. 1726.



The ARGUMENT.

The subject proposed. Addressed to the Earl of WilMINGTON. First approach of Winter. According to
the natural course of the season, various storms described.
Rain. Wind. Snow. The driving of the snows:
A man perishing among them; whence restections on the
wants and miseries of human life. The wolves descending from the Alps and Appenines. A winter's evening
described; as spent by philosophers; by the country people; in the city. Frost. A view of Winter within
the polar circle. A thaw. The whole concluding
with moral restections on a future state.



WINTER



THE SHEPHERDS CARE



WINTER.



SEE, WINTER comes to rule the varied year, Sullen, and fad, with all his rifing train; Vapours, and Clouds, and Storms. Be these my theme Thefe, that exalt the foul to folemn thought, And heavenly musing. Welcome, kindred glooms! 5 Congenial horrors, hail! with frequent foot, Pleas'd have I, in my chearful morn of life, When nurs'd by careless solitude I liv'd, And fung of Nature with unceasing joy, Pleas'd have I wander'd through your rough domain; id Trod the pure virgin-snows, myself as pure; Heard the winds roar, and the big torrent burst; Or feen the deep fermenting tempest brew'd, In the grim evening sky. Thus pass'd the time, Till thro' the lucid chambers of the fouth Look'd out the joyous Spring, look'd out, and fmil'd

To thee, the patron of ber first essay, The Muse, O WILMINGTON! renews her song.

172 WINTER.

Since has she rounded the revolving year: Skimm'd the gay Spring; on eagle-pinions borne, Attempted thro' the Summer-blaze to rife; Then fwept o'er Autumn with the shadowy gale; And now among the wint'ry clouds again, Roll'd in the doubling storm, she tries to foar; To fwell her note with all the rushing winds; 25 To fuit her founding cadence to the floods; As is her theme, her numbers wildly great; Thrice happy! could she fill thy judging ear With bold description, and with manly thought. Nor art thou skill'd in awful schemes alone, 30 And how to make a mighty people thrive: But equal goodness, sound integrity, A firm unshaken uncorrupted foul Amid a fliding age, and burning strong, Not vainly blazing for thy country's weal; 35 A steady spirit regularly free; Thefe, each exalting each, the statesman light Into the patriot; thefe, the public hope And eye to thee converting, bid the Muse Record what envy dares not flattery call.

Now when the chearless empire of the sky
To Capricorn the Centaur Archer yields,
And sierce Aquarius stains th' inverted year;
Hung o'er the farthest verge of heaven, the sun
Scarce spreads o'er æther the dejected day.
Faint are his gleams, and inessectual shoot

His struggling rays, in horizontal lines, Thro' the thick air; as cloath'd in cloudy fform, Weak, wan, and broad, he skirts the southern sky; And, foon-descending, to the long dark night, 50 Wide shading all, the prostrate world resigns. Nor is the night unwish'd; while vital heat, Light, life, and joy, the dubious day forfake. Meantime, in fable cinclure, shadows vast, Deep-ting'd, and damp, and congregated clouds, And all the vapoury turbulence of heaven Involve the face of things. Thus Winter falls, A heavy gloom oppressive o'er the world, Thro' Nature shedding influence malign, And rouses up the seeds of dark disease, 60 The foul of Man dies in him, loathing life, And black with more than melancholy views. The cattle droop; and o'er the furrowed land, Fresh from the plough, the dun-discolour'd flocks, .65 Untended spreading, crop the wholesome root. Along the woods, along the moorish fens, Sighs the fad Genius of the coming storm; And up among the loofe disjointed cliffs, And fractur'd mountains wild, the brawling brook And cave, prefageful, fend a hollow moan, Refounding long in liftening Fancy's ear.

THEN comes the father of the tempest forth,
Wrapt in black glooms. First joyless rains obscure
Drive thro' the mingling skies with vapour foul;

Dash on the mountain's brow, and shake the woods, 75 That grumbling wave below. Th' unlightly plain Lies a brown deluge; as the low-bent clouds Pour flood on flood, yet unexhausted still Combine, and deepening into night flut up The day's fair face. The wanderers of heaven, Each to his home retire; fave those that love To take their pastime in the troubled air, Or skimming flutter round the dimply pool. The cattle from th' untafted fields return, And ask, with meaning lowe, their wonted stalls, 8; Or ruminate in the contiguous shade. Thither the houshold feathery people croud, The crested cock, with all his female train, Pensive, and dripping; while the cottage-hind Hangs o'er th' enlivening blaze, and taleful there Recounts his simple frolic: much he talks, And much he laughs, nor recks the storm that blows Without, and rattles on his humble roof.

Wide o'er the brim, with many a torrent swell'd,
And the mix'd ruin of its banks o'erspread,
95
At last the rous'd-up river pours along:
Resistless, roaring, dreadful, down it comes,
From the rude mountain, and the mossy wild,
Tumbling thro' the rocks abrupt, and sounding far;
Then o'er the sanded a ley sloating spreads,
Calm, sluggish, silent; till again, constrain'd
Between two meeting hills, it bursts away,

Where rocks and woods o'erhang the turbid stream; There gathering triple force, rapid, and deep, It boils, and wheels, and foams, and thunders through.

NATURE! great parent! whose unceasing hand 106 Rolls round the seasons of the changeful year, How mighty, how majestic, are thy works! With what a pleasing dread they swell the soul! That sees astonish'd! and astonish'd sings! 110 Ye too, ye winds! that now begin to blow, With boisterous sweep, I raise my voice to you. Where are your stores, ye powerful beings! say, Where your aerial magazines reserv'd, To swell the brooding terrors of the storm! 115 In what far-distant region of the sky, Hush'd in deep silence, sleep ye when 'tis calm?

When from the pallid sky the sun descends,
With many a spot, that o'er his glaring orb
Uncertain wanders, stain'd; red siery streaks
Begin to stash around. The reeling clouds
Stagger with dizzy poise, as doubting yet
Which master to obey: while rising slow,
Blank, in the leaden-colour'd east, the moon
Wears a wan circle round her blunted horns.

Seen thro' the turbid sluctuating air,
The stars obtuse emit a shivered ray;
Or frequent seem to shoot athwart the gloom,
And long behind them trail the whitening blaze.

And on the flood the dancing feather floats.

With broadened nostrils to the sky up-turn'd,

The conscious heifer snuffs the stormy gale.

Even as the matron, at her nightly task,

With pensive labour draws the flaxen thread,

135

150

155

The wasted taper and the crackling stame

Foretel the blaft. But chief the plumy race,

The tenants of the sky, its changes speak.

Retiring from the downs, where all day long

They pick'd their fcanty fare, a blackening train,

Of clamorous rooks thick urge their weary flight,

And feek the closing shelter of the grove;

Assiduous, in his bower, the wailing owl

Plies his fad fong. The cormorant on high

Wheels from the deep, and fcreams along the land. 145

Loud shrieks the soaring heron; and with wild wing

The circling fea-fowl cleave the flaky clouds-

Ocean, unequal press'd, with broken tide

And blind commotion heaves; while from the shore,

Bat into caverns by the restless wave.

And forest-russing mountain, comes a voice,

That folemn-founding bids the world prepare,

Then issues forth the storm with sudden burst,

And hurls the whole precipitated air

Down, in a torrent. On the passive main

Descends th' ethereal force, and with strong gust

Turns from its bottom the discolour'd deep.

Thro' the black night that fits immense around,

WINTER.

177

Lash'd into foam, the sierce-conflicting brine Seems o'er a thousand raging waves to burn : 160 Meantime the mountain-billows to the clouds In dreadful tumult fwell'd, furge above furge, Burst into chaos with tremendous roar, And anchor'd navies from their stations drive, Wild as the winds across the howling waste 165 Of mighty waters: now th' inflated wave Straining they scale, and now impetuous shoot Into the fecret chambers of the deep, The wintery Baltic thundering o'er their head. Emerging thence again, before the breath 170 Of full-exerted heaven they wing their course, And dart on distant coasts; if some sharp rock, Or shoal insidious break not their career, And in loofe fragments fling them floating round.

Nor lefs at land the loofen'd tempest reigns.

The mountain thunders; and its sturdy sons
Stoop to the bottom of the rocks they shade.

Lone on the midnight steep, and all aghast,
The dark way-faring stranger breathless toils,
And, often falling, climbs against the blast.

Low waves the rooted forest, vex'd, and sheds
What of its tarnish'd honours yet remain;
Dash'd down, and scatter'd, by the tearing wind's
Assiduous sury, its gigantic limbs.
Thus struggling thro' the dissipated grove,
The whirling tempest raves along the plain;

N

And on the cottage thatch'd, or lordly roof,
Keen-fastening, shakes them to the solid base.
Sleep frighted slies; and round the rocking dome,
For entrance eager, howls the savage blast.

Then too, they say, thro' all the burden'd air,
Long groans are heard, shrill sounds, and distant sighs,
That, utter'd by the demon of the night,
Warn the devoted wretch of woe and death,

HUGE uproar lords it wide. The clouds commixt
With stars swift gliding sweep along the sky.

All Nature reels. Till Nature's King, who oft
Amid tempestuous darkness dwells alone,
And on the wings of the careering wind
Walks dreadfully serene, commands a calm;

200
Then straight air, sea, and earth, are hush'd at once.

As yet 'tis midnight deep. The weary clouds, Slow-meeting, mingle into folid gloom.

Now, while the drowfy world lies lost in sleep,

Let me associate with the serious Night, 205

And Contemplation her sedate compeer;

Let me shake off th' intrusive cares of day,

And lay the meddling senses all aside.

WHERE now, ye lying vanities of life!
Ye ever-tempting, ever-cheating train!
Where are you now? and what is your amount?
Vexation, disappointment, and remorfe.

WINTER.

179

Sad, fickening thought! and yet deluded Man,
A fcene of crude disjointed visions past,
And broken slumbers, rises still resolv'd,
With new-flush'd hopes, to run the giddy round.

FATHER of light and life! thou GOOD SUPREME!

O, teach me what is good! teach me THYSELF!

Save me from folly, vanity, and vice,

From every low pursuit! and feed my foul

220

With knowledge, conscious peace, and virtue pure;

Sacred, substantial, never-fading bliss!

THE keener tempelts rife: and fuming dun From all the livid east, or piercing north, Thick clouds afcend; in whose capacious womb A vapoury deluge lies, to fnow congeal'd. Heavy they roll their fleecy world along; And the sky faddens with the gather'd storm. Thro' the hush'd air the whitening shower descends, At first thin wavering; till at last the flakes Fall broad, and wide, and fast, dimming the day, With a continual flow. The cherish'd fields Put on their winter-robe of purest white. 'Tis brightness all; fave where the new snow melts Along the mazy current. Low, the woods Bow their hoar head; and, ere the languid fun, Faint from the west, emits his evening ray, Earth's univerfal face, deep hid, and chill, Is one wide dazzling waste, that buries wide

The works of Man. Drooping, the labourer-ox 240 Stands cover'd o'er with fnow, and then demands The fruit of all his toil, The fowls of heaven, Tam'd by the cruel feafon, croud around The winnowing flore, and claim the little boon Which Providence assigns them. One alone, The red-breast, facred to the houshold gods, Wifely regardful of th' embroiling fky, In joyless fields, and thorny thickets, leaves His shivering mates, and pays to trusted Man His annual visit. Half afraid, he sirst 250 Against the window beats; then, brisk, alights On the warm hearth; then hopping o'er the floor, Eyes all the fmiling family askance, And pecks, and starts, and wonders where he is: Till more familiar grown, the table crumbs 255 Attract his slender feet. The foodless wilds Pour forth their brown inhabitants. The hare, Tho' timorous of heart, and hard befet By death in various forms, dark fnares, and dogs, And more unpitying Men, the garden feeks, 260 Urg'd on by fearless want. The bleating kind Eye the bleak heaven, and next the gliftening earth, With looks of dumb despair; then, sad dispers'd, Dig for the wither'd herb thro' heaps of fnow.

Now, shepherds, to your helpless charge be kind, Bassle the raging year, and fill their penns 266 With food at will; lodge them below the storm, And watch them strict: for from the bellowing east,
In this dire season, oft the whirlwind's wing
Sweeps up the burden of whole wintry plains
At one wide wast, and o'er the hapless slocks,
Hid in the hollow of two neighbouring hills,
The billowy tempest whelms; till, upward urg'd,
The valley to a shining mountain swells,
Tipt with a wreath high curling in the sky.

275

As thus the snows arise; and foul, and fierce, All Winter drives along the darken'd air; In his own loofe revolving fields, the fwain Difaster'd stands; sees other hills ascend, Of unknown joyless brow; and other scenes, 280 Of horrid prospect, shag the trackless plain: Nor finds the river, nor the forest, hid Beneath the formless wild; but wanders on From hill to dale, still more and more astray; Impatient flouncing thro' the drifted heaps, 285 Stung with the thoughts of home; the thoughts of home Rush on his nerves, and call their vigour forth In many a vain attempt. How finks his foul! What black despair, what horror, fills his heart! When for the dusky spot, which fancy feign'd 290 His tufted cottage rifing thro' the fnow, He meets the roughness of the middle waste, Far from the track, and bleft abode of Man; While round him night refistless closes fast, And every tempest, howling o'er his head, 295

Renders the favage wilderness more wild. Then throng the bufy shapes into his mind, Of cover'd pits, unfathomably deep, A dire descent! beyond the power of frost, Of faithless bogs; of precipices huge, 300 Smooth'd up with fnow; and, what is land, unknown, What water of the still unfrozen spring, In the loofe marsh or solitary lake, Where the fresh fountain from the bottom boils. These check his fearful steps; and down he finks 305 Beneath the shelter of the shapeless drift, Thinking o'er all the bitterness of death, Mix'd with the tender anguish Nature shoots Thro' the wrung bosom of the dying Man, His wife, his children, and his friends unfeen. 310 In vain for him th' officious wife prepares The fire fair-blazing, and the vestment warm; In vain his little children, peeping out Into the mingling storm, demand their fire, With tears of artless innocence. Alas! 315 Nor wife, nor children, more shall he behold, Nor friends, nor facred home. On every nerve The deadly Winter feizes; shuts up sense; And, o'er his inmost vitals creeping cold, Lays him along the fnows, a stiffen'd corfe, Stretch'd out, and bleaching in the northern blaft.

AH little think the gay licentious proud, Whom pleasure, power, and affluence surround;

WINTER. 183 They, who their thoughtless hours in giddy mirth, And wanton, often cruel, riot waste; 325 Ah little think they, while they dance along, How many feel, this very moment, death, And all the fad variety of pain, How many fink in the devouring flood, Or more devouring flame. How many bleed, 330 By shameful variance betwixt Man and Man. How many pine in want, and dungeon glooms; Shut from the common air, and common use Of their own limbs. How many drink the cup Of baleful grief, or eat the bitter bread 335 Of misery. Sore pierc'd by wintery winds, How many shrink into the fordid hut Of cheerless poverty. How many wake With all the fiercer tortures of the mind, Unbounded passion, madness, guilt, remorfe; Whence tumbled headlong from the height of life, They furnish matter for the Tragic Muse. Ey'n in the vale, where wisdom loves to dwell, With friendship, peace, and contemplation join'd, How many, rack'd with honest passions, droop 349 In deep retir'd distress. How many stand Around the death-bed of their dearest friends, And point the parting anguish. Thought fond Man Of these, and all the thousand nameless ills, That one incessant struggle render life, 350 One scene of toil, of suffering, and of fate,

Vice in his high career would stand appall'd,

And here can I forget the generous * band, Who, touch'd with human woe, redressive search'd Into the horrors of the gloomy jail? 361 Unpitied, and unheard, where mifery moans; Where fickness pines; where thirst and hunger burn, And poor misfortune feels the lash of vice. While in the land of liberty, the land 365 Whose every street and public meeting glow With open freedom, little tyrants rag'd; Snatch'd the lean morfel from the starving mouth; Tore from cold wintery limbs the tatter'd weed; Even robb'd them of the last of comforts, sleep; 370 The free-born BRITON to the dungeon chain'd, Or, as the lust of cruelty prevail'd, At pleasure mark'd him with inglorious stripes; And crush'd out lives, by secret barbarous ways, That for their country would have toil'd or bled. 375 O, great design! if executed well, With patient care, and wisdom-temper'd zeal. Ye fons of mercy! yet refume the fearch;

^{*} The Jail Committee, in the year +729.

Drag forth the legal monsters into light,
Wrench from their hands Oppression's iron rod, 380
And bid the cruel feel the pains they give.
Much still untouch'd remains; in this rank age,
Much is the patriot's weeding hand requir'd.
The toils of law, (what dark insidious Men
Have cumbrous added to perplex the truth, 385
And lengthen simple justice into trade)
How glorious were the day! that saw these broke,
And every man within the reach of right.

By wintery famine rous'd from all the track Of horrid mountains which the shining Alps, 390 And wavy Appenine, and Pyrenees, Branch out stupendous into distant lands; Cruel as death, and hungry as the grave; Burning for blood! bony, and ghaunt, and grim! Affembling wolves in raging troops descend; 395 And, pouring o'er the country, bear along, Keen as the north-wind fweeps the gloffy fnow. All is their prize. They fasten on the steed, Press him to earth, and pierce his mighty heart. Nor can the bull his awful front defend, 400 Or shake the murdering savages away. Rapacious, at the mother's throat they fly, And tear the screaming infant from her breaft. The god-like face of Man avails him nought. Even beauty, force divine! at whose bright glance 405 The generous lion stands in soften'd gaze,

186 WINTER.

Here bleeds, a haples undistinguish'd prey.
But if, appriz'd of the severe attack,
The country be shut up, lur'd by the scent,
On church-yards drear (inhuman to relate!)
The disappointed prowlers fall, and dig.
The shrouded body from the grave; o'er which,
Mix'd with foul shades, and frighted ghosts, they howl.

Among those hilly regions, where embrac'd
In peaceful vales the happy Grisons dwell;
Oft, rushing sudden from the loaded cliffs,
Mountains of snow their gathering torrents roll.
From steep to steep, loud thundering down they come,
A wintery waste in dire commotion all;
And herds, and slocks, and travellers, and swains, 420
And sometimes whole brigades of marching troops,
Or hamlets sleeping in the dead of night,
Are deep beneath the smothering ruin whelm'd.

Now, all amid the rigours of the year.

In the wild depth of Winter, while without
The ceaseless winds blow ice, be my retreat,
Between the groaning forest and the shore
Beat by the boundless multitude of waves,
A rural, shelter'd, solitary scene;
Where ruddy fire and beaming tapers join,
To cheer the gloom. There studious let me sit,
And hold high converse with the MIGHTY DEAD;
Sages of ancient time, as gods rever'd,

WINTER. 187 As gods beneficent, who bleft mankind With arts, and arms, and humaniz'd a world. 435 Rous'd at th' inspiring thought, I throw aside The long-liv'd volume; and, deep musing, hail The facred shades, that flowly-rising pass Before my wondering eyes. First SOCRATES, Who, firmly good in a corrupted state, 440 Against the rage of tyrants fingle stood, Invincible! calm Reafon's holy law, That Voice of Gop within th' attentive mind, Obeying, fearless, or in life, or death: Great moral teacher! wisest of mankind! 445 Solon the next, who built his common-weal On Equity's wide base; by tender laws A lively people curbing, yet undamp'd, Preserving still that quick peculiar fire, Whence in the laurel'd field of finer arts, 450 And of bold freedom, they unequal'd shone, The pride of smiling GREECE, and human-kind. Lycurgus then, who bow'd beneath the force Of strictest discipline, severely wife, All human passions. Following him, I see, 455 As at Thermopyla he glorious fell, The firm * DEVOTED CHIEF, who prov'd by deeds The hardest lesson which the other taught. Then ARISTIDES lifts his honest front; Spotless of heart, to whom th' unflattering voice 460

· Leonidas.

Of freedom gave the noblest name of Just; In pure majestic poverty rever'd; Who, even his glory to his country's weal Submitting, fwell'd a haughty * Rival's fame. Rear'd by his care, of fofter ray appears 465 CIMON, fweet-foul'd; whose genius, rising strong, Shook off the load of young debauch; abroad, The scourge of Persian pride, at home, the friend Of every worth and every splendid art; Modest and simple, in the pomp of wealth. 470 Then the last worthies of declining GREECE, Late call'd to glory, in unequal times, Pensive, appear. The fair Corinthian boast, TIMOLEON, happy temper ! mild, and firm, Who wept the brother, while the tyrant bled. 475 And, equal to the best, the + THEBAN PAIR, Whose virtues, in heroic concord join'd, Their country rais'd to freedom, empire, fame. He too, with whom Athenian honour funk. And left a mass of fordid lees behind. 480 PHOCION the Good; in public life fevere, To virtue still inexorably firm; But when, beneath his low illustrious roof, Sweet peace and happy wisdom smooth'd his brow, Not friendship softer was, nor love more kind. 485

^{*} Themistocles.

[†] Pelopidas and Epaminondas,

And he, the last of old Lycurgus' fons,
The generous victim to that vain attempt,
To save a rotten state, Agis, who saw
Ev'n Sparta's self to servile avarice sunk.
The two Achaian heroes close the train,
Aratus, who a while relum'd the soul
Of fondly lingering liberty in Greece:
And he her darling as her latest hope,
The gallant Philopoemen; who to arms
Turn'd the luxurious pomp he could not cure;
Or, toiling in his farm, a simple swain;
Or, bold and skilful, thundering in the sield.

Or rougher front, a mighty people come! A race of heroes! in those virtuous times Which knew no stain, fave that with partial flame 500 Their dearest country they too fondly lov'd: Her better founder first, the light of ROME, NUMA, who foften'd her rapacious fons: SERVIUS the King, who laid the folid base On which o'er earth the vast republic spread. 505 Then the great confuls venerable rife. The * Public Father who the private quell'd, As on the dread tribunal sternly fad. He, whom his thankless country could not lose, CAMILLUS, only vengeful to her foes. 510 FABRICIUS, scorner of all-conquering gold:

^{*} Marcus Junius Brutus,

190 WINTER.

And CINCINNATUS, awful from the plough. Thy * WILLING VICTIM, Carthage, bursting loofe From all that pleading Nature could oppose, From a whole city's tears, by rigid faith 515 Imperious call'd, and honour's dire command. Scipio, the gentle chief, humanely brave, Who foon the race of spotless glory ran, And, warm in youth, to the poetic shade With Friendship and Philosophy retir'd. 520 Tully, whose powerful eloquence a while Restrain'd the rapid fate of rushing ROME. Unconquer'd CATO, virtuous in extreme. And thou, unhappy BRUTUS, kind of heart, Whose steady arm, by aweful virtue urg'd, 525 Lifted the Roman steel against thy Friend. Thousands besides the tribute of a verse Demand: but who can count the stars of heaven? Who fing their influence on this lower world?

BEHOLD, who yonder comes! in fober state, 530
Fair, mild, and strong, as is a vernal sun:
'Tis Phabus self, or else the Mantuan Swain!
Great Homer too appears, of daring wing,
Parent of song! and equal by his side,
The British Muse; join'd hand in hand they walk,
Darkling, full up the middle steep to same.

536
Nor absent are those shades, whose skilful touch

Pathetic drew th' impassion'd heart, and charm'd Transported Athens with the MORAL SCENE: Nor those who, tuneful, wak'd th' enchanting LYRE.

FIRST of your kind! fociety divine! 541 Still visit thus my nights, for you reserv'd, And mount my foaring foul to thoughts like yours. Silence, thou lonely power ! the door be thine; See on the hallow'd hour that none intrude, 545 Save a few chosen friends, who fometimes deign To bless my humble roof, with sense refin'd, Learning digested well, exalted faith, Unstudy'd wit, and humour ever gay. Or from the Muses' hill will Pope descend, 550 To raife the facred hour, to bid it fmile, And with the focial spirit warm the heart? For tho' not sweeter his own Homer sings, Yet is his life the more endearing fong.

Where art thou, Hammond? thou the darling pride,
The friend and lover of the tuneful throng! 556
Ah, why, dear youth, in all the blooming prime
Of vernal genius, where disclosing fast
Each active worth, each manly virtue lay,
Why wert thou ravish'd from our hope so soon? 560
What now avails that noble thirst of fame,
Which stung thy fervent breast? that treasur'd store
Of knowledge, early gain'd? that eager zeal
To serve thy country, glowing in the band

Of YOUTHFUL PATRIOTS, who fustain her name?
What now, alas! that life-diffusing charm
566
Of sprightly wit? that rapture for the Muse,
That heart of friendship, and that soul of joy,
Which bade with softest light thy virtues smile?
Ah! only shew'd, to check our fond pursuits,
And teach our humbled hopes that life is vain!

Thus in some deep retirement would I pass The winter-glooms, with friends of pliant foul, Or blithe, or folemn, as the theme inspir'd: With them would fearch, if Nature's boundless frame Was call'd, late-rising from the void of night, 576 Or fprung eternal from th' ETERNAL MIND; Its life, its laws, its progress, and its end. Hence larger prospects of the beauteous whole 580 Would, gradual, open on our opening minds; And each diffusive harmony unite In full perfection to th' astonish'd eye. Then would we try to fcan the moral world, Which, tho' to us it feems embroil'd, moves on In higher order; fitted, and impell'd, 585 By Wisdom's finest hand, and issuing all In general good. The fage historic Muse Should next conduct us thro' the deeps of time: Shew us how empire grew, declin'd, and fell, In scatter'd states; what makes the nations smile, 590 Improves their foil, and gives them double funs; And why they pine beneath the brightest skies,

WINTER.

193

620

In Nature's richest lap. As thus we talk'd, Our hearts would burn within us, would inhale That portion of divinity, that ray 595 Of purest heaven, which lights the public foul Of patriots, and of heroes. But if doom'd, In powerless humble fortune, to repress These ardent risings of the kindling foul; Then, ev'n fuperior to ambition, we 600 Would learn the private virtues; how to glide Thro' shades and plains, along the smoothest stream Of rural life: or fnatch'd away by hope, Thro' the dim spaces of futurity, With earnest eye anticipate those scenes 605 Of happiness, and wonder; where the mind, In endless growth and infinite ascent, Rifes from state to state, and world to world. But when with these the serious thought is foil'd, We, shifting for relief, would play the shapes 610 Of frolic fancy, and incessant form Those rapid pictures, that assembled train Of fleet ideas, never join'd before, Whence lively Wit excites to gay furprise; 615 Or folly-painting Humour, grave himself, Calls Laughter forth, deep-shaking every nerve.

MEANTIME the village rouses up the fire; While well attested, and as well believ'd, Heard solemn, goes the goblin-story round; Till superstitious horror creeps o'er all. Or, frequent in the founding hall, they wake. The rural gambol. Rustic mirth goes round; The simple joke that takes the shepherd's heart, Easily pleas'd; the long loud laugh, sincere; The kifs, snatch'd hasty from the side-long maid, 625. On purpose guardless, or pretending sleep: The leap, the slap, the haul; and, shook to notes Of native music, the respondent dance. Thus jocund sleets with them the winter-night.

THE city swarms intense. The public haunt, Full of each theme, and warm with mix'd discourse, Hums indistinct. The fons of riot flow Down the loofe stream of false inchanted 'oy, To swift destruction. On the rankled foul 635 The gaming fury falls; and in one gulf Of total ruin, honour, virtue, peace, Friends, families, and fortune headlong fink. Up-fprings the dance along the lighted dome, Mix'd, and evolv'd, a thousand sprightly ways. 640 The glittering court effuses every pomp; The circle deepens: beam'd from gaudy robes, Tapers, and sparkling gems, and radiant eyes, A foft effulgence o'er the palace waves; 644 While, a gay infect in bis fummer shine; The fop, light-fluttering, spreads his mealy wings.

DREAD o'er the scene, the ghost of Hamlet stalks;

And Belvidera pours her soul in love.

Terror alarms the breast; the comely tear

Steals o'er the cheek: or else the Comic Muse 650

Holds to the world a picture of itself,

And raises sly the fair impartial laugh.

Sometimes she lifts her strain, and paints the scenes

Of beauteous life; whate'er can deck mankind,

Or charm the heart, in generous * Bevil shew'd.

O Thou, whose wisdom, solid yet refin'd, 656 Whose patriot-virtues, and consummate skill To touch the finer springs that move the world, Join'd to whate'er the Graces can bestow, 660 And all Apollo's animating fire, Give thee, with pleasing dignity, to shine At once the guardian, ornament, and joy, Of polish'd life; permit the Rural Muse, O CHESTERFIELD, to grace with thee her fong ! Ere to the shades again she humbly slies, 665 Indulge her fond ambition, in thy train, (For every Muse has in thy train a place) To mark thy various full-accomplish'd mind: To mark that spirit, which, with British scorn, Rejects th' allurements of corrupted power; 670 That elegant politeness, which excels, Ev'n in the judgment of presumptuous France, The boafted manners of her shining court; That wit, the vivid energy of fense,

A character in the Conscious Lovers, written by Sir Richard

196 W I N T E R.

The truth of Nature, which, with Attic point, 675 And kind well-temper'd fatire, fmoothly keen, Steals thro' the foul, and without pain corrects. Or, rifing thence with yet a brighter flame, O, let me hail thee on fome glorious day, 680 When to the listening senate, ardent, croud BRITANNIA's fons to hear her pleaded cause. Then dress'd by thee, more amiably fair, Truth the foft robe of mild perfuasion wears: Thou to affenting reason giv'st again Her own enlighten'd thoughts; call'd from the heart, Th' obedient passions on thy voice attend; 686 And ev'n reluctant party feels a while Thy gracious power: as thro' the varied maze Of eloquence, now fmooth, now quick, now strong, Profound and clear, you roll the copious flood. 690

To thy lov'd haunt return, my happy Muse:
For now, behold the joyous winter-days,
Frosty, succeed; and thro' the blue serene,
For sight too sine, th' ethereal nitre slies;
Killing insectious damps, and the spent air
Storing afresh with elemental life.
Close crouds the shining atmosphere; and binds
Our strengthen'd bodies in its cold embrace,
Constringent; feeds, and animates our blood;
Refines our spirits, thro' the new-strung nerves,
In swifter sallies darting to the brain;
Where sits the soul, intense, collected, cool,

WINTE R. 197 Bright as the skies, and as the season keen. All nature feels the renovating force Of Winter, only to the thoughtless eye 705 In ruin feen. The frost-concocted glebe Draws in abundant vegetable foul, And gathers vigour for the coming year. A stronger glow sits on the lively cheek Of ruddy fire: and luculent along 710 The purer rivers flow; their fullen deeps, Transparent, open to the shepherd's gaze, And murmur hoarfer at the fixing frost.

WHAT art thou, frost ? and whence are thy keen stores Deriv'd, thou fecret all-invading power, 715 Whom ev'n th' illusive fluid cannot fly? Is not thy potent energy, unfeen, Myriads of little falts, or hook'd, or fhap'd Like double wedges, and diffus'd immense Thro' water, earth, and æther? Hence at eve, 720 Steam'd eager from the red horizon round, With the fierce rage of Winter deep fuffus'd, An icy gale, oft shifting, o'er the pool Breathes a blue film, and in its mid career Arrests the bickering stream. The loofen'd ice, 725 Let down the flood, and half-diffolv'd by day, Rustles no more; but to the sedgy bank Fast grows, or gathers round the pointed stone, A crystal pavement, by the breath of heaven Cemented firm; till feiz'd from shore to shore, 730

198 WINTER.

The whole imprison'd river growls below. Loud rings the frozen earth, and hard reflects A double noife; while, at his evening watch, The village dog deters the nightly thief; The heifer lows; the diffant water fall 735 Swells in the breeze; and, with the halfy tread Of traveller, the hollow-founding plain Shakes from afar. The full ethereal round, Infinite worlds disclosing to the view, Shines out intenfely keen; and, all one cope 740 Of starry glitter, glows from pole to pole. From pole to pole the rigid influence falls, Thro' the still night, incessant, heavy, strong, And seizes Nature fast. It freezes on; Till morn, late-rifing o'er the drooping world, Lifts her pale eye unjoyous. Then appears The various labour of the filent night: Prone from the dripping cave, and dumb cascade, Whose idle torrents only feem to roar, The pendent icicle; the frost-work fair, 750 Where transient hues, and fancy'd figures rife; Wide-spouted o'er the hill, the frozen brook, A livid tract, cold-gleaming on the morn; The forest bent beneath the plumy wave; And by the frost refin'd the whiter snow 755 Incrusted hard, and founding to the tread Of early shepherd, as he pensive seeks His pining flock, or from the mountain top, Pleas'd with the flippery furface, fwift descends.

On blithsome frolics bent, the youthful swains, 760 While every work of Man is laid at rest, Fond o'er the river crowd, in various sport And revelry diffolv'd; where mixing glad, Happiest of all the train! the raptur'd boy Lashes the whirling top. Or, where the Rhine Branch'd out in many a long canal extends, From every province swarming, void of care, Batavia rushes forth; and as they sweep, On founding skates, a thousand different ways, In circling poife, fwift as the winds, along, 770 The then gay land is madden'd all to joy. Nor less the northern courts, wide o'er the snow, Pour a new pomp. Eager, on rapid fleds, Their vigorous youth in bold contention wheel The long-refounding courfe. Meantime, to raife 775 The manly strife, with highly blooming charms, Flush'd by the season, Scandinavia's dames, Or Russia's buxom daughters, glow around.

Pure, quick, and sportful, is the wholesome day;
But soon elaps'd. The horizontal sun, 780
Broad o'er the south, hangs at his utmost noon:
And, ineffectual, strikes the gelid cliss:
His azure gloss the mountain still maintains,
Nor seels the feeble touch. Perhaps the vale
Relents a while to the reslected ray; 785
Or from the forest falls the cluster'd snow,
Myriads of gems, that in the waving gleam

Gay-twinkle as they scatter. Thick around
Thunders the sport of those, who with the gun,
And dog impatient bounding at the shot,
Worse than the season, desolate the sields;
And, adding to the ruins of the year,
Distress the sooted or the seather'd game.

But what is this? Our infant Winter finks,
Divested of his grandeur, should our eye

795
Astonish'd shoot into the Frigid Zone;
Where, for relentless months, continual Night
Holds o'er the glittering waste her starry reign.

THERE, thro' the prison of unbounded wilds, Barr'd by the hand of Nature from escape, 800 Wide roams the Russian exile. Nought around Strikes his sad eye, but deserts lost in snow; And heavy-loaded groves; and folid floods, That stretch, athwart the folitary vast, Their icy horrors to the frozen main; 805 And chearless towns far-distant, never bles'd. Save when its annual course the caravan Bends to the golden coast of rich * Cathay, With news of human-kind. Yet there life glows; Yet cherish'd there, beneath the shining waste, The furry nations harbour: tipt with jet, Fair ermines, spotless as the snows they press;

^{*} The old name for China.

Sables of gloffy black; and dark embrown'd, Or beauteous freakt with many a mingled hue, Thousands besides, the costly pride of courts. 815 There, warm together press'd, the trooping deer Sleep on the new-fall'n fnows; and, scarce his head Rais'd o'er the heapy wreath, the branching elk Lies flumbering fullen in the white abyfs. The ruthlefs hunter wants nor dogs nor toils, 820 Nor with the dread of founding bows he drives The fearful flying race; with ponderous clubs, As weak against the mountain heaps they push Their beating breast in vain, and piteous bray, He lays them quivering on th' enfanguin'd fnows, 825 And with loud shouts rejoicing bears them home. There thro' the piny forest half-absorpt, Rough tenant of these shades, the shapeless bear, With dangling ice all horrid, stalks forlorn; Slow-pac'd, and fourer as the storms increase, 830 He makes his bed beneath th' inclement drift, And, with stern patience, scorning weak complaint, Hardens his heart against affailing want.

Wide o'er the spacious regions of the north,
That see Boötes urge his tardy wain,
A boisterous race, by frosty * Caurus pierc'd,
Who little pleasure know, and fear no pain,
Prolific swarm. They once relum'd the slame

The north-west wind.

Of lost mankind in polish'd slavery funk, Drove martial * horde on horde, with dreadful fweep Reliftless rushing o'er th' enfeebled fouth, 841 And gave the vanquish'd world another form. Not fuch the fons of Lapland: wifely they Despise th' insensate barbarous trade of war; They ask no more than simple Nature gives, 845 They love their mountains, and enjoy their forms. No false defires, no pride-created wants, Disturb the peaceful current of their time; And thro' the restless ever-tortur'd maze Of pleasure, or ambition, bid it rage. 850 Their rein-deer form their riches. These their tents, Their robes, their beds, and all their homely wealth Supply, their wholesome fare, and chearful cups. Obsequious at their call, the docile tribe Yield to the fled their necks, and whirl them fwift 855 O'er hill and dale, heap'd into one expanse Of marbled fnow, as far as eye can fweep With a blue crust of ice unbounded glaz'd. By dancing meteors then, that ceaseless shake A waving blaze refracted o'er the heavens, 860 And vivid moons, and stars that keener play With double lustre from the glosfy waste, Even in the depth of Polar Night, they find A wondrous day: enough to light the chace, Or guide their daring steps to Finland fairs. 865

The wandering Scythian Clans.

Wish'd Spring returns; and from the hazy fouth, While dim Aurora flowly moves before, The welcome fun, just verging up at first, By fmall degrees extends the fwelling curve! Till feen at large for gay rejoicing months, 870 Still round and round, his spiral course he winds, And as he nearly dips his flaming orb, Wheels up again, and reascends the sky. In that glad feafon, from the lakes and floods, Where pure * Niemi's fairy mountains rife, And fring'd with roses, + Tenglio rolls his stream, They draw the copious fry. With these, at eve, They, chearful-loaded, to their tents repair; Where, all day long in useful cares employed, Their kind unblemish'd wives the fire prepare. 880 Thrice happy race! by poverty fecur'd

M. de Maupertius, in his book on the figure of the Earth, after having described the beautiful Lake and Mountain of Niemi in Lapland, says, "From this height we had opportunity several times, to see those vapours rise from the lake, which the people of the country call Haltios, and which they deem to be the guardian spirits of the mountains. We had been frighted with stories of bears that haunted this place but saw none. It seemed rather a place of resort for Fairies and Genii, than bears,"

[†] The same author observes "I was surprised to see upon the banks of this river, (the Tenglio) roses of as lively a real as any that are in our gardens."

From legal plunder and rapacious power:
In whom fell interest never yet has sown
The seeds of vice: whose spotless swains ne'er knew
Injurious deed, nor, blasted by the breath
885
Of faithless love, their blooming daughters woe.

STILL pressing on, beyond Tornëa's lake, And Hecka flaming through a waste of snow, And farthest Greenland, to the pole itself, Where, failing gradual, life at length goes out, 890 The Muse expands her solitary slight; And, hovering o'er the wild stupendous scene, Beholds new feas beneath * another sky. Thron'd in his palace of cerulean ice, Here WINTER holds his unrejoicing court; 895 And thro' his airy hall the loud mifrule Of driving tempest is for ever heard: Here the grim tyrant meditates his wrath; Here arms his winds with all-fubduing frost: Moulds his fierce hail, and treasures up his snows, 900 With which he now oppresses half the globe.

THENCE winding eastward to the Tartar's coast,
She sweeps the howling margin of the main;
Where undissolving, from the first of time,
Snows swell on snows amazing to the sky;
And icy mountains high on mountains pil'd,

^{*} The other hemisphere,

Seem to the shivering failor from afar, Shapeless and white, an atmosphere of clouds. Projected huge, and horrid, o'er the furge, Alps frown on Alps; or rushing hideous down, As if old Chaos was again return'd, Wide-rend the deep, and shake the folid pole. Ocean itself no longer can resist The binding fury; but, in all its rage Of tempest taken by the boundless frost, 915. Is many a fathom to the bottom chain'd, And bid to roar no more: a bleak expanse, Shagg'd o'er with wavy rocks, chearless, and void Of every life, that from the dreary months Flies conscious southward. Miserable they! 920 Who, here intangled in the gathering ice, Take their last look of the descending sun; While, full of death, and fierce with tenfold frost, The long long night, incumbent o'er their heads, Falls horrible. Such was the * BRITON's fate, 925 As with first prow (what have not BRITONS dar'd!) He for the passage sought, attempted since So much in vain, and feeming to be shut By jealous Nature with eternal bars. In these fell regions, in Arzina caught, 930 And to the stony deep his idle ship Immediate feal'd, he with his hapless crew,

[•] Sir Hugh Willoughby, fent by Queen Elizabeth to discover the north-east passage.

Each full-exerted at his several task, Froze into statues; to the cordage glued The failor, and the pilot to the helm.

935

HARD by these shores, where scarce his freezing stream Rolls the wild Oby, live the last of Men; And half-enliven'd by the distant fun, That rears and ripens Man, as well as plants, Here Human Nature wears its rudest form. 940 Deep from the piercing feafon funk in caves, Here by dull fires, and with unjoyous cheer, They waste the tedious gloom. Immers'd in furs, Doze the gross race. Nor sprightly jest, nor song, Nor tenderness they know; nor aught of life, 945 Beyond the kindred bears that stalk without. Till morn at length, her roses drooping all, Sheds a long twilight brightening o'er their fields, And calls the quiver'd favage to the chace.

What cannot active government perform, 950
New-moulding Man? Wide-stretching from these shores,
A people savage from remotest time,
A huge neglected empire, one vast Mind,
By Heaven inspir'd, from Gothic darkness call'd.
Immortal Peter! first of monarchs! He 955
His stubborn country tam'd, her rocks, her sens,
Her sloods, her seas, her ill-submitting sons;
And while the sierce Barbarian he subdu'd,
To more exalted soul he rais'd the Mon.

WINTER.

.207

Ye shades of ancient heroes, ye who toil'd	96¢.
Thro' long successive ages to build up	
A labouring plan of state, behold at once	
The wonder done! behold the matchless prince!	
Who left his native throne, where reign'd till then	
A mighty shadow of unreal power;	965
Who greatly fpurn'd the flothful pomp of courts;	
And roaming, every land, in every port	
His fceptre laid aside, with glorious hand,	
Unwearied plying the mechanic tool,	
Gather'd the feeds of trade, of useful arts,	970
Of civil wifdom, and of martial skill.	
Charg'd with the stores of Europe, home he goes!	
Then cities rife amid th' illumin'd waste;	
O'er joyless deserts smiles the rural reign;	
Far-distant flood to flood is social join'd;	975
Th' astonish'd Euxine hears the Baltic roar;	
Proud navies ride on seas that never foam'd	
With daring keel before; and armies stretch	
Each way their dazzling files, repressing here	
The frantic Alexander of the north,	980
And awing there stern Othman's shrinking sons.	
Sloth flies the land, and Ignorance, and Vice,	
Of old dishonour proud: it glows around,	
Taught by the ROYAL HAND that rouz'd the whole	2
	985
For what his wisdom plann'd, and power enforc'd,	
More potent still, his great example shew'd.	

B

MUTTERING, the winds at eve, with blunted point, Blow hollow-bluftering from the fouth. Subdued, The frost refolves into a trickling thaw. 990 Spotted the mountains shine; loose sleet descends, And floods the country round. The rivers swell, Of bonds impatient. Sudden from the hills, O'er rocks and woods, in broad brown cataracts. A thousand snow-fed torrents shoot at once : 995 And, where they rush, the wide-resounding plain Is left one flimy waste. Those fullen seas, That wash'd th' ungenial pole, will rest no more Beneath the shackles of the mighty north; But, roufing all their waves, reliftless heave. 1000 And hark! the lengthening roar continuous runs Athwart the rifted deep: at once it bursts, And piles a thousand mountains to the clouds. Ill fares the bark with trembling wretches charg'd, That, tost amid the floating fragments, moors Beneath the shelter of an icy isle, While night o'erwhelms the fea, and horror looks More horrible. Can human force endure Th' affembled mischiefs that besiege them round? Heart-gnawing hunger, fainting wearinefs, 1010 The roar of winds and waves, the crush of ice, Now ceasing, now renew'd with louder rage, And in dire echoes bellowing round the main. More to embroil the deep, Leviathan And his unwieldy train, in dreadful sport, 1015 Tempest the loosen'd brine, while thro' the gloom,

Far from the bleak inhospitable shore,

Loading the winds, is heard the hungry howl

Of famish'd monsters, there awaiting wrecks.

Yet Providence, that ever-waking eye,

Looks down with pity on the feeble toil

Of mortals lost to hope, and lights them safe,

Through all this dreary labyrinth of sate.

'Tis done! dread Winter spreads his latest glooms, And reigns tremendous o'er the conquer'd year. 1025 How dead the vegetable kingdom lies! How dumb the tuneful! Horror wide extends His desolate domain. Behold, fond man! See here thy pictur'd life; pass some few years, 1029 Thy flowering Spring, thy Summer's ardent strength; Thy fober Autumn fading into age, And pale concluding Winter comes at last, And shuts the scene. Ah! whither now are fled. Those dreams of greatness? those unfolid hopes Of happiness? those longings after fame? Those restless cares? those busy bustling days? Those gay-spent, festive nights? those veering thoughts, Lost between good and ill, that shar'd thy life? All now are vanish'd! Virtue sole survives, Immortal, never-failing friend of man, 1040 His guide to happiness on high. And see! 'Tis come, the glorious morn! the fecond birth Of heaven and earth! awakening Nature hears The new-creating word, and starts to life,

In every heighten'd form, from pain and death 1045 For ever free. The great eternal scheme, Involving all, and in a perfect whole Uniting, as the prospect wider spreads, To reason's eye refin'd clears up apace. Ye vainly wife! ye blind prefumptuous! now, 1050 Confounded in the dust, adore that Power, And Wisdom oft arraign'd: see now the cause, Why unaffuming worth in fecret liv'd, And dy'd, neglected: why the good man's share In life was gall and bitterness of foul: 1055 Why the lone widow and her orphans pin'd In starving folitude; while luxury, In palaces, lay straining her low thought, To form unreal wants: why heaven-born Truth, 1060 And Moderation fair, wore the red marks Of Superstition's scourge: why licens'd Pain, That cruel spoiler, that embosom'd foe, Imbitter'd all our blifs. Ye good diftrefs'd! Ye noble few! who here unbending stand Beneath life's pressure, yet bear up a while, 1065 And what your bounded view, which only faw A little part, deem'd Evil, is no more: The storms of WINTRY TIME will quickly pass, And one unbounded Spring incircle all.

> 10 JA 67 F I N I S.